

RÉSUMÉ DIGEST

ACT 883 (HB 1195)

2026 Regular Session

Wyble

Existing law allows the La. State Athletic Commission (commission) to make rules and regulations governing all boxing, mixed technique events, and wrestling contests or exhibitions under its jurisdiction.

Existing law also allows the commission to regulate the sale of tickets, promoters, and contestants and their managers of these contests or exhibitions.

Existing law allows the commission to regulate in situations where there are no rules or regulations in place as long as the commission is consistent with justice and such regulation is in the best interests of the regulated sport.

New law retains existing law.

Existing law requires the commission to furnish a copy of the pertinent rules and regulations to the contestants or their managers for contests or exhibitions within the commission's jurisdiction.

New law retains existing law.

Existing law prohibits any contest or exhibition to be conducted, held, or given except those provided for in existing law (R.S. 4:61 et seq.) and those that are subject to the rules and regulations of the commission.

New law adds the inclusion of any official rules for sports not specifically mentioned in existing law (R.S. 4:61 et seq.) that require commission approval or sanctioning.

Prior law prohibited a boxing contest or exhibition from exceeding twenty rounds.

New law instead prohibits such a contest or exhibition from exceeding twelve rounds.

Prior law provided for the fining of persons licensed by the commission a maximum of \$1,000 for cause and after a hearing.

New law instead provides for fining persons licensed by the commission a maximum of \$5,000 for cause and after a hearing.

Existing law provides a fine for persons conducting a contest or exhibition without complying with the provisions of existing law (R.S. 4:61 et seq.).

New law retains existing law.

Prior law provided that the aforementioned fine shall not exceed \$500.

New law increases the fine from \$500 to \$5,000.

Prior law allowed the commission, in addition to any statutorily allowed actions and penalties within its purview, to initiate an injunction in any court of competent jurisdiction for violation or continued violation of provisions of law.

New law instead allows the commission, in addition to any statutorily or administratively allowed penalties, remedies, or sanctions, to issue a cease and desist order to any licensee or other person or entity engaged in any activity, conduct, or practice in violation of the law or rules.

New law states that such order shall be issued in the name of the state and under the official seal of the commission.

Prior law allowed for attorney fees and court costs to be rendered in the same judgment as the judgment in which the injunction was made absolute.

New law repeals prior law.

Prior law provided that if the commission brought an action against an individual and failed to prove its case, then the commission shall be liable for the person's attorney fees and costs.

New law repeals prior law.

New law allows the commission, in a suit for an injunction, to demand reasonable attorney fees, investigative and administrative expenses, and court costs from the defendant. New law also provides that the judgment for such fees, expenses, and costs may be rendered in the same judgment in which the injunction is made absolute.

New law requires the court to issue a temporary restraining order enjoining a person or entity from engaging in an unlawful activity, conduct, or practice, if the commission has properly shown that the person or entity is engaging in a prohibited activity, conduct, or practice.

New law requires such an order to be issued pending a hearing on a preliminary injunction.

New law states that a permanent injunction shall be issued after a hearing, commanding the cessation of the unlawful activity, conduct, or practice, without the need of bond.

New law also states that a temporary restraining order, preliminary injunction, or permanent injunction issued pursuant to new law (R.S. 4:82.2(D)) shall not be released upon bond.

New law allows the commission, after proper notice and a hearing, to refuse to issue a license to any applicant or renew the license of any person, or to restrict, suspend, or revoke any license upon proving the person has done any of the following:

- (1) Violated the provisions of existing law (R.S. 4:61 et seq.) or the rules of the commission.
- (2) Attempted to obtain, or obtained, a license by fraud or misrepresentation.

New law stipulates that a refusal to grant a license for failure to pass the licensing examination required by the commission does not require notice or a hearing.

New law allows the commission to collect reimbursement costs associated with a disciplinary proceeding if the commission prevails in such a proceeding. New law provides a list of costs that the commission can recoup for reimbursement.

Prior law required athlete agents to pay an annual registration fee of \$100 to the Dept. of Justice, public protection division.

New law instead requires athlete agents to complete an application for registration or renewal of registration in addition to a registration fee as follows:

- (1) \$1,000 for an initial application for registration.
- (2) \$500 for a registration based on a certificate of registration issued by another state.
- (3) \$1,000 for a renewal of registration.
- (4) \$500 for renewal of registration based on a certificate of registration issued by another state.

New law stipulates that the registration or renewal is valid for two years. New law provides that renewal may be made by the filing of an application for renewal.

New law requires all funds received from the payment of registration fees to be deposited into the Dept. of Justice Legal Support Fund.

Prior law provided that an athlete agent's registration was valid from July 1st of one year through June 30th of the following year, and that an initial registration was valid until the first June 30th following the date of the registration.

Prior law allowed renewal to be made by filing an application for renewal.

New law repeals prior law.

(Amends R.S. 4:64, 65(C)(intro. para.), 82, 82.2, and 422(D); Adds R.S. 4:82.3 and 422(E) and (F); Repeals R.S. 4:422(C))