SLS 18RS-182 ORIGINAL

2018 Regular Session

SENATE BILL NO. 364

BY SENATOR WARD

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COLLEGES/UNIVERSITIES. Provides relative to free speech on college campuses. (gov sig)

AN ACT

2	To enact Part XIV of Chapter 26 of Title 17 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, to
3	be comprised of R.S. 17:3399.31 through 3399.35, relative to free expression on
4	college campuses; to provide for the authority of the management boards of public
5	postsecondary education institutions; to provide for the adoption of a policy on free
6	expression; to provide for the authority of the Board of Regents; to provide for the
7	creation and duties of a committee on free expression; to provide relative to
8	freshman orientation programs; to provide for the adoption of regulations; to provide
9	for the adoption of restrictions on expressive conduct; and to provide for related
10	matters.
11	Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:
12	Section 1. Part XIV of Chapter 26 of Title 17 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of
13	1950, comprised of R.S. 17:3399.31 through 3399.35, is hereby enacted to read as follows:
14	PART XIV. CAMPUS FREE EXPRESSION
15	§3399.31. Policy on free expression
16	The Board of Regents, in consultation with the public postsecondary
17	education management boards, shall develop and adopt policies on free

expression	that	contain	at least	the	follow	ing:
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(1) A statement that the primary function of an institution of postsecondary education is the discovery, improvement, transmission, and dissemination of knowledge by means of research, teaching, discussion, and debate. This statement shall provide that, to fulfill this function, each institution must strive to ensure the fullest degree of intellectual freedom and free expression.

(2) A statement that it is not the proper role of an institution to shield individuals from speech protected by the First Amendment of the Constitution of the United States of America and Article I, Section 7 of the Constitution of Louisiana, including without limitation ideas and opinions they find unwelcome, disagreeable, or even deeply offensive.

(3) A provision that students and faculty have the freedom to discuss any topic that presents itself, as the First Amendment of the Constitution of the United States of America and Article I, Section 7 of the Constitution of Louisiana permit and within the limits on time, place, and manner of expression that are consistent with this Part and that are necessary to achieve a significant institutional interest; such restrictions shall be published and provide ample alternative means of expression. Students and faculty shall be permitted to assemble and engage in spontaneous expressive activity as long as such activity is not unlawful and does not materially and substantially disrupt the functioning of the institution, subject to the requirements of this Part.

(4) A provision that any person lawfully present on a campus may protest or demonstrate there. Protests and demonstrations that infringe upon the constitutional rights of others to engage in or listen to expressive activity by creating a substantial and material disruption to the functioning of the institution or to someone's expressive activity shall not be permitted and shall be subject to sanction. Professors or other instructors shall not be prohibited from maintaining order in the classroom. An institution shall not be prohibited

1	from maintaining order on a campus or restricting the time and location of a
2	protest or demonstration so that the protest or demonstration does not interfere
3	with regularly scheduled campus events.
4	(5) A provision that the campuses of each institution are open to any
5	speaker whom students, student groups, or members of faculty have invited.
6	(6) A provision that the public areas of campuses of each institution are
7	traditional public forums, open on the same terms to any speaker.
8	(7) A range of disciplinary sanctions for anyone under the jurisdiction
9	of an institution who substantially and materially disrupts the functioning of the
10	institution or the free expression of others.
11	(8) A provision that in all disciplinary cases involving expressive conduct
12	students are entitled to a disciplinary hearing in accordance with published
13	procedures which shall include at least:
14	(a) The right to receive written notice of charges in advance.
15	(b) The right to review the evidence in support of the charges.
16	(c) The right to confront witnesses against them.
17	(d) The right to present a defense.
18	(e) The right to call witnesses.
19	(f) A decision by an impartial arbiter or panel.
20	(g) The right of appeal.
21	(9) A provision that the policy supersedes and nullifies any provision in
22	the policies and regulations of any institution that restrict speech on campus
23	and that any such provision is therefore inconsistent with this statement on free
24	expression. Each institution shall remove or revise any such provision in its
25	policies and regulations to ensure compatibility with the statement on free
26	expression.
27	§3399.32. Committee on free expression
28	The Board of Regents shall create a committee on free expression
29	consisting of no less than fifteen members. The committee shall report to the

1	public, the management boards, the governor, and the legislature on September
2	first of every year. The report shall include:
3	(1) A description of any barriers to or disruptions of free expression
4	within state institutions of postsecondary education.
5	(2) A description of the administrative handling and discipline relating
6	to these disruptions or barriers.
7	(3) A description of substantial difficulties, controversies, or successes in
8	maintaining a posture of administrative and institutional neutrality with regard
9	to political or social issues.
10	(4) Any assessments, criticisms, commendations, or recommendations
11	that the committee determines necessary, including but not limited to
12	deficiencies and inconsistencies among the institutions' application of the
13	policies and procedures developed pursuant to this Part.
14	§3399.33. Regulations
15	The postsecondary education management boards may adopt regulations
16	to further the purposes of the policies adopted pursuant to this Part. Nothing
17	in this Part shall be construed to prevent institutions from regulating student
18	speech or activity that is prohibited by law. Except as further limited by this
19	Part, institutions may restrict student expression only for expressive activity not
20	protected by the First Amendment of the Constitution of the United States of
21	America and Article I, Section 7 of the Constitution of Louisiana, including:
22	(1) Violations of state or federal law.
23	(2) Expression that a court has deemed unprotected defamation.
24	(3) Harassment, including but not limited to:
25	(a) Conduct directed by a student toward another individual student, on
26	the basis of that student's membership or perceived membership in a protected
27	class, that is so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it effectively
28	deprives the victim of access to the educational opportunities or benefits
29	provided by the university.

1	(b) Explicitly or implicitly conditioning a student's participation in an
2	education program or activity or basing an educational decision on the student's
3	submission to unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, or other
4	verbal, nonverbal, or physical conduct of a sexual nature.
5	(4) Statements meant by the speaker to communicate a serious
6	expression of an intent to commit an act of unlawful violence against a
7	particular individual or group of individuals.
8	(5) An unjustifiable invasion of privacy or confidentiality not involving
9	a matter of public concern.
10	(6) An action that unlawfully and substantially disrupts the function of
11	the university.
12	(7) Violations of reasonable time, place, and manner restrictions on
13	expressive activities consistent with R.S. 17:3399.31, including restrictions on
14	protests and demonstrations necessary to prevent any interference with
15	regularly scheduled campus events.
16	§3399.34. Freshman orientation programs
17	State institutions of postsecondary education shall include in freshman
18	orientation programs a section describing to all students the policies and
19	regulations pursuant to this Part regarding free expression.
20	§3399.35. Restrictions on expressive conduct
21	A state institution of postsecondary education may restrict expressive
22	conduct in the public areas of campus only if the restriction:
23	(1) Is necessary to achieve a significant governmental interest.
24	(2) Is the least restrictive means of furthering that significant
25	governmental interest.
26	(3) Leaves open ample other opportunities to engage in the expressive
27	conduct.
28	(4) Provides for spontaneous assembly and distribution of literature.
29	(5) Is necessary to prevent any interference by a protest or

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demonstration with regularly scheduled campus events.

Section 2. This Act shall become effective upon signature by the governor or, if not signed by the governor, upon expiration of the time for bills to become law without signature by the governor, as provided by Article III, Section 18 of the Constitution of Louisiana. If vetoed by the governor and subsequently approved by the legislature, this Act shall become effective on the day following such approval.

The original instrument and the following digest, which constitutes no part of the legislative instrument, were prepared by Cheryl Serrett.

DIGEST 2018 Regular Session

SB 364 Original

Ward

<u>Proposed law</u> requires the Board of Regents, in consultation with the postsecondary management boards, to develop and adopt policies on free expression that contain the following:

- (1) A statement that the primary function of an institution of postsecondary education is the discovery, improvement, transmission, and dissemination of knowledge and in order to fulfill the function, each institution must strive to ensure the fullest degree of intellectual freedom and free expression.
- (2) A statement that it is not the proper role of an institution to shield individuals from speech protected by the Constitution of the United States of America.
- (3) A provision that students and faculty have the freedom to discuss any topic in a manner of expression that is consistent with <u>proposed law</u> as long as such activity is not unlawful and does not materially and substantially disrupt the functioning of the institution.
- (4) A provision that any person lawfully present on a campus may protest or demonstrate there. Professors or other instructors shall not be prohibited from maintaining order in the classroom, nor is an institution prohibited from maintaining order on a campus or restricting the time and location of a protest or demonstration so that the protest or demonstration does not interfere with regularly scheduled campus events.
- (5) A provision that the campuses of each institution are open to any speaker whom students, student groups, or members of faculty have invited.
- (6) A provision that the public areas of campuses of each institution are traditional public forums, open on the same terms to any speaker.
- (7) A range of disciplinary sanctions for anyone under the jurisdiction of an institution who substantially and materially disrupts the functioning of the institution or the free expression of others.
- (8) A provision that in all disciplinary cases involving expressive conduct students are entitled to a disciplinary hearing in accordance with certain published procedures.
- (9) A provision that the policy supersedes and nullifies any existing provisions in the

policies and regulations of any institution.

<u>Proposed law</u> requires the Board of Regents to create a committee on free expression to issue annual reports of the status of free expression on college campuses based upon various metrics.

<u>Proposed law</u> authorizes the postsecondary education management boards to adopt regulations to further the purposes of the adopted policy.

<u>Proposed law</u> requires state institutions of postsecondary education to include in freshman orientation programs a description of the free expression policies and regulations.

<u>Proposed law</u> authorizes state institutions of postsecondary education to restrict expressive conduct within certain limitations.

Effective upon signature of the governor or lapse of time for gubernatorial action.

(Adds R.S. 17:3399.31-3399.35)