SLS 21RS-242 ORIGINAL

2021 Regular Session

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 8

BY SENATOR BOUDREAUX

COMMENDATIONS. Commends Archbishop Wilton Gregory on being named America's first black cardinal.

1	A RESOLUTION
2	To commend and congratulate Archbishop Wilton Gregory on being selected by Pope
3	Francis to become a cardinal, the first black prelate in the United States.
4	WHEREAS, Pope Francis named thirteen new cardinals, including Washington D.C.
5	Archbishop Wilton Gregory, who became the first black United States prelate to earn the
6	coveted red cap in a ceremony held on November 28, 2020; and
7	WHEREAS, Wilton Gregory was born on December 7, 1947, in Chicago, Illinois,
8	to Ethel and Wilton Gregory and is one of three children; and
9	WHEREAS, in 1958, he enrolled at St. Carthage Grammar School, where he decided
10	to become a priest even before he converted to Catholicism, was baptized and received his
11	First Communion in 1959, and was confirmed by Bishop Raymond P. Hillinger later that
12	year; and
13	WHEREAS, after graduating from St. Carthage in 1961, Archbishop Gregory
14	attended Quigley Preparatory Seminary South and Niles College in Chicago, and St. Mary
15	of the Lake Seminary in Mundelein; and
16	WHEREAS, at the age of twenty-five, Archbishop Gregory was ordained to the
17	priesthood by John Cardinal Cody on May 9, 1973, engaged in advanced studies at the
18	Pontifical Atheneum of St. Anselm in Rome, and earned Doctor of Sacred Liturgy

degree; and

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2	WHEREAS, he performed pastoral work in Glenview at Our Lady of Perpetual Help,
3	and at Mary, Seat of Wisdom Parish in Park Ridge, Illinois, and also taught at Saint Mary
4	of the Lake Seminary and served as a Master of Ceremonies under Cardinals Cody and
5	Bernardin; and
6	WHEREAS, on October 31, 1983, he was appointed Auxiliary Bishop of Chicago
7	and Titular Bishop of Oliva and received his episcopal consecration on the following
8	December 13 from Cardinal Bernardin, with Bishops Alfred Abramowicz and Nevin Hayes,
9	O.Carm., serving as co-consecrators; and
10	WHEREAS, On December 29, 1993, Pope John Paul II appointed Archbishop
11	Gregory the seventh Bishop of Belleville, and he was installed on February 10, 1994; and
12	WHEREAS, from 2001 to 2004, he served as the president of the United States
13	Conference of Catholic Bishops, the first African-American to head an episcopal conference,
14	and served as vice president from 1998 to 2001; and
15	WHEREAS, during Archbishop Gregory's presidency, the American bishops issued
16	the "Charter for the Protection of Children and Young People" in response to Roman
17	Catholic sex abuse cases; and
18	WHEREAS, in 2002, in recognition of his handling of the sex abuse scandal with
19	repeated apologies and the defrocking of priests, he was chosen as the Person of the Week
20	by Time Magazine; and
21	WHEREAS, in one of his last episcopal appointments before his death, Pope John
22	Paul II named Bishop Gregory the seventh Archbishop of Atlanta on December 9, 2004, and
23	his installation took place on January 17, 2005; and
24	WHEREAS, Archbishop Gregory has been active in the Roman Catholic Church,
25	advocating for the prevention of child sexual abuse by Roman Catholic religious,
26	implementing policies to protect the faithful from sexual abuse, and has been one of the
27	leading bishops in the United States regarding this endeavor; and
28	WHEREAS, he authored a bi-weekly column for the Roman Catholic newspaper of
29	the Archdiocese of Atlanta, The Georgia Bulletin, entitled "What I have seen and heard",
30	sharing reflections about his faith, work, and experiences; and

1	WHEREAS, Archbishop Gregory was complimentary of Pope Francis' 2016
2	apostolic exhortation Amoris laetitia, and at a 2017 conference at Boston College, he
3	described it as, " a document that recognizes the real and serious problems and challenges
4	facing families today, but at the same time it is a proclamation of hope through the mercy
5	and grace of God."; and
6	WHEREAS, he spoke of Pope Francis as someone who, "challenges the church and
7	its pastors to move beyond thinking that everything is black and white, so that we sometimes
8	close off the way of grace and growth."; and
9	WHEREAS, in 2018, a group of Catholics started a petition urging Archbishop
10	Gregory to remove "pro-LGBT" Monsignor Henry Gracz of the Shrine of the Immaculate
11	Conception in Atlanta from his position as a spiritual advisor to victims of sexual abuse for
12	allegedly going against Church teaching; and
13	WHEREAS, Archbishop Gregory refused, saying, "There are [were] no plans" to
14	remove Gracz from his advisory role and added, "Msgr. Gracz is following the admonition
15	of Pope Francis to accompany people on the periphery of society. His priestly heart is not
16	closed to those who find themselves misunderstood or rejected."; and
17	WHEREAS, the selection of Archbishop Gregory won praise from LGBTQ
18	advocates in the United States days after Pope Francis voiced support for civil unions for gay
19	couples; and
20	WHEREAS, the strength of our communities and the overall vitality of American
21	society depends, in great measure, upon the dedication of people like Archbishop Wilton
22	Gregory who unselfishly commit of themselves to unify, coordinate, encourage, promote,
23	and carry on Catholic activities in the United States, organize and conduct religious,
24	charitable, and social welfare work at home and abroad, aid in education, and care for
25	immigrants.
26	THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Senate of the Legislature of Louisiana
27	does hereby commend Archbishop Wilton Gregory on being selected by Pope Francis to
28	become a cardinal, the first black prelate in the United States.
29	BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that a copy of this Resolution be transmitted to

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Archbishop Wilton Gregory.

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The original instrument and the following digest, which constitutes no part of the legislative instrument, were prepared by Jerry J. Guillot.

DIGEST

SR 8 Original

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