2022 Regular Session

ACT No. 583

HOUSE BILL NO. 1062 (Substitute for House Bill No. 597 Representative Freeman)

BY REPRESENTATIVES FREEMAN, BEAULLIEU, COUSSAN, DUPLESSIS, EDMONSTON, EMERSON, FRIEMAN, GLOVER, HARRIS, HORTON, JEFFERSON, JENKINS, TRAVIS JOHNSON, LAFLEUR, LARVADAIN, LYONS, GREGORY MILLER, NEWELL, CHARLES OWEN, PIERRE, SCHAMERHORN, AND SEABAUGH

AN ACT

To amend and reenact R.S. 37:43 and to enact R.S. 49:953(C)(3) and 963(F) and (G), relative to occupational licensing; to allow an interested person to request review of a regulation issued by an occupational licensing board; to provide definitions; to allow for petition; to provide for procedure; to provide for judicial review; and to provide for related matters.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:

Section 1. R.S. 37:43 is hereby amended and reenacted to read as follows:

§43. Definitions

For purposes of this Chapter, the following words have the meaning herein ascribed to them, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

(1) "Active market participant" means an individual or entity that is any of the following:

(a) Licensed by an occupational licensing board.

(b) A provider of any service subject to the regulatory authority of an occupational licensing board.

(c) Subject to the jurisdiction of an occupational licensing board.

(2) "Active supervision" includes but is not limited to the Occupational Licensing Review Commission's responsibilities to do all of the following:

CODING: Words in struck through type are deletions from existing law; words underscored are additions.
(a) Review the substance of an occupational regulation proposed by any occupational licensing board.

(b) Approve or disapprove with suggested amendments, or allow an occupational licensing board to withdraw for revision an occupational regulation to ensure compliance with state policy.

(3) "Commission" means the Occupational Licensing Review Commission as provided for in R.S. 37:45.

(4) "Fiduciary" has the same meaning as that term is defined in R.S. 9:3801.

(5) "Least restrictive regulation" means, from least to most restrictive, all of the following:

(a) Market competition.

(b) Third-party or consumer-created ratings and reviews.

(c) Specific private civil cause of action to remedy consumer harm as provided in the Unfair Trade Practices and Consumer Protection Law, R.S. 51:1401 et seq.

(d) Regulation of the process of providing the specific goods or services to consumers.

(e) Inspection.

(f) Bonding or insurance.

(g) Registration.

(h) Occupational license.

(5)(6) "Occupational license" means a nontransferable authorization granted by an occupational licensing board for an individual or entity meeting certain qualifications or personal qualifications, as that term is defined in Paragraph (1) of this Section, in order to fulfill a legitimate fiduciary, public health, safety, or welfare objective. In an occupation for which a license is required, it is unlawful for an individual or entity that does not possess a valid occupational license to perform the occupation for compensation.
"Occupational licensing board" means any state executive branch board, commission, department, or other agency that is all of the following:

(a) Regulates the entry of persons into, or regulating the conduct of persons within, a particular profession or occupation.

(b) Authorized to issue and revoke occupational licenses or registrations.

(c) Controlled by active market participants.

"Occupational regulation" means a rule, regulation, restraint, practice, or policy allowing an individual to use an occupational title or work in a lawful occupation, including but not limited to registrations and occupational licenses in order to fulfill a legitimate fiduciary, public health, safety, or welfare objective or a financial, tax, or accounting objective. "Occupational regulation" excludes any license, permit, or regulation established by a parish or municipality.

"Personal qualifications" means the criteria related to an individual's personal background and characteristics, including completion of an approved educational program, satisfactory performance on an examination or other assessment, work experience, other evidence of attainment of requisite skills or knowledge, moral standing, criminal history, and completion of continuing education.

"Qualifications" means the criteria related to an entity's background and characteristics, including but not limited to the personal qualifications of certain persons associated with the entity, including but not limited to that or those of an individual's personal background and characteristics, including completion of an approved educational program, satisfactory performance on an examination or assessment, work experience, other evidence of attainment of requisite skills or knowledge, moral standing, criminal history, and completion of continuing education.

"Registration" means a requirement to give notice to the state that may include the individual's or entity's name and address, the individual's or entity's agent for service of process, the location of the activity to be performed, and a description...
of the service the individual or entity provides. “Registration” does not include
qualifications or personal qualifications but may require a bond or insurance. Upon
the state’s receipt of notice, the individual or entity may use “registered” as a
designated title. “Registration” is not transferable.

(11) “State policy” means the policy described in R.S. 37:44.

Section 2. R.S. 49:953(C)(3) and 963(F) and (G) are hereby enacted to read as
follows:

§953. Procedure for adoption of rules; agency rule review

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C.

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(3) Any interested person may request review of an occupational regulation
by submitting a petition to the occupational licensing board that issued the
regulation. An occupational licensing board shall review a regulation provided for
in the petition for full compliance with the least restrictive regulation as set forth in
R.S. 37:43 or R.S. 49:260, as applicable.

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§963. Judicial review of validity or applicability of rules

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F. With respect to the challenge of an occupational regulation, the plaintiff
shall prevail if the court finds by a preponderance of evidence that the challenged
occupational regulation on its face or in its effect burdens entry into a profession,
trade, or occupation, and that an agency has failed to prove by a preponderance of
evidence that the challenged occupational regulation is demonstrated to be necessary
and narrowly tailored to fulfill legitimate fiduciary, public health, safety, or welfare
objectives. Upon a finding for the plaintiff, the court shall enjoin further enforcement
of the challenged occupational regulation and shall award reasonable attorney fees
and costs to the plaintiff, except in the case of a challenged occupational regulation
promulgated by an occupational licensing board that participates in the Department

G. The provisions of this Chapter shall not apply to administrative rules
promulgated pursuant to the Human Life Protection Act, R.S. 40:1061 et seq.

SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE

GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF LOUISIANA

APPROVED: ____________________