The original instrument was prepared by Christine Arbo Peck. The following digest, which does not constitute a part of the legislative instrument, was prepared by Tammy Crain-Waldrop.

### DIGEST

SB 414 Reengrossed

## 2018 Regular Session

White

<u>Present law</u> provides for laws governing emergency medical services provided by ambulance transport but is silent on whether an emergency medical services provider can determine to transport an individual to a location other than a hospital emergency department.

<u>Proposed law</u> clarifies that protocols may be established to allow for alternative destination transportation if the individual's condition does not meet the definition of emergency medical condition pursuant to <u>present law</u>.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides for rulemaking by the Department of Health to establish a reasonable and adequate reimbursement methodology for ground ambulance transfers.

Effective August 1, 2018.

(Amends R.S. 40:1131(4)(intro para); adds R.S. 33:4791.1(A)(6) and (B)(7), and R.S. 40:1131.3 and 1133:14(A)(1)(c))

#### Summary of Amendments Adopted by Senate

# Committee Amendments Proposed by Senate Committee on Health and Welfare to the original bill

- 1. Changes terminology <u>from</u> behavioral health clinic <u>to</u> acute psychiatric facility.
- 2. Clarifies that alternative transport is permissible when the individual's condition does not meet the definition of emergency medical condition in <u>present law</u>.

#### Senate Floor Amendments to engrossed bill

1. Removes the language that the alternate or alternative destination may include an urgent care clinic, independent freestanding emergency center, or acute psychiatric facility.