The original instrument and the following digest, which constitutes no part of the legislative instrument, were prepared by LG Sullivan.

**DIGEST**

SB 434 Engrossed 2022 Regular Session Fields

Present law governs the payment of benefits to retirees of the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (Teachers') including retirees who return to work in positions covered by the retirement system. Present law generally requires payment of a retiree's benefit to be suspended for the duration of reemployment with some exceptions. Requires suspension of benefit without exception for any reemployment within the first 12 months of retirement. Requires payment of employer and employee contributions during reemployment. Provides for refund of employee contributions without interest after the reemployment ends.

Proposed law retains present law.

One present law exception (commonly referred to as "critical shortage") allows the receipt of retirement benefits without suspension for the duration of reemployment if all of the following apply to the retiree:

1. He retired on or before June 30, 2010, OR retired after that date and returned to a Teachers'-covered position on or before June 30, 2020.
2. He is employed to fill a position certified as a critical shortage position.
3. He is certified to teach in the critical shortage area.

Present law, applicable to anyone who retired after June 30, 2010, and who first returned to work in a Teachers'-covered position after June 30, 2020, does not contain a critical shortage provision.

Present critical shortage law requires the employer to meet certain advertising and posting requirements before certifying the existence of a critical shortage. Requires the employer to advertise twice in the locality's official journal and to post notice at each post-secondary institution within a 120-mile radius of the employer's governing authority.

Proposed law generally retains present law. Proposed law additionally:

1. Applies present critical shortage law to any certified retiree, not just to one certified in the critical shortage area.
2. Allows anyone who retired before July 1, 2020, to be rehired under present law.
3. Until July 1, 2025, allows the employer to fulfill the advertising and posting requirements of present law by (a) posting notice each semester at the specified post-secondary institutions
and advertising monthly in the official journal that the employer is soliciting applications for future employment of certified teachers and (b) prominently displaying a list of positions that are unfilled or that are filled by reemployed retirees on specified websites.

(4) Until July 1, 2025, allows an employer to hire a retiree certified in math, science, English language arts, or special ed excluding gifted and talented to fill a position in the certified area without complying with the advertising and posting requirements in present law.

(5) Requires the Dept. of Education to determine whether non-Teachers' schools are having the same critical shortage issues, to find the reasons for the shortages and for any disparity if those non-Teachers' schools are not having shortages, and to propose policy changes that will reduce or eliminate the shortages. Requires a report of findings and proposals by Jan. 20, 2023.

Effective upon signature of the governor or lapse of time for gubernatorial action.

(Amends R.S. 11:710(F)(1) and (G) and 710.1(A)(intro para); adds R.S. 11:710(H) and 710.1(F))

Summary of Amendments Adopted by Senate

Committee Amendments Proposed by Senate Committee on Retirement to the original bill

1. Make technical changes.

2. Until July 1, 2025, allow the employer to fulfill the advertising and posting requirements of present law by (a) posting notice each semester at the specified post-secondary institutions and advertising monthly in the official journal that the employer is soliciting applications for future employment of certified teachers and (b) prominently displaying a list of positions that are unfilled or that are filled by reemployed retirees on specified websites.