

RÉSUMÉ DIGEST

ACT 117 (HB 482)

2016 Regular Session

Jefferson

New law creates the Foster Care and Permanence Task Force, referred to hereafter as the "task force". Provides that the task force shall be composed of the following eight members:

- (1) Two members representing the Department of Children and Family Services (DCFS) appointed by the secretary of the department, one of whom shall be a representative of the foster care program.
- (2) The dean of the Southern University Nelson Mandela School of Public Policy or his designee.
- (3) The director of the Louisiana State University School of Social Work or his designee.
- (4) The executive director of the National Association of Social Workers, Louisiana Chapter, or his designee.
- (5) The president of LouisianaChildren.org or his designee.
- (6) The executive director of the Louisiana Foster and Adoptive Parent Association or his designee.
- (7) A person who has served as a relative caretaker for a child in foster care appointed by the secretary of DCFS.

New law requires the DCFS secretary to take such actions as are necessary to ensure that the initial convening of the task force occurs no later than October 1, 2016.

New law provides that the task force members shall select a chairman annually who shall serve as chairman without salary; and that the members shall serve without compensation, except per diem or expense reimbursement to which they may be individually entitled by their respective employer organizations.

New law requires the task force to hold at least two public meetings each year at a place designated by the chairman.

New law provides that the functions of the task force shall include all of the following:

- (1) Examination of means and best practices to ensure that foster children and adoptive children are placed in homes that can become permanent placements when reunification is not possible, thereby reducing the number of children who are moved repeatedly among different homes.
- (2) Identification of means by which to assess persons applying to be foster parents, adoptive parents, and relative caretakers.
- (3) Examination of means and best practices to encourage recruitment and retention of foster parents who practice foster care for reasons that are good for children.
- (4) Examination of means to facilitate provision to foster parents and adoptive parents of all available information about a foster child's behavior before the child is placed with the foster or adoptive parents.
- (5) Recommendation of means by which to ensure that adoption subsidies remain sufficient to meet the needs of an adoptive child and his adoptive parents as the child grows older.
- (6) Recommendation of means by which to improve the rate of permanency among young people who are 14 years of age or older and are in the state foster care system or in residential placement.

- (7) Recommendations for a process to mediate conflicts between foster or adoptive parents and child placement agencies or biological parents.
- (8) Identification of laws and agency policies that unduly serve as barriers to permanency.
- (9) Identification of barriers with respect to recruitment of a competent workforce and substitute caretaker network.
- (10) Examination of barriers with respect to placement resources.

New law requires that on or before Dec. 31, 2017, and semiannually thereafter, the task force shall prepare and submit to the governor and the legislature a report on the status and well-being of children in foster care, with a particular focus on any policies and practices which are facilitating or could likely facilitate a greater degree of permanency for foster children.

New law terminates on January 1, 2018.

Effective August 1, 2016.

(Adds R.S. 46:2431-2434)