



of the initial 18 months.

Proposed law requires that the contradictory modification hearing date be set by the court at the time of disposition and otherwise retains present law.

Present law provides that if probation is continued beyond 18 months, a contradictory modification hearing must occur not less than every six months from the disposition.

Present law provides that at such hearing, if the court determines extending the child's probation is not necessary to complete treatment, the child shall be released.

Proposed law provides that the court's determination be made by clear and convincing evidence and otherwise retains present law.

Present law requires that all children in the custody of the office of juvenile justice be transported to the committing court for a review hearing within six months of the child's commitment.

Proposed law requires that the initial review hearing date be set at the time of disposition and otherwise retains present law.

Effective August 1, 2018.

(Amends Ch.C. Arts. 898(B)(1) and (2) and (C)(1)(a) and (2) and 906(B)(1))