



prescription medications, regardless of classification or lack of classification, shall be in accordance with certain provisions of present law (R.S. 23:1142).

Present law provides that, if the treatment required by the injured worker is not sufficiently addressed by the medical treatment schedule, the employer may demonstrate by preponderance of the scientific medical evidence that a variance is necessary.

Proposed law retains present law and further requires that the formulary will also be subject to a variance pursuant to the procedures in present law.

Effective August 1, 2020.

(Amends R.S. 23:1203.1(A)(4)(5) and (6), (B), (D)(intro para), (H), (I), (J)(1), (L), and (M)(1); adds R.S. 23:1203.1(A)(7) and (M)(3) and (4))