## SENATE SUMMARY OF HOUSE AMENDMENTS

SB 27 2018 Regular Session Mills

## KEYWORD AND SUMMARY AS RETURNED TO THE SENATE

MEDICAID. Provides for membership of Medicaid Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee. (8/1/18)

## SUMMARY OF HOUSE AMENDMENTS TO THE SENATE BILL

- 1. Restores current membership requirements on the committee for the two practicing pharmacists who are participating in the Title XIX drug program.
- 2. Repeals prohibition in the Medicaid pharmacy program on restricting certain drugs through prior authorization.

## DIGEST OF THE SENATE BILL AS RETURNED TO THE SENATE

<u>Present law</u> provides for 21 members of the Medicaid Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee. Proposed law reduces the membership to 15 members.

<u>Present law</u> requires that the committee be representative of the state's geographic and demographic composition, including women and minorities. <u>Proposed law</u> requires that the governor ensure race, gender, and geographic diversity in making his appointments.

<u>Present law</u> provides for committee membership nominations by trade associations. <u>Proposed law</u> provides for committee membership nominations by state health profession licensing boards.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides opportunity for replacement of committee members upon absence from two consecutive meetings. <u>Proposed law</u> provides for the department to nominate a replacement member if the nominating organization does not do so within 30 calendar days of notice that its nominee has been removed from the committee.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains provisions in <u>present law</u> that of the two practicing pharmacists participating in the Title XIX drug program, one be an independent pharmacist recommended by the La. Independent Pharmacies Association and one pharmacist be a pharmacist representing a chain pharmacy recommended by the La. Pharmacists Association.

<u>Present law</u> prohibits the Department of Health from restricting by prior authorization any anti-retroviral prescription drug prescribed and determined by a prescribing practitioner licensed by the state to be medically necessary for the treatment and prevention of HIV/AIDS. Provides that anti-retroviral prescription drugs include but are not limited to protease inhibitors, non-nucleoside reverse transcriptase inhibitors, nucleoside reverse transcriptase inhibitors, anti-virals, and fusion inhibitors prescribed for the treatment of HIV/AIDS.

Proposed law repeals this provision.

Effective August 1, 2018.

(Amends R.S. 46:153.3(D)(1) and (2); repeals R.S. 46:153.3(C)(1))

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