2021 Regular Session

HOUSE BILL NO. 417

BY REPRESENTATIVE IVEY

Prefiled pursuant to Article III, Section 2(A)(4)(b)(i) of the Constitution of Louisiana.

FUNDS/FUNDING: (Constitutional Amendment) Revises Article VII of the Constitution of Louisiana

1	A JOINT RESOLUTION
2	Proposing to amend Article VII of the Constitution of Louisiana, relative to revenue and
3	finance; to provide for taxation; to provide for state debt; to provide for the state
4	bond commission; to provide for state funds; to provide for the Wildlife and
5	Fisheries Conservation Fund; to provide for the Louisiana Education Quality Trust
6	Fund; to provide for the Coastal Protection and Restoration Fund; to provide for the
7	Budget Stabilization Fund; to provide for the Higher Education Louisiana
8	Partnership Fund; to provide for the Mineral Revenue Audit and Settlement Fund;
9	to provide for the Oilfield Site Restoration Fund; to provide for the Oil Spill
10	Contingency Fund; to provide for the Millennium Trust; to provide for the Louisiana
11	Fund; to provide for the Millennium Leverage Fund; to provide for the Artificial
12	Reef Development Fund; to provide for the Agricultural and Seafood Products
13	Support Fund; to provide for the Hospital Stabilization Fund; to provide for the
14	Louisiana Medical Assistance Trust Fund; to provide for the Revenue Stabilization
15	Trust Fund; to provide for the dedication of mineral revenues; to provide for the state
16	budget; to provide for the expenditure of state funds; to provide for reporting; to
17	provide for investments; to provide for property taxation; to provide for the Revenue
18	Sharing Fund; to provide for the Transportation Trust Fund; to provide for a flat
19	income tax rate; to establish exemptions for certain property; to establish exemptions

Page 1 of 107

1	for certain capital investment projects; to provide for the terms of the exemptions;
2	to provide for the amount of the exemptions; to provide authorizations for approval
3	of the exemptions; to provide for the administration of the exemptions; to provide
4	for review by the Board of Commerce and Industry; to provide for approval from
5	political subdivisions; to provide for gubernatorial approval; to authorize local
6	government taxing authorities to enter into cooperative endeavor agreements with
7	owners of non-residential immovable property; to provide for a maximum term for
8	the cooperative endeavor agreements; to provide certain requirements relative to the
9	uniformity of state and local sales and use tax exemptions and exclusions; to provide
10	for definitions; to provide for submission of the proposed amendment to the electors;
11	and to provide for related matters.
12	Section 1. Be it resolved by the Legislature of Louisiana, two-thirds of the members
13	elected to each house concurring, that there shall be submitted to the electors of the state of
14	Louisiana, for their approval or rejection in the manner provided by law, a proposal to
15	amend Article VII of the Constitution of Louisiana, to read as follows:
16	ARTICLE VII. REVENUE AND FINANCE
17	PART I. GENERAL PROVISIONS
18	
	§1. Power to Tax; Public Purpose
19	§1. Power to Tax; Public Purpose Section 1.(A) Except as otherwise provided by this constitution, the power
19 20	
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20	Section 1.(A) Except as otherwise provided by this constitution, the power of taxation shall be vested in the legislature, shall never be surrendered, suspended,
20 21	Section 1.(A) Except as otherwise provided by this constitution, the power of taxation shall be vested in the legislature, shall never be surrendered, suspended, or contracted away, and shall be exercised for public purposes only.
20 21 22	Section 1.(A) Except as otherwise provided by this constitution, the power of taxation shall be vested in the legislature, shall never be surrendered, suspended, or contracted away, and shall be exercised for public purposes only. (B) The power to tax may shall not be exercised by any court in the state,
20 21 22 23	Section 1.(A) Except as otherwise provided by this constitution, the power of taxation shall be vested in the legislature, shall never be surrendered, suspended, or contracted away, and shall be exercised for public purposes only. (B) The power to tax may shall not be exercised by any court in the state, either by ordering the levy of a tax, an increase in an existing tax, or the repeal of an

1	§2. Power to Tax; Limitation
2	Section 2. The levy of a new tax, an increase in an existing tax, or a repeal
3	of an existing tax exemption shall require the enactment of a law by two-thirds of the
4	elected members of each house of the legislature.
5	§2.1. Fees and Civil Fines; Limitation
6	Section 2.1.(A) Any new fee, or civil fine, or increase in an existing fee, or
7	civil fine imposed, or assessed by the state or any board, department, or agency of
8	the state shall require the enactment of a law by a two-thirds vote of the elected
9	members of each house of the legislature.
10	(B) The provisions of this Section shall not apply to any department which
11	is constitutionally created and headed by an officer who is elected by majority vote
12	of the electorate of the state.
13	§2.2. Power to Tax; Sales and Use Tax; Limitation
14	Section 2.2.(A) Effective January 1, 2003, the sales and use tax rate imposed
15	by the state of Louisiana or by a political subdivision whose boundaries are
16	coterminous with those of the state shall not exceed two percent of the price of the
17	following items:
18	(1) Food for home consumption, as defined in R.S. 47:305(D)(1)(n) through
19	(r) on January 1, 2003.
20	(2) Natural gas, electricity, and water sold directly to the consumer for
21	residential use.
22	(3) Prescription drugs.
23	(B) Effective Notwithstanding the provisions of Paragraph (A) of this
24	Section, effective July 1, 2003, the sales and use tax imposed by the state of
25	Louisiana or by a political subdivision whose boundaries are coterminous with those
26	of the state shall not apply to sales or purchases of the following items:
27	(1) Food for home consumption, as defined in R.S. 47:305(D)(1)(n) through
28	(r) on January 1, 2003. The legislature shall not enact or amend a definition of food

1	for home consumption, except by law enacted by a favorable vote of two-thirds of
2	the elected members of each house of the legislature.
3	(2) Natural gas, electricity, and water sold directly to the consumer for
4	residential use.
5	(3) Prescription drugs.
6	(C) As used in this Section, the term "sold directly to the consumer for
7	residential use" includes the furnishing of natural gas, electricity, or water to single
8	private residences, including the separate private units of apartment houses and other
9	multiple dwellings, actually used for residential purposes, which residences are
10	separately metered or measured, regardless of the fact that a person other than the
11	resident is contractually bound to the supplier for the charges, actually pays the
12	charges, or is billed for the charges. The use of electricity, natural gas, or water in
13	hotel or motel units does not constitute residential use.
14	D. The enactment of any law that legislates with regard to an exemption or
15	exclusion from sales and use tax shall be uniformly applicable to the taxes of all
16	taxing authorities in the state, as is further provided for in Article VI, Section
17	29(D)(3) of this constitution.
18	§2.3. Power to Tax; Limitation; Sale or Transfer of Immovable Property
19	Section 2.3. No new tax or fee upon the sale or transfer of immovable
20	property, including documentary transaction taxes or fees, or any other tax or fee,
21	shall be levied by the state of Louisiana, by a political subdivision whose boundaries
22	are coterminous with those of the state, or by a political subdivision, as defined in
23	Article VI, Section 44(2) of this constitution after November 30, 2011. A
24	documentary transaction is any transaction pursuant to any instrument, act, writing,
25	or document which transfers or conveys immovable property. Fees for the cost of
26	recordation, filing, or maintenance of documents, or records effectuating the sale or
27	transfer of immovable property, impact fees for development of property, annual
28	parcel fees, and ad valorem taxes shall not be considered taxes or fees upon the sale
29	or transfer of immovable property.

Page 4 of 107

1 §3. Collection of Taxes

Section 3.(A) The legislature shall prohibit the issuance of process to restrain
the collection of any tax. It shall provide a complete and adequate remedy for the
prompt recovery of an illegal tax paid by a taxpayer.

5 (B)(1) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of this constitution, sales and 6 use taxes levied by political subdivisions shall be collected by a single collector for 7 each parish. On or before July 1, 1992, all political subdivisions within each parish 8 which levy a sales and use tax shall agree between and among themselves to provide 9 for the collection of such taxes by a single collector or a central collection 10 commission. The legislature, by general law, shall provide for the collection of sales 11 and use taxes, levied by political subdivisions, by a central collection commission 12 in those parishes where a single collector or a central collection commission has not 13 been established by July 1, 1992.

14 (2) The legislature, by local law enacted by two-thirds of the elected
15 members of each house of the legislature, may establish an alternate method of
16 providing for a single collector or a central collection commission in each parish.

17 (3) Except when authorized by the unanimous agreement of all political
18 subdivisions levying a sales and use tax within a parish, only those political
19 subdivisions levying a sales and use tax shall be authorized to act as the single
20 collector or participate on any commission established for the collection of such
21 taxes.

(4) The legislature shall provide for the prompt remittance to the political
 subdivisions identified on the taxpayers' returns of funds collected pursuant to the
 provisions of this Paragraph by a single collector or under any other centralized
 collection arrangement.

26 (5) The provisions of this Paragraph shall not apply in those parishes which
27 have a single collector or a centralized collection arrangement as of July 1, 1992.

Page 5 of 107

1 §4. Income Tax; Severance Tax; Political Subdivisions 2 Section 4.(A) Income Tax. Equal and uniform taxes may be levied on net 3 incomes, and these taxes may be graduated according to the amount of net income. 4 However, the state individual and joint income tax schedule of rates and brackets 5 shall never exceed the rates and brackets set forth in Title 47 of the Louisiana 6 Revised Statutes on January 1, 2003. Federal income taxes paid shall be allowed as 7 a deductible item in computing state income taxes for the same period. The state tax 8 levied on the net income of individuals shall be levied at a flat rate which shall be 9 established in law. 10 (B) Severance Tax. (1) Taxes may be levied on natural resources severed 11 from the soil or water, to be paid proportionately by the owners thereof at the time 12 of severance. Natural resources may be classified for the purpose of taxation. Such taxes may be predicated upon either the quantity or value of the products at the time

13 14 and place of severance. No further or additional tax or license shall be levied or 15 imposed upon oil, gas, or sulphur leases or rights. No additional value shall be added 16 to the assessment of land by reason of the presence of oil, gas, or sulphur therein or 17 their production therefrom. However, sulphur in place shall be assessed for ad 18 valorem taxation to the person, firm, or corporation having the right to mine or 19 produce the same in the parish where located, at no more than twice the total 20 assessed value of the physical property subject to taxation, excluding the assessed 21 value of sulphur above ground, as is used in sulphur operations in such parish. 22 Likewise, the severance tax shall be the only tax on timber; however, standing timber 23 shall be liable equally with the land on which it stands for ad valorem taxes levied 24 on the land.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of Subparagraph (1) of this Paragraph,
the presence of oil or gas or the production thereof, may be included in the
methodology to determine the fair market value of an oil or gas well for ad valorem
taxes.

Page 6 of 107

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(C) Political Subdivisions; Prohibitions. A political subdivision of the state shall not levy a severance tax, income tax, inheritance tax, or tax on motor fuel.

3 (D)(1) Severance Tax Allocation. One-third of the sulphur severance tax, 4 but not to exceed one hundred thousand dollars; one-third of the lignite severance 5 tax, but not to exceed one hundred thousand dollars; one-fifth of the severance tax 6 on all natural resources, other than sulphur, lignite, or timber, but not to exceed five 7 hundred thousand dollars; and three-fourths of the timber severance tax shall be 8 remitted to the governing authority of the parish in which severance or production 9 occurs.

10 (2) Effective July 1, 1999, one-third of the sulphur severance tax, but not to 11 exceed one hundred thousand dollars; one-third of the lignite severance tax, but not 12 to exceed one hundred thousand dollars; one-fifth of the severance tax on all natural 13 resources, other than sulphur, lignite, or timber, but not to exceed seven hundred fifty 14 thousand dollars; and three-fourths of the timber severance tax shall be remitted to 15 the governing authority of the parish in which severance or production occurs.

16 (3) Effective July 1, 2007, one-fifth of the severance tax on all natural 17 resources other than sulphur, lignite, or timber shall be remitted to the governing 18 authority of the parish in which severance or production occurs. The initial 19 maximum amount remitted to the parish in which severance or production occurs 20 shall not exceed eight hundred fifty thousand dollars. The maximum amount 21 remitted shall be increased each July first, beginning in 2008, by an amount equal to 22 the average annual increase in the Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers, as 23 published by the United States Department of Labor, for the previous calendar year, 24 as calculated and adopted by the Revenue Estimating Conference.

(4) Effective April 1, 2012, the provisions of this Subparagraph shall be
 implemented if and when the last official forecast of revenues adopted for a fiscal
 year before the start of that fiscal year contains an estimate of severance tax revenues
 derived from natural resources other than sulphur, lignite, or timber in an amount
 which exceeds the actual severance tax revenues from such natural resources

Page 7 of 107

1 collected in Fiscal Year 2008-2009. Upon the adoption of such official forecast, the 2 Revenue Estimating Conference shall certify that the requirements for the 3 implementation of the provisions contained in this Subparagraph have been met. In 4 such event, the following distributions and allocations of severance tax revenues and 5 other revenues provided in this Subparagraph shall be effective and implemented for 6 the fiscal year for which the official forecast was adopted, and each year thereafter. 7 The legislature shall provide by law for the administrative procedures necessary to 8 change the severance tax allocation to parishes from a calendar year basis to a fiscal 9 year basis.

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(a) Remittance to parishes.

(i) In the first fiscal year of implementation of this Subparagraph, the
maximum amount of severance tax on all natural resources other than sulphur,
lignite, or timber which is remitted to the parish in which severance or production
occurs shall not exceed one million eight hundred fifty thousand dollars. For all
subsequent fiscal years, the maximum amount remitted to a parish shall not exceed
two million eight hundred fifty thousand dollars.

(ii) On July first of each year the maximum amount remitted to the parish in
which severance or production occurs, as provided in Item (i) of this
Subsubparagraph, shall be increased by an amount equal to the average annual
increase in the Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers for the previous
calendar year, as published by the United States Department of Labor, which amount
shall be as calculated and adopted by the Revenue Estimating Conference.

(iii) Of the total amount of severance tax revenues remitted in a fiscal year
to a parish governing authority pursuant to the provisions of this Subparagraph, any
portion which is in excess of the amount of such tax revenues remitted to that parish
in Fiscal Year 2011-2012 shall be known as "excess severance tax". At least fifty
percent of the excess severance tax received by a parish governing authority in a
fiscal year shall be expended within the parish in the same manner and for the same
purposes as monies received by the parish from the Parish Transportation Fund.

Page 8 of 107

(b) Deposit into the Atchafalaya Basin Conservation Fund.

2 (i) Notwithstanding any other provision of this constitution to the contrary, 3 after allocation of money to the Bond Security and Redemption Fund as provided in 4 Article VII, Section 9(B) of this constitution, and after satisfying the required allocations in Subsubparagraph (a) of this Subparagraph, Paragraph (E) of this 5 6 Section, and Article VII, Sections 10-A and 10.2 of this constitution, an amount equal to fifty percent of the revenues received from severance taxes and royalties on 7 8 state lands in the Atchafalaya Basin, but not to exceed ten million dollars each fiscal 9 year, shall be deposited by the treasurer into the Atchafalaya Basin Conservation 10 Fund, hereinafter referred to as the "fund", which is hereby created as a special fund in the state treasury. The monies in the fund shall be invested by the treasurer in the 11 12 manner provided by law, and interest earned on the investment of these monies shall 13 be deposited in and credited to the fund. All unexpended or unencumbered monies 14 remaining in the fund at the end of the fiscal year shall remain in the fund.

(ii) The monies in the fund shall be used exclusively for projects contained
in the state or federal Basin master plans or an annual Basin plan developed and
approved by the advisory or approval board created by law specifically for that
purpose, or to provide match for the Atchafalaya Basin Floodway System, Louisiana
Project. Each year's plan for the expenditure of monies appropriated from the fund
shall be subject to the approval of the appropriate subject matter committees of the
legislature.

(iii) Of the monies appropriated in any fiscal year, eighty-five percent shall
be used for water management, water quality, or access projects, and the remaining
fifteen percent may be used to complete ongoing projects and for projects that are
in accordance with the mission statement of the state master plan. However, no more
than five percent of the monies appropriated in any fiscal year may be used for the
operational costs of the program or the department.

(E) Royalties Allocation. One-tenth of the royalties from mineral leases on
state-owned land, lake and river beds and other water bottoms belonging to the state

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1	or the title to which is in the public for mineral development shall be remitted to the
	or the title to which is in the public for mineral development shall be remitted to the
2	governing authority of the parish in which severance or production occurs. A parish
3	governing authority may fund these royalties into general obligation bonds of the
4	parish in accordance with law. The provisions of this Paragraph shall not apply to
5	properties comprising the Russell Sage Wildlife and Game Refuge.
6	§4.1. Cigarette Tax Rates
7	Section 4.1. To ensure revenue for the dedication provided for in Article VII,
8	Section $10.8(C)(2)(c)$ of this constitution, the rate of the tax levied pursuant to R.S.
9	47:841(B)(3) shall not be less than the rate set forth in that provision as it exists on
10	January 1, 2012 .
11	§5. Motor Vehicle License Tax
12	Section 5. The legislature shall impose an annual license tax of not more
13	than one dollar per each one thousand dollars of actual value on automobiles for
14	private use based on the actual value of the vehicle, as provided by law. However,
15	the annual license tax shall not be less than ten dollars per automobile for private
16	use. On other motor vehicles, the legislature shall impose an annual license tax
17	based upon carrying capacity, horsepower, value, weight, or any of these. After
18	satisfying the requirements of Section 9(B) of this Article, and after satisfying
19	pledges respecting that portion of the revenues attributable to the tax rates in effect
20	at the time of such pledges for the payment of obligations for bonds or other
21	evidences of indebtedness and upon the creation of a Transportation Trust Fund
22	within this constitution, the revenues from the license tax on automobiles for private
23	use shall be deposited therein. In the event no such trust fund is established in this
24	constitution, the revenues shall be used exclusively and solely as provided by law for
25	the construction, maintenance, and safety of the federal and state system of roads and
26	bridges, for the parish and municipal road systems, for the operations of the office
27	of state police, Department of Public Safety and Corrections or its successor, and for
28	the payment of any obligation for bonds issued or indebtedness incurred in
29	connection with any of the foregoing, which bonds may be issued as revenue bonds

Page 10 of 107

under Article VII, Section 6(C) of this constitution, subject to existing pledges only
 as to that portion of the tax collections attributable to the rates in effect at the time
 of such pledges for the payment of any obligations for bonds or other evidences of
 indebtedness outstanding on the effective date of this Section. No parish or
 municipality may impose a license fee on motor vehicles.

§6. State Debt; Full Faith and Credit Obligations

7 Section 6.(A) Authorization. Unless otherwise authorized by this 8 constitution, the state shall have no power, directly or indirectly, or through any state 9 board, agency, commission, or otherwise, to incur debt or issue bonds except by law 10 enacted by two-thirds of the elected members of each house of the legislature. The 11 debt may be incurred or the bonds issued only if the funds are to be used to repel 12 invasion; suppress insurrection; provide relief from natural catastrophes; refund 13 outstanding indebtedness at the same or a lower effective interest rate; or make 14 capital improvements, but only in accordance with a comprehensive capital outlay 15 budget, which the legislature shall adopt.

16 (B) Capital Improvements. (1) If the purpose is to make capital 17 improvements, the nature and location and, if more than one project, the amount 18 allocated to each and the order of priority shall be stated in the comprehensive 19 capital <u>outlay</u> budget which the legislature adopts.

(2) The estimated amount of debt service to be paid for capital improvements
for the next fiscal year shall be stated as a separate item and by budget unit in the
budget estimate required to be submitted by the governor in accordance with Section
11 of this Article.

(C) Full Faith and Credit. The full faith and credit of the state shall be
pledged to the repayment of all bonds or other evidences of indebtedness issued by
the state directly or through any state board, agency, or commission pursuant to the
provisions of Paragraphs (A) and (B) hereof. The full faith and credit of the state is
not hereby pledged to the repayment of bonds of a levee district, political
subdivision, or local public agency. In addition, any state board, agency, or

Page 11 of 107

1 commission authorized by law to issue bonds, in the manner so authorized and with 2 the approval of the State Bond Commission or its successor, may issue bonds which 3 are payable from fees, rates, rentals, tolls, charges, grants, or other receipts or income 4 derived by or in connection with an undertaking, facility, project, or any combination 5 thereof, without a pledge of the full faith and credit of the state. Such revenue bonds 6 may, but are not required to, be issued in accordance with the provisions of 7 Paragraphs (A) and (B) hereof. If issued other than as provided in Paragraphs (A) 8 and (B), such revenue bonds shall not carry the pledge of the full faith and credit of 9 the state and the issuance of the bonds shall not constitute the incurring of state debt 10 under this constitution. The rights granted to deep-water port commissions or 11 deep-water port, harbor, and terminal districts under this constitution shall not be 12 impaired by this Section.

(D) Referendum. The legislature, by law enacted by two-thirds of the
elected members of each house, may propose a statewide public referendum to
authorize incurrence of debt for any purpose for which the legislature is not herein
authorized to incur debt.

17 (E) Exception. Nothing in this Section shall apply to any levee district,
18 political subdivision, or local public agency unless the full faith and credit of the
19 state is pledged to the payment of the bonds of the levee district, political
20 subdivision, or local public agency.

21 (F) Limitation. (1) The legislature shall provide for the determination of a 22 limit to the amount of net state tax supported debt which may be issued by the state 23 in any fiscal year. Net state tax supported debt shall be defined by law. When 24 enacted, such definition shall not be changed except by specific legislative 25 instrument which receives a favorable vote of two-thirds of the elected members of 26 each house of the legislature. The limitation shall be established so that by Fiscal 27 Year 2003-2004 and thereafter the amount necessary to service outstanding net state 28 tax supported debt shall not exceed six percent of the estimate of money to be 29 received by the state general fund and dedicated funds contained in the official

Page 12 of 107

1 forecast adopted by the Revenue Estimating Conference at its first meeting after the 2 beginning of each fiscal year and any other money required to be included in the 3 estimate by this Paragraph. In making such estimate, the conference shall include 4 all amounts which are to be used to service net state tax supported debt. For purposes of this Paragraph, servicing outstanding net state tax supported debt 5 6 includes payments of principal, interest, and sinking fund requirements. The 7 limitation established pursuant to this Paragraph shall not be construed to prevent the 8 payment of debt service on net state tax supported debt.

9 (2) The limitation established pursuant to this Paragraph may be changed by 10 passage of a specific legislative instrument by a favorable vote of two-thirds of the 11 elected members of each house of the legislature. The limitation may be exceeded 12 by passage of a specific legislative instrument for a project or related projects by a 13 favorable vote of two-thirds of the elected members of each house of the legislature, 14 provided that any debt service payment required for such projects shall, once bonds 15 have been issued in connection therewith, not be impaired in any future year by 16 application of this limitation. The limitation established pursuant to this 17 Subparagraph shall be deemed to be increased as necessary to accommodate any 18 projects approved to exceed this limit if approved as provided in this Paragraph, but 19 only as long as there are bonds outstanding for the projects.

20 (3) Except as provided in Subparagraph (2) of this Paragraph, the State Bond
21 Commission shall not approve the issuance of any net state tax supported debt, the
22 debt service requirement of which would cause the limit herein established to be
23 exceeded.

24 §7. State Debt; Interim Emergency Board

25 Section 7.(A) Composition. The Interim Emergency Board is created. It 26 shall be composed of the governor, lieutenant governor, state treasurer, presiding 27 officer of each house of the legislature, chairman of the Senate Finance Committee, 28 and chairman of the House Appropriations Committee, or their designees.

Page 13 of 107

1	(B) Powers. Between sessions of the legislature, when the board by majority
2	vote determines that an emergency or impending flood emergency exists, it may
3	appropriate from the state general fund or borrow on the full faith and credit of the
4	state an amount to meet the emergency. The appropriation may be made or the
5	indebtedness incurred only for a purpose for which the legislature may appropriate
6	funds and then only after the board obtains, as provided by law, the written consent
7	of two-thirds of the elected members of each house of the legislature. For the
8	purposes of this Paragraph, an emergency is an event or occurrence not reasonably
9	anticipated by the legislature and an impending flood emergency shall be an
10	anticipated situation which endangers an existing flood protection structure. The
11	appropriation or indebtedness incurred for an impending flood emergency shall not
12	exceed two hundred fifty thousand dollars for any one event or occurrence. For an
13	impending emergency to qualify for funding it must be determined as such by the
14	United States Army Corp of Engineers or the United States Coast Guard. Total
15	funding for such impending emergencies shall not exceed twenty-five percent of the
16	funds annually available to the Interim Emergency Board.

17 (C) Limits. The aggregate of indebtedness outstanding at any one time and 18 the amount appropriated from the state general fund for the current fiscal year under 19 the authority of this Section shall not exceed one-tenth of one percent of total state 20 revenue receipts for the previous fiscal year.

(D) Allocation. An amount sufficient to pay indebtedness incurred during
the preceding fiscal year under the authority of this Section is allocated, as a first
priority, each year from the state general fund.

24 §8. State Bond Commission

25 Section 8.(A) Creation. The State Bond Commission is created. Its
26 membership and authority shall be determined by law.

(B) Approval of Bonds. No bonds or other obligations shall be issued orsold by the state, directly or through any state board, agency, or commission, or by

Page 14 of 107

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any political subdivision of the state, unless prior written approval of the bond commission is obtained.

3 (C) Contesting State Bonds. Bonds, notes, certificates, or other evidences 4 of indebtedness of the state, (hereafter hereinafter referred to as "bonds"), shall not be invalid because of any irregularity or defect in the proceedings or in the issuance 5 6 and sale thereof and shall be incontestable in the hands of a bona fide purchaser or 7 holder. The issuing agency, after authorizing the issuance of bonds by resolution, 8 shall publish once in the official journal of the state, as provided by law, a notice of 9 intention to issue the bonds. The notice shall include a description of the bonds and 10 the security therefor. Within thirty days after the publication, any person in interest 11 may contest the legality of the resolution, any provision of the bonds to be issued 12 pursuant to it, the provisions securing the bonds, and the validity of all other 13 provisions and proceedings relating to the authorization and issuance of the bonds. 14 If no action or proceeding is instituted within the thirty days, no person may contest 15 the validity of the bonds, the provisions of the resolution pursuant to which the bonds 16 were issued, the security of the bonds, or the validity of any other provisions or 17 proceedings relating to their authorization and issuance, and the bonds shall be presumed conclusively to be legal. Thereafter no court shall have authority to 18 19 inquire into such matters.

20 §9. State Funds

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21 Section 9.(A) Deposit in State Treasury. All money received by the state or 22 by any state board, agency, or commission shall be deposited immediately upon 23 receipt in the state treasury, except that received:

(1) as a result of grants, or donations, or other forms of assistance when the
 terms and conditions thereof or of agreements pertaining thereto require otherwise;

- (2) by trade or professional associations;
- 27 (3) by the employment security administration fund or its successor;
 - (4) by retirement system funds;

Page 15 of 107

1 (5) by state agencies operating under authority of this constitution 2 preponderantly from fees and charges for the shipment of goods in international 3 maritime trade and commerce; and

4 (6) by a state board, agency, or commission, but pledged by it in connection with the issuance of revenue bonds as provided in Paragraph (C) of Section 6 of this 5 6 Article, other than any surplus as may be defined in the law authorizing such revenue 7 bonds.

8 (B) Bond Security and Redemption Fund. Subject to contractual obligations 9 existing on the effective date of this constitution, all All state money deposited in the 10 state treasury shall be credited to a special fund designated as the Bond Security and 11 Redemption Fund, except money received as the result of grants or donations or 12 other forms of assistance when the terms and conditions thereof or of agreements 13 pertaining thereto require otherwise. In each fiscal year an amount is allocated from 14 the bond security and redemption fund sufficient to pay all obligations which are 15 secured by the full faith and credit of the state and which become due and payable 16 within the current fiscal year, including principal, interest, premiums, sinking or 17 reserve fund, and other requirements. Thereafter, except as otherwise provided by 18 law, money remaining in the fund shall be credited to the state general fund.

19 (C) Exception. Nothing in this Section shall apply to a levee district or 20 political subdivision unless the full faith and credit of the state is pledged to the 21 payment of the bonds of the levee district or political subdivision.

22 §10. Expenditure of State Funds

23 Section 10.(A) Revenue Estimating Conference. The Revenue Estimating 24 Conference shall be composed of four members: the governor, or his designee, the 25 president of the senate, or his designee, the speaker of the house or his designee, and 26 a faculty member of a university or college in Louisiana who has expertise in 27 forecasting revenues. Changes to the membership beyond the four members shall 28 be made by law enacted by a favorable vote of two-thirds of the elected members of 29 each house.

Page 16 of 107

(B) Official Forecast. The conference shall prepare and publish initial and 2 revised estimates of money to be received by the state general fund and dedicated 3 funds for the current and next fiscal years which are available for appropriation. In 4 each estimate, the conference shall designate the money in the estimate which is 5 recurring and which is nonrecurring. All conference decisions to adopt these 6 estimates shall be by unanimous vote of its members. Changes to the unanimous vote requirement shall be made by law enacted by a favorable vote of two-thirds of 7 8 the elected members of each house. The most recently adopted estimate of money 9 available for appropriation shall be the official forecast.

10 (C) Expenditure Limit. (1) The legislature shall provide for the 11 determination of an expenditure limit for each fiscal year to be established during the 12 first quarter of the calendar year for the next fiscal year. However, the expenditure 13 limit for the 1991-1992 Fiscal Year shall be the actual appropriations from the state 14 general fund and dedicated funds for that year except funds allocated by Article VII, 15 Section 4, Paragraphs (D) and (E). For subsequent fiscal years, the limit shall not 16 exceed the expenditure limit for the current fiscal year plus an amount equal to that 17 limit times a positive growth factor. The growth factor is the average annual percentage rate of change of personal income for Louisiana as defined and reported 18 19 by the United States Department of Commerce for the three calendar years prior to 20 the fiscal year for which the limit is calculated.

21 (2) The expenditure limit may be changed in any fiscal year by a favorable 22 vote of two-thirds of the elected members of each house. Any such change in the 23 expenditure limit shall be approved by passage of a specific legislative instrument 24 which clearly states the intent to change the limit.

25 (3) Beginning with the 1995-1996 Fiscal Year, the expenditure limit shall 26 be determined in accordance with the provisions of Paragraph (J) of this Section. 27 The redetermination of the expenditure limit for each fiscal year from the 1991-1992 28 Fiscal Year through the 1994-1995 Fiscal Year shall only be used in computing the

Page 17 of 107

1	expenditure limit for the 1995-1996 Fiscal Year and shall not affect the expenditure
2	limit already computed in accordance with this Paragraph for such fiscal years.
3	(4) The provisions of this Paragraph shall not apply to or affect funds
4	allocated by Article VII, Section 4, Paragraphs (D) and (E).
5	(D) Appropriations. (1) Except as otherwise provided by this constitution,
6	money shall be drawn from the state treasury only pursuant to an appropriation made
7	in accordance with law. Appropriations from the state general fund and dedicated
8	funds except funds allocated by Article VII, Section 4, Paragraphs (D) and (E) shall
9	not exceed the expenditure limit for the fiscal year.
10	(2) Except as otherwise provided in this constitution, the appropriation or
11	allocation of any money designated in the official forecast as nonrecurring shall be
12	made only for the following purposes:
13	(a) Retiring or for the defeasance of bonds in advance or in addition to the
14	existing amortization requirements of the state.
15	(b)(i) Providing for payments against the unfunded accrued liability of the
16	public retirement systems which are in addition to any payments required for the
17	annual amortization of the unfunded accrued liability of the public retirement
18	systems, as required by Article X, Section 29(E)(2)(c) of this constitution; however,
19	any such payments to the public retirement systems shall not be used, directly or
20	indirectly, to fund cost-of-living increases for such systems.
21	(ii) For Fiscal Years 2013-2014 and 2014-2015 the legislature shall
22	appropriate no less than five percent of any money designated in the official forecast
23	as nonrecurring to the Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System and the
24	Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana for application to the balance of the
25	unfunded accrued liability of such systems existing as of June 30, 1988, in
26	proportion to the balance of such unfunded accrued liability of each such system.
27	Any such payments to the public retirement systems shall not be used, directly or
28	indirectly, to fund cost-of-living increases for such systems.

Page 18 of 107

1	(iii) For Fiscal Year 2015-2016 and every fiscal year thereafter the
2	legislature shall appropriate no less than ten percent of any money designated in the
3	official forecast as nonrecurring to the Louisiana State Employees' Retirement
4	System and the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana for application to the
5	balance of the unfunded accrued liability of such systems existing as of June 30,
6	1988, in proportion to the balance of such unfunded accrued liability of each such
7	system. Any such payments to the public retirement systems shall not be used,
8	directly or indirectly, to fund cost-of-living increases for such systems.
9	(c) Providing funding for capital outlay projects in the comprehensive state
10	capital budget.
11	(d) Providing for allocation or appropriation for deposit into the Budget
12	Stabilization Fund established in Article VII, Section 10.3 of this constitution.
13	(e) Providing for allocation or appropriation for deposit into the Coastal
14	Protection and Restoration Fund established in Article VII, Section 10.2 of this
15	constitution.
16	(f) Providing for new highway construction for which federal matching
17	funds are available, without excluding highway projects otherwise eligible as capital
18	projects under other provisions of this constitution.
19	(3)(a) The legislature shall provide by law for the payment by the state of
20	supplements to the salaries of full-time local law enforcement and fire protection
21	officers of the state. No law shall reduce any payments by the state provided as a
22	supplement to the salaries of full-time local law enforcement and fire protection
23	officers of the state. Beginning with the fiscal year which begins July 1, 2003, the
24	legislature shall appropriate funds sufficient to fully fund the cost of such state
25	supplement to the salaries of full-time law enforcement and fire protection officers.
26	(b) For the purposes of this Subparagraph, local law enforcement and fire
27	protection officers shall mean and include the same classes of officers which are
28	eligible for such state salary supplements under the law as of July 1, 2003.

Page 19 of 107

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(c) Full funding as required in Subsubparagraph (a) of this Subparagraph shall be equal to the amount which is required to meet the requirements of law.

(d) Neither the governor nor the legislature may reduce an appropriation
made pursuant to this Subparagraph except that the governor may reduce such
appropriation using means provided in the Act containing the appropriation,
provided that two-thirds of the elected members of each house of the legislature
consent to any such reduction in writing.

8 (E) Balanced Budget. Appropriations by the legislature from the state 9 general fund and dedicated funds for any fiscal year except funds allocated by 10 Article VII, Section 4, Paragraphs (D) and (E) shall not exceed the official forecast 11 in effect at the time the appropriations are made.

12 (F) Projected Deficit. (1) The legislature by law shall establish a procedure 13 to determine if appropriations will exceed the official forecast and an adequate 14 method for adjusting appropriations in order to eliminate a projected deficit. Any 15 law establishing a procedure to determine if appropriations will exceed the official 16 forecast and methods for adjusting appropriations, including any constitutionally 17 protected or mandated allocations or appropriations, once enacted, shall not be 18 changed except by specific legislative instrument which receives a favorable vote of 19 two-thirds of the elected members of each house of the legislature. Notwithstanding 20 the provisions of Article III, Section 2 of this constitution, such law may be 21 introduced and considered in any regular session of the legislature.

22 (2)(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this constitution to the 23 contrary, adjustments to any constitutionally protected or mandated allocations or 24 appropriations, and transfer of monies associated with such adjustments, are 25 authorized when state general fund allocations or appropriations have been reduced 26 in an aggregate amount equal to at least seven-tenths of one percent of the total of 27 such allocations and appropriations for a fiscal year. Such adjustments may not 28 exceed five percent of the total appropriation or allocation from a fund for the fiscal 29 year. For purposes of this Subsubparagraph, reductions to expenditures required by

Page 20 of 107

1 Article VIII, Section 13(B) of this constitution shall not exceed one percent and such 2 reductions shall not be applicable to instructional activities included within the 3 meaning of instruction pursuant to the Minimum Foundation Program formula. 4 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this constitution to the contrary, monies transferred as a result of such budget adjustments are deemed available for 5 6 appropriation and expenditure in the year of the transfer from one fund to another, 7 but in no event shall the aggregate amount of any transfers exceed the amount of the 8 deficit.

9 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this constitution to the contrary, 10 for the purposes of the budget estimate and enactment of the budget for the next 11 fiscal year, when the official forecast of recurring revenues for the next fiscal year 12 is at least one percent less than the official forecast for the current fiscal year, the following procedure may be employed to avoid a budget deficit in the next fiscal 13 14 year. An amount not to exceed five percent of the total appropriations or allocations 15 for the current fiscal year from any fund established by law or this constitution shall 16 be available for expenditure in the next fiscal year for a purpose other than as 17 specifically provided by law or this constitution. For the purposes of this 18 Subsubparagraph, an amount not to exceed one percent of the current fiscal year 19 appropriation for expenditures required by Article VIII, Section 13(B) of this 20 constitution shall be available for expenditures for other purposes in the next fiscal 21 year. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this constitution to the contrary, 22 monies made available as authorized under this Subsubparagraph may be transferred 23 to a fund for which revenues have been forecast to be less than the revenues in the 24 current fiscal year for such fund. Monies transferred as a result of the budget actions 25 authorized by this Subsubparagraph are deemed available for appropriation and 26 expenditure, but in no event shall the aggregate amount of any such transfers exceed 27 the amount of the difference between the official forecast for the current fiscal year 28 and the next fiscal year.

Page 21 of 107

(c) The legislature may provide by law for the implementation of the provisions of this Subparagraph.

3 (3) If within thirty days of the determination that appropriations will exceed 4 the official forecast the necessary adjustments in appropriations are not made to eliminate the projected deficit, the governor shall call a special session of the 5 6 legislature for this purpose unless the legislature is in regular session. This special 7 session shall commence as soon as possible as allowed by the provisions of this 8 constitution, including but not limited to Article III, Section 2(B). 9 (4) The provisions of Subparagraphs (1) and (2) of this Paragraph shall not 10 be applicable to, nor affect: 11 (a) The Bond Security and Redemption Fund or any bonds secured thereby, 12 or any other funds pledged as security for bonds or other evidences of indebtedness. 13 (b) The allocations provided for by Article VII, Section 4(D) and (E) of this 14 constitution. 15 (c) The contributions made in accordance with Article X, Section 29(E) of 16 this constitution. 17 (d) The Louisiana Education Quality Trust Fund as defined in Article VII, 18 Section 10.1(A)(1) of this constitution. 19 (e) The Millennium Trust as provided in Article VII, Section 10.8 of this 20 constitution, except for appropriations from the trust. 21 (f) Any monies not required to be deposited in the state treasury as provided 22 in Article VII, Section 9 of this constitution. 23 (g) The Medicaid Trust Fund for the Elderly created under the provisions of 24 R.S. 46:2691 et seq. 25 (h) The Revenue Stabilization Trust Fund, as provided in Article VII, Section 10.15 of this constitution. 26 27 (i) The Louisiana Unclaimed Property Permanent Trust Fund, as provided in 28 Article VII, Section 28 of this Constitution.

1	(j) The State Cybersecurity and Information Technology Infrastructure Fund,
2	as provided in Article VII, Section 10.17 of this constitution.
3	(G) Year End Deficit. If a deficit exists in any fund at the end of a fiscal
4	year, that deficit shall be eliminated no later than the end of the next fiscal year.
5	(H) Publication. The legislature shall have published a regular statement of
6	receipts and expenditures of all state money at intervals of not more than one year.
7	(I) Public Purpose. No appropriation shall be made except for a public
8	purpose.
9	(J) Definition of Funds. For the purposes of this Article, the state general
10	fund and dedicated funds shall be all money required to be deposited in the state
11	treasury, except that money the origin of which is:
12	(1) The federal government.
13	(2) Self-generated collections by any entity subject to the policy and
14	management authority established by Article VIII, Sections 5 through 7.
15	(3) A transfer from another state agency, board, or commission.
16	(4) The provisions of this Paragraph shall not apply to or affect funds
17	allocated by Article VII, Section 4, Paragraphs (D) and (E).
18	§10-A. Wildlife and Fisheries; Conservation Fund
19	Section 10-A. (A) Conservation Fund. Effective July 1, 1988, there shall
20	be established in the state treasury, as a special fund, the Louisiana Wildlife and
21	Fisheries Conservation Fund, hereinafter referred to as the Conservation Fund. Out
22	of the funds remaining in the Bond Security and Redemption Fund after a sufficient
23	amount is allocated from that fund to pay all obligations secured by the full faith and
24	credit of the state which become due and payable within any fiscal year as required
25	by Article VII, Section 9(B) of this constitution, the treasurer shall pay into the
26	Conservation Fund all of the following, except as provided in Article VII, Section
27	9(A), and except for the amount provided in R.S. 56:10(B)(1)(a) as that provision
28	existed on the effective date of this Section:

Page 23 of 107

1	(1) All revenue from the types and classes of fees, licenses, permits,
2	royalties, or other revenue paid into the Conservation Fund as provided by law on
3	the effective date of this Section. Such revenue shall be deposited in the
4	Conservation Fund even if the names of such fees, licenses, permits, or other
5	revenues are changed.
6	Any increase in the amount charged for such fees, licenses, permits, royalties,
7	and other revenue, or any new fee, license, permit, royalty, or other revenue, enacted
8	by the legislature after the effective date of this Section, shall be irrevocably
9	dedicated and deposited in the Conservation Fund unless the legislature enacts a law
10	specifically appropriating or dedicating such revenue to another fund or purpose.
11	(2) The balance remaining on June 30, 1988 in the Conservation Fund
12	established pursuant to R.S. 56:10.
13	(3)(2) All funds or revenues which may be donated expressly to the
14	Conservation Fund.
15	(B) The monies in the Conservation Fund shall be appropriated by the
16	legislature to the Department of Wildlife and Fisheries, or its successor, and shall be
17	used solely for the programs and purposes of conservation, protection, preservation,
18	management, and replenishment of the state's natural resources and wildlife,
19	including use for land acquisition or for federal matching fund programs which
20	promote such purposes, and for the operation and administration of the Department
21	and the Wildlife and Fisheries Commission, or their successors.
22	(C) All unexpended and unencumbered monies in the Conservation Fund at
23	the end of the fiscal year shall remain in the fund. The monies in the fund shall be
24	invested by the treasurer in the manner provided by law. All interest earned on
25	monies invested by the treasurer shall be deposited in the fund. The treasurer shall
26	prepare and submit to the department on a quarterly basis a printed report showing
27	the amount of money contained in the fund from all sources.

Page 24 of 107

§10.1. Quality Trust Fund; Education

2 Section 10.1.(A) Louisiana Education Quality Trust Fund. (1) Effective 3 January 1, 1987, there shall be established in the state treasury as a special permanent 4 trust fund the Louisiana Education Quality Trust Fund, hereinafter referred to as the 5 "Permanent Trust Fund." After allocation of money to the Bond Security and 6 Redemption Fund as provided in Article VII, Section 9(B) of this constitution, and notwithstanding Article XIV, Section 10 of this constitution, the treasurer shall 7 8 deposit in and credit to the Permanent Trust Fund all money which is received after 9 the first one hundred million dollars from the federal government under Section 10 1337(g) of Title 43 of the United States Code which is attributable to mineral 11 production activity or leasing activity on the Outer Continental Shelf which has been 12 held in escrow pending a settlement between the United States and the state of 13 Louisiana; twenty-five percent of the recurring revenues received under Section 14 1337(g) of Title 43 of the United States Code which are attributable to mineral 15 production activity or leasing activity on the Outer Continental Shelf; twenty-five 16 percent of the interest income earned on investment of monies in the Permanent 17 Trust Fund; seventy-five percent of the realized capital gains on investment of the 18 Permanent Trust Fund, unless such percentage is changed by law enacted by two-19 thirds of the elected members of each house of the legislature; and twenty-five 20 percent of the dividend income earned on investment of the Permanent Trust Fund. 21 No appropriation shall be made from the Permanent Trust Fund. If any such money 22 has been received prior to the effective date of this Section, the treasurer shall 23 transfer from the state general fund to the Permanent Trust Fund on the effective date 24 of this Section an amount of money which shall make the Permanent Trust Fund 25 balance equal to the amount of such money previously received, except for the first 26 one hundred million dollars. After six hundred million dollars has been credited to 27 the Permanent Trust Fund, the sum of fifty million dollars shall be credited to the 28 Coastal Environment Protection Trust Fund, as established in R.S. 30:313, from 29 those monies received from the federal government under Section 1337(g) of Title

Page 25 of 107

43 of the United States Code which is attributable to mineral production activity or
 leasing activity on the Outer Continental Shelf and which has been held in escrow
 pending a settlement between the United States and the state of Louisiana; all funds
 in excess of seven hundred fifty million dollars shall be credited to the Permanent
 Trust Fund.

6 (2) After allocation of money to the Bond Security and Redemption Fund as 7 provided in Article VII, Section 9(B) of the constitution, and notwithstanding Article 8 XIV, Section 10 of the constitution, seventy-five percent of the recurring revenues 9 received under Section 1337(g) of Title 43 of the United States Code which are 10 attributable to mineral production activity or leasing activity, and the percent 11 remaining of the realized capital gains and interest income and dividend income 12 earned on investment of the Permanent Trust Fund after the deposit required to the Permanent Trust Fund in Paragraph A(1) of this Section shall be deposited and 13 14 credited to a special fund which is hereby created in the state treasury and which 15 shall be known as the Louisiana Quality Education Support Fund, hereinafter referred to as the "Support Fund". 16

(3) All recurring revenues and interest earnings shall be credited to the
respective funds as provided in Subparagraphs (1) and (2) above until the balance in
the Permanent Trust Fund equals two billion dollars. After the Permanent Trust
Fund reaches a balance of two billion dollars, all interest earnings on the Permanent
Trust Fund shall be credited to the Support Fund and all recurring revenues shall be
credited to the State General Fund.

(B) Investment. The money credited to the Permanent Trust Fund pursuant
to Paragraph (A) of this Section shall be permanently credited to the Permanent Trust
Fund and shall be invested by the treasurer. Notwithstanding any provision of this
constitution or other law to the contrary, a portion of money in the Permanent Trust
Fund, not to exceed thirty-five percent, may be invested in stock. The legislature
shall provide for procedures for the investment of such monies by law. The treasurer
shall contract, subject to the approval of the State Bond Commission, for the

Page 26 of 107

management of such investments. The amounts in the Support Fund shall be
available for appropriation to pay expenses incurred in the investment and
management of the Permanent Trust Fund and for educational purposes only as
provided in Paragraphs (C) and (D) of this Section.

5 (C) Reports; Allocation. (1) The State Board of Elementary and Secondary 6 Education and the Board of Regents shall annually submit to the legislature and the 7 governor not less than sixty days prior to the beginning of each regular session of the 8 legislature a proposed program and budget for the expenditure of the monies in the 9 Support Fund. Proposals for such expenditures shall be designed to improve the 10 quality of education and shall specifically designate those monies to be used for 11 administrative costs, as defined and authorized by law.

(2) Except for appropriations to pay expenses incurred in the investment and
management of the Permanent Trust Fund, the legislature shall appropriate from the
Support Fund only for educational purposes provided in Paragraph (D) of this
Section and shall appropriate fifty percent of the available funds for higher
educational purposes and fifty percent for elementary and secondary educational
purposes. Those monies to be used for administrative costs shall be expended for
such purposes only if so approved and appropriated by the legislature.

(3) The legislature shall appropriate the total amount intended for higher
educational purposes to the Board of Regents and the total amount intended for
elementary and secondary educational purposes to the State Board of Elementary and
Secondary Education which boards shall allocate the monies so appropriated to the
programs as previously approved by the legislature.

(4) The monies appropriated by the legislature and disbursed from the
Support Fund shall not displace, replace, or supplant appropriations from the general
fund for elementary and secondary education, including implementing the Minimum
Foundation Program, or displace, replace, or supplant funding for higher education.
For elementary and secondary education and for higher education, this Paragraph
shall mean that no appropriation for any fiscal year from the Support Fund shall be

Page 27 of 107

1	made for any purpose for which a general fund appropriation was made in the
2	previous year unless the total appropriations for that fiscal year from the state general
3	fund for such purpose exceed general fund appropriations for the previous year. This
4	Paragraph shall in no way limit general fund appropriations in excess of the
5	minimum amounts herein established.
6	(D) Disbursement; Higher Education and Elementary and Secondary
7	Education.
8	(1) The treasurer shall disburse not more than fifty percent of the monies in
9	the Support Fund as that money is appropriated by the legislature and allocated by
10	the Board of Regents for any or all of the following higher educational purposes to
11	enhance economic development:
12	(a) The carefully defined research efforts of public and private universities
13	in Louisiana.
14	(b) The endowment of chairs for eminent scholars.
15	(c) The enhancement of the quality of academic, research, or agricultural
16	departments or units within a community college, college, or university. These funds
17	shall not be used for athletic purposes or programs.
18	(d) The recruitment of superior graduate students.
19	(2) The treasurer shall disburse not more than fifty percent of the monies in
20	the Support Fund as that money is appropriated by the legislature and allocated by
21	the State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education for any or all of the
22	following elementary and secondary educational purposes:
23	(a) To provide compensation to city or parish school board professional
24	instructional employees.
25	(b) To insure an adequate supply of superior textbooks, library books,
26	equipment, and other instructional materials.
27	(c) To fund exemplary programs in elementary and secondary schools
28	designed to improve elementary or secondary student academic achievement or
29	vocational-technical skill.

Page 28 of 107

1	(d) To fund carefully defined research efforts, including pilot programs,
2	designed to improve elementary and secondary student academic achievement.
3	(e) To fund school remediation programs and preschool programs.
4	(f) To fund the teaching of foreign languages in elementary and secondary
5	schools.
6	(g) To fund an adequate supply of teachers by providing scholarships or
7	stipends to prospective teachers in academic or vocational-technical areas where
8	there is a critical teacher shortage.
9	§10.2. Coastal Protection and Restoration Fund
10	Section 10.2(A) There shall be established in the state treasury the Coastal
11	Protection and Restoration Fund to provide a dedicated, recurring source of revenues
12	for the development and implementation of a program to protect and restore
13	Louisiana's coastal area.
14	Of revenues received in each fiscal year by the state as a result of the
15	production of or exploration for minerals, hereinafter referred to as mineral revenues
16	from severance taxes, royalty payments, bonus payments, or rentals, and excluding
17	such revenues received by the state as a result of grants or donations when the terms
18	or conditions thereof require otherwise, the treasurer shall make the following
19	allocations:
20	(1) To the Bond Security and Redemption Fund as provided in Article VII,
21	Section 9(B) of this constitution.
22	(2) To the political subdivisions of the state as provided in Article VII,
23	Sections 4(D) and (E) of this constitution.
24	(3) As provided by the requirements of Article VII, Sections 10-A and 10.1
25	of this constitution.
26	(B)(1) After making the allocations provided for in Paragraph (A), the
27	treasurer shall then deposit in and credit to the Coastal Protection and Restoration
28	Fund any amount of mineral revenues that may be necessary to insure that a total of
29	five million dollars is deposited into such fund for the fiscal year from this source;

Page 29 of 107

1	provided that the balance of the fund which consists of mineral revenues from
2	severance taxes, royalty payments, bonus payments, or rentals shall not exceed an
3	amount provided by law, but in no event shall the amount provided by law be less
4	than five hundred million dollars.
5	(2) After making the allocations and deposits provided for in Paragraphs (A)
6	and (B)(1) of this Section, the treasurer shall deposit in and credit to the Coastal
7	Protection and Restoration Fund as follows:
8	(a) Ten million dollars of the mineral revenues in excess of six hundred
9	million dollars which remain after the allocations provided for in Paragraph (A) are
10	made by the treasurer.
11	(b) Ten million dollars of the mineral revenues in excess of six hundred fifty
12	million dollars which remain after the allocations provided in Paragraph (A) are
13	made by the treasurer.
14	However, the balance of the fund which consists of mineral revenues from
15	severance taxes, royalty payments, bonus payments, or rentals shall not exceed an
16	amount provided by law, but in no event shall the amount provided by law be less
17	than five hundred million dollars.
18	(C) The money in the fund shall be invested as provided by law and any
19	earnings realized on investment of money in the fund shall be deposited in and
20	credited to the fund. Money from other sources, such as donations, appropriations,
21	or dedications, may be deposited in and credited to the fund; however, the balance
22	of the fund which consists of mineral revenues from severance taxes, royalty
23	payments, bonus payments, or rentals shall not exceed an amount provided by law,
24	but in no event shall the amount provided by law be less than five hundred million
25	dollars. Any unexpended money remaining in the fund at the end of the fiscal year
26	shall be retained in the fund.
27	(D) The money in the fund may be appropriated for purposes consistent with
28	the Coastal Protection Plan developed by the Coastal Protection and Restoration

29 Authority, or its successor.

Page 30 of 107

1	No appropriation shall be made from the fund inconsistent with the purposes
2	of the plan.
3	(E)(1) Subject to Article VII, Sections 9(B) and 10.1 of this constitution, in
4	each fiscal year, the federal revenues that are received by the state generated from
5	Outer Continental Shelf oil and gas activity and eligible, as provided by federal law,
6	to be used for the purposes of this Paragraph shall be deposited and credited by the
7	treasurer to the Coastal Protection and Restoration Fund.
8	(2) Federal revenues credited to the Coastal Protection and Restoration Fund
9	pursuant to this Paragraph shall be used only for the purposes of coastal protection,
10	including conservation, coastal restoration, hurricane protection, and infrastructure
11	directly impacted by coastal wetland losses.
12	(3) The fund balance limitations provided for in Paragraph (B) of this
13	Section relative to the mineral revenues deposited to this fund shall not apply to
14	revenues deposited pursuant to the provisions of this Paragraph.
15	(F)(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of Article VII, Section 10, Article VII,
16	Section 10.3, Article VII, Section 10.8, or any other provision of this constitution to
17	the contrary, if, after July 1, 2006, the state securitizes any portion of the revenues
18	received from the Master Settlement Agreement executed November 23, 1998, and
19	approved by Consent Decree and Final Judgment entered in the case "Richard P.
20	Ieyoub, Attorney General, ex rel. State of Louisiana v. Philip Morris, Incorporated,
21	et al.," bearing Number 98-6473 on the docket of the Fourteenth Judicial District for
22	the parish of Calcasieu, state of Louisiana, the treasurer shall transfer to the fund
23	established in Paragraph $A(A)$ of this Section twenty percent in the aggregate of the
24	revenues received as a result of the securitization occurring after July 1, 2006.
25	(2) The legislature may appropriate up to twenty percent of the funds
26	deposited into the fund pursuant to Subparagraph (1) of this Paragraph to the Barrier
27	Island Stabilization and Preservation Fund to be used for purposes of the Louisiana
28	Coastal Wetlands Conservation and Restoration Program.

Page 31 of 107

1	(3) The fund balance limitations provided for in Paragraph (B) of this
2	Section relative to the mineral revenues deposited to this fund shall not apply to
3	revenues deposited pursuant to the provisions of this Paragraph.
4	§10.3. Budget Stabilization Fund
5	Section 10.3.(A) There is hereby established in the state treasury a Budget
6	Stabilization Fund hereinafter referred to as the fund. Money shall be deposited in
7	the fund as follows:
8	(1) All money available for appropriation from the state general fund and
9	dedicated funds in excess of the expenditure limit, except funds allocated by Article
10	VII, Section 4, Paragraphs (D) and (E), shall be deposited in the fund.
11	(2)(a) All revenues received in each fiscal year by the state in excess of
12	seven hundred fifty million dollars, hereinafter referred to as the base, as a result of
13	the production of or exploration for minerals, hereinafter referred to as mineral
14	revenues, including severance taxes, royalty payments, bonus payments, or rentals,
15	and excluding such revenues designated as nonrecurring pursuant to Article VII,
16	Section 10(B) of the constitution, any such revenues received by the state as a result
17	of grants or donations when the terms or conditions thereof require otherwise, and
18	revenues derived from any tax on the transportation of minerals, shall be deposited
19	in the fund after the following allocations of said mineral revenues have been made:
20	(i) To the Bond Security and Redemption Fund as provided by Article VII,
21	Section 9 (B) of this constitution.
22	(ii) To the political subdivisions of the state as provided in Article VII,
23	Sections 4 (D) and (E) of this constitution.
24	(iii) As provided by the requirements of Article VII, Section 10-A and 10.1
25	of this constitution.
26	(b) The base may be increased every ten years beginning in the year 2000
27	by a law enacted by two-thirds of the elected members of each house of the
28	legislature. Any such increase shall not exceed fifty percent in the aggregate of the
29	increase in the consumer price index for the immediately preceding ten years.

Page 32 of 107

1	(3) Twenty-five percent of any money designated in the official forecast as
2	nonrecurring as provided in Article VII, Section 10(D)(2) of this constitution shall
3	be deposited in and credited to the fund.
4	(4) Any money appropriated to the fund by the legislature including any
5	appropriation to the fund from money designated in the official forecast as provided
6	in Article VII, Section $10(D)(2)$ of this constitution shall be deposited in the fund.
7	(5) An amount equivalent to the money received by the state from the federal
8	government for the reimbursement of costs associated with a federally declared
9	disaster, not to exceed the amount of costs appropriated out of the fund for the same
10	disaster pursuant to Subparagraph (C)(3) of this Section.
11	(B) Money in the fund shall be invested as provided by law. Earnings
12	realized in each fiscal year on the investment of monies in the fund shall be
13	deposited to the credit of the fund. All unexpended and unencumbered monies in the
14	fund at the end of the fiscal year shall remain in the fund.
15	(C) The money in the fund shall not be available for appropriation or use
16	except under the following conditions:
17	(1) If the official forecast of recurring money for the next fiscal year is less
18	than the official forecast of recurring money for the current fiscal year, the
19	difference, not to exceed one-third of the fund shall be incorporated into the next
20	year's official forecast only after the consent of two-thirds of the elected members
21	of each house of the legislature. If the legislature is not in session, the two-thirds
22	requirement may be satisfied upon obtaining the written consent of two-thirds of the
23	elected members of each house of the legislature in a manner provided by law.
24	(2) If a deficit for the current fiscal year is projected due to a decrease in the
25	official forecast, an amount equal to one-third of the fund not to exceed the projected
26	deficit may be appropriated after the consent of two-thirds of the elected members
27	of each house of the legislature. Between sessions of the legislature the
28	appropriation may be made only after the written consent of two-thirds of the elected
29	members of each house of the legislature.

Page 33 of 107

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(3) If there is a federally declared disaster in the state, up to one-third of the fund, not to exceed the state costs associated with the disaster, may be appropriated after the consent of two-thirds of the elected members of each house of the legislature. Between sessions of the legislature, the appropriation may be made only with written consent of two-thirds of the elected members of each house of the legislature.

(4) In no event shall the amount included in the official forecast for the next
fiscal year pursuant to Subparagraph (1) of this Paragraph, plus the amount
appropriated in the current fiscal year pursuant to Subparagraph (2) of this
Paragraph, plus the amount appropriated pursuant to Subparagraph (3) of this
Paragraph exceed one-third of the fund balance at the beginning of the current fiscal
year.

13 (5) No appropriation or deposit to the fund shall be made if such
14 appropriation or deposit would cause the balance in the fund to exceed four percent
15 of total state revenue receipts for the previous fiscal year.

16 §10.4. Higher Education Louisiana Partnership Fund; Program

17 Section 10.4.(A) Higher Education Louisiana Partnership Fund. (1) There 18 is hereby established a special fund in the state treasury to be known as the Higher 19 Education Louisiana Partnership Fund, hereinafter referred to as the "fund", 20 consisting of monies appropriated annually by the legislature, grants, gifts, and 21 donations received by the state for the purposes of this Section, and other revenues 22 as may be provided by law; provided that no such monies shall come from the 23 allocations provided in Article VII, Section 4, Paragraphs (D) and (E) of this 24 constitution.

(2) All unexpended and unencumbered monies in the Higher Education
Louisiana Partnership Fund at the end of a fiscal year shall remain in such fund and
be available for appropriation in the next fiscal year. The monies in the fund shall
be invested by the state treasurer in accordance with state law, and interest earned
on the investment of these monies shall be credited to the fund, after compliance

Page 34 of 107

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with the requirements of Article VII, Section 9(B) of the Constitution of Louisiana, relative to the Bond Security and Redemption Fund.

3 Higher Education Louisiana Partnership Program. (1) Upon **(B)** 4 appropriation by the legislature, the monies in the fund shall be divided into matching grants for the Higher Education Louisiana Partnership Program which shall 5 6 be administered by the Board of Regents. The Board of Regents may allocate 7 program funds to each public or independent institution of higher education on a one 8 to one and one-half matching basis or one twenty thousand dollar state matching 9 grant for each thirty thousand dollars raised specifically for the purposes of 10 participation in the Higher Education Louisiana Partnership Program by the 11 institutions of higher education from private sources. The state matching portion 12 shall be allocated by the Board of Regents only after it determines that an eligible 13 institution has accumulated not less than the minimum required amount from private 14 sources for the purposes of the Higher Education Louisiana Partnership Program.

(2)(a) No public institution of higher education shall be eligible in any given
fiscal year to receive a share of program funds which is greater than that institution's
proportion of the full-time equivalent number of students enrolled in public higher
education in the state.

(b) No independent institution of higher education shall be eligible in any
given fiscal year to receive a share of program funds which is greater than that
institution's proportion of the full-time equivalent number of students enrolled in
independent institutions of higher education in the state.

(c) However, if there are monies which have been appropriated to the fund
but remain on March first of any fiscal year unallocated to any matching grant, then
any participating institution of higher education which has raised the required funds
from private sources may apply for and be awarded the number of additional
matching grants for which unallocated funding is available and which the institution
is able to match. Provided however, that no participating institution shall receive
more than fifty percent of available funds in any fiscal year.

Page 35 of 107

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(d) However, the share of the program funds received annually by independent institutions of higher education shall not exceed fifteen percent in the aggregate of the total amount of program funds available for matching grants under this program.

5 (3) State matching funds shall be applied only to private source funds 6 contributed after July 1, 1991, and pledged for the purposes of this Section as 7 certified by the Board of Regents. Pledged contributions shall not be eligible for 8 state matching funds prior to their actual collection.

9 (4) Each institution of higher education may establish its own Higher 10 Education Louisiana Partnership Program fund as a depository for private 11 contributions and state matching funds as provided herein. The state matching funds 12 allocated by the Board of Regents shall be transferred to an institution upon 13 notification that the institution has received and deposited the necessary private 14 contributions in its own Higher Education Louisiana Partnership Program fund.

15 (5) Each institution of higher education, under the supervision and
16 management of its board, shall have the responsibility for the administration of the
17 Higher Education Louisiana Partnership Program at that institution and for
18 maintenance and investment of its fund. The institution shall be responsible for
19 soliciting and receiving gifts from private sources to be used for the purposes of this
20 Section.

(6) State matching grants from funds allocated for the Higher Education
Louisiana Partnership Program may be made for the purposes of endowed
professorships totaling one hundred thousand dollars or more; endowed
undergraduate scholarships totaling fifty thousand dollars or more; library
acquisitions, laboratory enhancement, or research and instructional equipment
acquisitions totaling fifty thousand dollars or more; or facilities construction or
renovations totaling one hundred thousand dollars or more.

(7) The monies appropriated by the legislature and disbursed from the
 Higher Education Louisiana Partnership Fund shall not displace, replace, or supplant

Page 36 of 107

1	appropriations for higher education from the general fund or from bond proceeds.
2	This shall mean that no disbursement from the fund for a current fiscal year shall be
3	made for any higher education purpose for which an appropriation was made the
4	previous year from the general fund or from bond proceeds unless the total
5	appropriations for the current fiscal year for higher education from the state general
6	fund or from bond proceeds exceed general fund appropriations or bond proceeds
7	appropriations for higher education for the previous year. This requirement shall in
8	no way limit appropriations from the general fund or from bond proceeds in excess
9	of the minimum amounts herein established.
10	(C) Implementation.
11	The legislature shall provide for the implementation of this Section.
12	§10.5. Mineral Revenue Audit and Settlement Fund
13	Section 10.5.(A) There shall be established in the state treasury the Mineral
14	Revenue Audit and Settlement Fund, hereinafter referred to as the "fund". Of
15	revenues received in each fiscal year by the state through settlements or judgments
16	which equal, in both principal and interest, five million dollars or more for each such
17	settlement or judgment, resulting from underpayment to the state of severance taxes,
18	royalty payments, bonus payments, or rentals, the treasurer shall make the following
19	allocations as required:
20	(1) To the Bond Security and Redemption Fund as provided in Article VII,
21	Section 9(B) of this constitution.
22	(2) To the political subdivisions of the state as provided in Article VII,
23	Section 4(D) and (E) of this constitution.
24	(3) As provided by the requirements of Article VII, Sections 10-A, 10.1,
25	10.2, and 10.3 of this constitution.
26	(B) After making the allocations provided for in Paragraph (A), the treasurer
27	shall then deposit in and credit to the Mineral Revenue Audit and Settlement Fund
28	any such remaining revenues. Any revenues deposited in and credited to the fund
29	shall be considered mineral revenues from severance taxes, royalty payments, bonus

Page 37 of 107

1 payments, or rentals for purposes of determining deposits and credits to be made in 2 and to the Coastal Protection and Restoration Fund as provided in Article VII, 3 Section 10.2 of this constitution. Any revenues deposited in and credited to the fund 4 shall not be considered mineral revenues for purposes of the Budget Stabilization 5 Fund as provided in Article VII, Section 10.3 of this constitution. Money in the fund 6 shall be invested as provided by law. The earnings realized in each fiscal year on the 7 investment of monies in the Mineral Revenue Audit and Settlement Fund shall be 8 deposited in and credited to the Mineral Revenue Audit and Settlement Fund.

9 (C) After making the allocations provided for in Paragraph Paragraphs (A) 10 and (B), the treasurer shall credit thirty-five million dollars to the Coastal Protection 11 and Restoration Fund, and thereafter any monies credited to the fund in any fiscal 12 year may be annually appropriated by the legislature only for the purposes of 13 retirement in advance of maturity through redemption, purchase, or repayment of 14 debt of the state, pursuant to a plan proposed by the State Bond Commission to 15 maximize the savings to the state; for payments against the unfunded accrued 16 liability of the public retirement systems which are in addition to any payments 17 required for the annual amortization of the unfunded accrued liability of the public retirement systems, required by Article X, Section 29 of this constitution; however, 18 19 any such payment to the public retirement systems shall not be used, directly or 20 indirectly, to fund cost-of-living increases for such systems; and for deposit in the 21 Coastal Protection and Restoration Fund.

22 §10.6. Oilfield Site Restoration Fund

23 Section 10.6.(A) Oilfield Site Restoration Fund. Effective January 4, 1996, 24 there shall be established in the state treasury, as a special fund, the Oilfield Site 25 Restoration Fund, hereinafter referred to as the restoration fund. Out of the funds 26 remaining in the Bond Security and Redemption Fund after a sufficient amount is 27 allocated from that fund to pay all obligations secured by the full faith and credit of 28 the state which become due and payable within any fiscal year as required by Article

Page 38 of 107

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VII, Section 9(B) of this constitution, the treasurer shall pay into the restoration fund all of the following:

(1)(a) All revenue from the types and classes of fees, penalties, other
revenues, or judgments associated with site cleanup activities paid into the
restoration fund as provided by law on the effective date of this Section. Such
revenue shall be deposited in the restoration fund even if the names of such fees,
other revenues, or penalties are changed.

8 (b) Any increase in the amount charged for such fees, penalties, other 9 revenues, or judgments associated with site cleanup activities enacted by the 10 legislature after the effective date of this Section, for the purpose of orphaned oilfield 11 site restoration shall be irrevocably dedicated and deposited in the restoration fund.

12 (2) The balance remaining on January 4, 1996 in the Oilfield Site Restoration
13 Fund established by law.

14 (3) All funds or revenues which may be donated expressly to the restoration15 fund.

16

(4) All site-specific trust account funds established by law.

17 (B) The monies in the restoration fund shall be appropriated by the
18 legislature to the Department of Natural Resources, or its successor, and shall be
19 used solely for the programs and purposes of oilfield site restoration as required by
20 law.

(C) All unexpended and unencumbered monies in the restoration fund at the
end of the fiscal year shall remain in the fund. The monies in the fund shall be
invested by the treasurer in the manner provided by law. All interest earned on
monies invested by the treasurer shall be deposited in the fund. The treasurer shall
prepare and submit to the department on a quarterly basis a printed report showing
the amount of money contained in the fund from all sources.

(D) The provisions of this Section shall not apply to or affect funds allocated
by Article VII, Section 4, Paragraphs (D) and (E).

§10.7. Oil Spill Contingency Fund

2 Section 10.7.(A) Oil Spill Contingency Fund. Effective January 4, 1996, 3 there shall be established in the state treasury, as a special fund, the Oil Spill 4 Contingency Fund, hereinafter referred to as the contingency fund. Out of the funds 5 remaining in the Bond Security and Redemption Fund after a sufficient amount is 6 allocated from that fund to pay all obligations secured by the full faith and credit of 7 the state which become due and payable within any fiscal year as required by Article 8 VII, Section 9(B) of this constitution, the treasurer shall pay into the contingency 9 fund all of the following, on the effective date of this Section:

(1)(a) All revenue from the types and classes of fees, taxes, penalties,
judgments, reimbursements, charges, and federal funds collected or other revenue
paid into the contingency fund as provided by law on the effective date of this
Section. Such revenue shall be deposited in the contingency fund even if the names
of such fees, taxes, penalties, judgments, reimbursements, charges, and federal funds
collected or other revenues are changed.

(b) Any increase in the amount charged for such fees, taxes, penalties,
judgments, reimbursements, charges, and federal funds collected or other revenue,
or any new fees, taxes, penalties, judgments, reimbursements, charges, and federal
funds collected or other revenue enacted by the legislature for the purposes of
abatement and containment of actual or threatened unauthorized discharges of oil
after the effective date of this Section, shall be irrevocably dedicated and deposited
in the contingency fund.

- 23 (2) The balance remaining on January 4, 1996 in the Oil Spill Contingency
 24 Fund established by law.
- 25 (3) All funds or revenues which may be donated expressly to the26 contingency fund.

(B) The monies in the contingency fund shall be appropriated by the
legislature to be used solely for the programs and purposes of abatement and
containment of actual or threatened unauthorized discharges of oil as provided by

Page 40 of 107

1 law; and for administrative expenses associated with such programs and purposes as 2 provided by law. 3 (C) All unexpended and unencumbered monies in the contingency fund at 4 the end of the fiscal year shall remain in the fund. The monies in the fund shall be invested by the treasurer in the manner provided by law. All interest earned on 5 6 monies invested by the treasurer shall be deposited in the fund. The balance of the 7 fund shall not exceed thirty million dollars or otherwise as provided by law. 8 (D) The provisions of this Section shall not apply to or affect funds allocated 9 by Article VII, Section 4, Paragraphs (D) and (E). 10 §10.8. Millennium Trust 11 Section 10.8. Millennium Trust 12 (A) Creation 13 (1) There shall be established in the state treasury as a special permanent 14 trust the "Millennium Trust". After allocation of money to the Bond Security and 15 Redemption Fund as provided in Article VII, Section 9(B) of this constitution, the 16 treasurer shall deposit in and credit to the Millennium Trust certain monies received 17 as a result of the Master Settlement Agreement, hereinafter the "Settlement Agreement", executed November 23, 1998, and approved by Consent Decree and 18 19 Final Judgment entered in the case "Richard P. Ieyoub, Attorney General, ex rel. 20 State of Louisiana v. Philip Morris, Incorporated, et al.", bearing Number 98-6473 21 on the docket of the Fourteenth Judicial District for the parish of Calcasieu, state of 22 Louisiana; and all dividend and interest income and all realized capital gains on 23 investment of the monies in the Millennium Trust. The treasurer shall deposit in and 24 credit to the Millennium Trust the following amounts of monies received as a result 25 of the Settlement Agreement: 26 (a) Fiscal Year 2000-2001, forty-five percent of the total monies received 27 that year. 28 (b) Fiscal Year 2001-2002, sixty percent of the total monies received that 29 vear.

Page 41 of 107

1 (c) Fiscal Year 2002-2003 and each fiscal year thereafter, seventy-five 2 percent of the total monies received as a result of the Settlement Agreement that year. However, beginning in Fiscal Year 2011-2012 after the balance in the 3 4 Millennium Trust reaches a total of one billion three hundred eighty million dollars, the monies deposited in and credited to the Millennium Trust, received as a result of 5 6 the Settlement Agreement, shall be allocated to the various funds within the 7 Millennium Trust as provided in Subsubparagraphs (2)(b), (3)(b), and (4)(b) and (c) 8 of this Paragraph. 9 (d) For Fiscal Year 2000-2001, Fiscal Year 2001-2002, and Fiscal Year 10 2002-2003, ten percent of the total monies received in each of those years for credit

11to the Education Excellence Fund which, notwithstanding the provisions of12Subparagraph (C)(1) of this Section, shall be appropriated for the purposes provided13in Subsubparagraph (d) of Subparagraph (3) of Paragraph (C) of this Section.

(2)(a) The Health Excellence Fund shall be established as a special fund
within the Millennium Trust. The treasurer shall credit to the Health Excellence Fund
one-third of the Settlement Agreement proceeds deposited each year into the
Millennium Trust, and one-third of all investment earnings on the investment of the
Millennium Trust. The treasurer shall report annually to the legislature as to the
amount of Millennium Trust investment earnings credited to the Health Excellence
Fund.

(b) Beginning Fiscal Year 2011-2012, and each fiscal year thereafter, the
treasurer shall credit to the Health Excellence Fund one-third of all investment
earnings on the investment of the Millennium Trust. The treasurer shall report
annually to the legislature as to the amount of Millennium Trust investment earnings
credited to the Health Excellence Fund.

(c) Beginning on July 1, 2012, after allocation of money to the Bond
Security and Redemption Fund as provided in Article VII, Section 9(B) of this
constitution, the state treasurer shall deposit in and credit to the Health Excellence

Page 42 of 107

2

Fund an amount equal to the revenues derived from the tax levied pursuant to R.S. 47:841(B)(3).

(3)(a) The Education Excellence Fund shall be established as a special fund
within the Millennium Trust. The treasurer shall credit to the Education Excellence
Fund one-third of the Settlement Agreement proceeds deposited each year into the
Millennium Trust, and one-third of all investment earnings on the investment of the
Millennium Trust. The treasurer shall report annually to the legislature and the state
superintendent of education as to the amount of Millennium Trust investment
earnings credited to the Education Excellence Fund.

(b) Beginning Fiscal Year 2011-2012, and each fiscal year thereafter, the
treasurer shall credit to the Education Excellence Fund one-third of all investment
earnings on the investment of the Millennium Trust. The treasurer shall report
annually to the legislature and the state superintendent of education as to the amount
of Millennium Trust investment earnings credited to the Education Excellence Fund.

(4)(a) The TOPS Fund shall be established as a special fund within the
Millennium Trust. The treasurer shall deposit in and credit to the TOPS Fund onethird of the Settlement Agreement proceeds deposited into the Millennium Trust, and
one-third of all investment earnings on the investment of the Millennium Trust. The
treasurer shall report annually to the legislature as to the amount of Millennium Trust
investment earnings credited to the TOPS Fund.

(b) Beginning Fiscal Year 2011-2012, and each fiscal year thereafter, the
treasurer shall credit to the TOPS Fund one hundred percent of the Settlement
Agreement proceeds deposited into the Millennium Trust, and one-third of all
investment earnings on the investment of the Millennium Trust. The treasurer shall
report annually to the legislature as to the amount of Millennium Trust Settlement
Agreement proceeds and investment earnings credited to the TOPS Fund.

(c) Upon the effective date of this Subsubparagraph, the state treasurer shall
 deposit, transfer, or otherwise credit funds in an amount equal to such Settlement
 Agreement proceeds deposited in and credited to the Millennium Trust received by

Page 43 of 107

2

the state between April 1, 2011 and the effective date of this Subsubparagraph to the TOPS Fund.

3 (5) The amount of Settlement Agreement revenues deposited in the 4 Millennium Trust and credited to the respective funds may be increased and the 5 amount of such revenues deposited into the Louisiana Fund may be decreased by a 6 specific legislative instrument which receives a favorable vote of two-thirds of the 7 elected members of each house of the legislature.

8 (B) Investment. Monies credited to the Millennium Trust pursuant to 9 Paragraph (A) of this Section shall be invested by the treasurer with the same 10 authority and subject to the same restrictions as the Louisiana Education Quality 11 Trust Fund. However, the portion of monies in the Millennium Trust which may be 12 invested in stock may be increased to no more than fifty percent by a specific 13 legislative instrument which receives a favorable vote of two-thirds of the elected 14 members of each house of the legislature. The legislature shall provide for 15 procedures for the investment of such monies by law. The treasurer may contract, 16 subject to the approval of the State Bond Commission, for the management of such 17 investments and, if a contract is entered into, amounts necessary to pay the costs of 18 the contract shall be appropriated from the Millennium Trust.

19 (C) Appropriations. (1)(a) Appropriations from the Education Excellence 20 Fund shall be limited to an annual amount not to exceed the estimated aggregate 21 annual earnings from interest, dividends, and realized capital gains on investment of 22 the trust allocated as provided by Paragraph (A) of this Section and as recognized by 23 the Revenue Estimating Conference. Amounts determined to be available for 24 appropriation shall be those aggregate investment earnings which are in excess of an 25 inflation factor as determined by the Revenue Estimating Conference. The amount 26 of realized capital gains on investment which may be included in the aggregate 27 earnings available for appropriation in any year shall not exceed the aggregate of 28 earnings from interest and dividends for that year.

Page 44 of 107

1	(b)(i) For Fiscal Year 2011-2012, appropriations from the Health Excellence
2	Fund shall be limited to an annual amount not to exceed the estimated aggregate
3	annual earnings from interest, dividends, and realized capital gains on investment of
4	the trust and credited to the Health Excellence Fund as provided by Subsubparagraph
5	(A)(2)(b) of this Section and as recognized by the Revenue Estimating Conference.
6	(ii) For Fiscal Year 2012-2013, and each fiscal year thereafter,
7	appropriations from the Health Excellence Fund shall be limited to an annual amount
8	not to exceed the estimated aggregate annual earnings from interest, dividends, and
9	realized capital gains on investment of the trust and credited to the Health Excellence
10	Fund as provided by Subsubparagraph (A)(2)(b) of this Section and as recognized
11	by the Revenue Estimating Conference and the amount of proceeds credited to and
12	deposited into the Health Excellence Fund as provided by Subsubparagraph $(A)(2)(c)$
13	of this Section.
14	(c)(i) For Fiscal Year 2011-2012, appropriations from the TOPS Fund shall
15	be limited to the amount of Settlement Agreement proceeds credited to and deposited
16	into the TOPS Fund as provided by Subsubparagraphs (A)(4)(b) and (c) of this
17	Section, and an annual amount not to exceed the estimated aggregate annual earnings
18	from interest, dividends, and realized capital gains on investment of the trust and
19	credited to the TOPS Fund as provided by Subsubparagraph (A)(4)(b) of this Section
20	and as recognized by the Revenue Estimating Conference.
21	(ii) For Fiscal Year 2012-2013, and each fiscal year thereafter,
22	appropriations from the TOPS Fund shall be limited to the amount of annual
23	Settlement Agreement proceeds credited to and deposited into the TOPS Fund as

provided in Subsubparagraph (A)(4)(b) of this Section, and an annual amount not to
exceed the estimated aggregate annual earnings from interest, dividends, and realized
capital gains on investment of the trust and credited to the TOPS Fund as provided
in Subsubparagraph (A)(4)(b) of this Section and as recognized by the Revenue
Estimating Conference.

Page 45 of 107

1	(iii) (ii) Further, for Fiscal Year 2011-2012, and each fiscal year thereafter,
2	amounts determined to be available for appropriation from the TOPS Fund from
3	interest earnings shall be those aggregate investment earnings which are in excess
4	of an inflation factor as determined by the Revenue Estimating Conference. The
5	amount of realized capital gains on investment which may be included in the
6	aggregate earnings available for appropriation in any year shall not exceed the
7	aggregate of earnings from interest and dividends for that year.
8	(2) Appropriations from the Health Excellence Fund shall be restricted to the
9	following purposes:
10	(a) Initiatives to ensure the optimal development of Louisiana's children
11	through the provision of appropriate health care, including children's health
12	insurance, services provided by school-based health clinics, rural health clinics, and
13	primary care clinics, and early childhood intervention programs targeting children
14	from birth through age four including programs to reduce infant mortality.
15	(b) Initiatives to benefit the citizens of Louisiana with respect to health care
16	through pursuit of innovation in advanced health care sciences, and the provision of
17	comprehensive chronic disease management services.
18	(c) Each appropriation from the Health Excellence Fund shall include
19	performance expectations to ensure accountability in the expenditure of such monies.
20	(3) Appropriations from the Education Excellence Fund shall be limited as
21	follows:
22	(a) Fifteen percent of monies available for appropriation in any fiscal year
23	from the Education Excellence Fund shall be appropriated to the state superintendent
24	of education for distribution on behalf of all children attending private elementary
25	and secondary schools that have been approved by the State Board of Elementary
26	and Secondary Education, both academically and as required for such school to
27	receive money from the state.
28	(b) Appropriations shall be made each year to the Louisiana Educational
29	Television Authority in the amount of seventy-five thousand dollars and to the

1 Louisiana School for the Deaf, the Louisiana School for the Visually Impaired, the 2 Louisiana Special Education Center in Alexandria, the Jimmy D. Long, Sr. Louisiana 3 School for Math, Science, and the Arts, the New Orleans Center for Creative Arts, 4 the Louis Armstrong High School for the Arts, and Thrive Academy, after such 5 schools are operational, to provide for a payment to each school of seventy-five 6 thousand dollars plus an allocation for each pupil equal to the average statewide per 7 pupil amount provided each city, parish, and local school system pursuant to 8 Subsubparagraph (e) (d) of this Subparagraph.

9 (c) Appropriations may be made for independent public schools approved 10 by the State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education or any city, parish, or 11 other local school system, laboratory schools approved by the State Board of 12 Elementary and Secondary Education and operated by a public postsecondary 13 education institution, and for alternative schools and programs which are authorized 14 and approved by the State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education but are not 15 subject to the jurisdiction and management of any city, parish, or local school system 16 to provide for an allocation for each pupil, which shall be the average statewide per 17 pupil amount provided in each city, parish, or local school system pursuant to 18 Subsubparagraph (e) (d) of this Subparagraph.

19 (e) (d) Beginning Fiscal Year 2007-2008 and for each fiscal year thereafter, 20 of the monies available for appropriation after providing for the purposes enumerated 21 in Subsubparagraphs (a), (b), and (c) of this Subparagraph, one hundred percent of 22 the monies available for appropriation in any fiscal year shall be appropriated for 23 each city, parish, and other local school system on a pro rata basis which is based on 24 the ratio of the student population of that school or school system to that of the total 25 state student population as contained in the most recent Minimum Foundation 26 Program.

27 (f) (e) Monies appropriated pursuant to this Subparagraph shall be restricted
 28 to expenditure for pre-kindergarten through twelfth grade instructional enhancement
 29 for students, including early childhood education programs focused on enhancing the

Page 47 of 107

preparation of at-risk children for school, remedial instruction, and assistance to children who fail to achieve the required scores on any tests passage of which are required pursuant to state law or rule for advancement to a succeeding grade or other educational programs approved by the legislature. Expenditures for maintenance or renovation of buildings, capital improvements, and increases in employee salaries are prohibited. The state superintendent of education shall be responsible for allocating all money due private schools.

8 (g) (f) Each recipient entity shall annually prepare and submit to the state 9 Department of Education, hereinafter the "department", a prioritized plan for 10 expenditure of funds it expects to receive in the coming year from the Education 11 Excellence Fund. The plan shall include performance expectations to ensure 12 accountability in the expenditure of such monies. The department shall review such 13 plans for compliance with the requirements of this Subparagraph and to assure that 14 the expenditure plans will support excellence in educational practice. No funds may 15 be distributed to a recipient entity until its plan has received both legislative and 16 departmental approval as provided by law.

17 (h) (g) No amount appropriated as required in this Paragraph shall displace, 18 replace, or supplant appropriations from the general fund for elementary and 19 secondary education, including implementing the Minimum Foundation Program. 20 This Subsubparagraph shall mean that no appropriation for any fiscal year from the 21 Education Excellence Fund shall be made for any purpose for which a general fund 22 appropriation was made in the previous year unless the total appropriations for the 23 fiscal year from the state general fund for such purpose exceed general fund 24 appropriations of the previous year. Nor shall any money allocated to a city or parish 25 school board pursuant to this Paragraph displace, replace, or supplant locally 26 generated revenue, which means that no allocation to any city or parish school board 27 from the investment earnings attributable to the Education Excellence Fund shall be 28 expended for any purpose for which a local revenue source was expended for that 29 purpose for the previous year unless the total of the local revenue amount expended

Page 48 of 107

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that fiscal year exceeds the total of such local revenue amounts for the previous fiscal year.

(i) (h) The treasurer shall maintain within the state treasury a record of the
amounts appropriated and credited for each entity through appropriations authorized
in this Subparagraph and which remain in the state treasury. Notwithstanding any
other provisions of this constitution to the contrary, such amounts, and investment
earnings attributable to such amounts, shall remain to the credit of each recipient
entity at the close of each fiscal year.

9 (4) Appropriations from the TOPS Fund shall be restricted to support of state 10 programs for financial assistance for students attending Louisiana institutions of 11 postsecondary education.

12 §10.9. Louisiana Fund

Section 10.9. Louisiana Fund

14 (A) The Louisiana Fund is established in the state treasury as a special fund. 15 After allocation of money to the Bond Security and Redemption Fund as provided 16 in Article VII, Section 9(B) of this constitution, the treasurer shall deposit in and 17 credit to the Louisiana Fund all remaining monies received as a result of the 18 Settlement Agreement after deposits into the Millennium Trust as provided in 19 Section 10.8 of this Article, and all interest income on the investment of monies in 20 the Louisiana Fund. Monies in the Louisiana Fund shall be invested by the treasurer 21 in the same manner as the state general fund.

(B) Appropriations from the Louisiana Fund shall be restricted to thefollowing purposes:

(1) Initiatives to ensure the optimal development of Louisiana's children
through enhancement of educational opportunities and the provision of appropriate
health care, which shall include but not be limited to:

27 (a) Early childhood intervention programs targeting children from birth
28 through age four, including programs to reduce infant mortality.

29

(b) Support of state programs for children's health insurance.

Page 49 of 107

1	(c) School-based health clinics, rural health clinics, and primary care clinics.
2	(2) Initiatives to benefit the citizens of Louisiana with respect to health care
3	through pursuit of innovation in advanced health care sciences, provision of
4	comprehensive chronic disease management services, and expenditures for capital
5	improvements for state health care facilities.
6	(3) Provision of direct health care services for tobacco-related illnesses.
7	(4) Initiatives to diminish tobacco-related injury and death to Louisiana's
8	citizens through educational efforts, cessation assistance services, promotion of a
9	tobacco-free lifestyle, and enforcement of the requirements of the Settlement
10	Agreement by the attorney general.
11	(C) Each appropriation from the Louisiana Fund shall include performance
12	expectations to ensure accountability in the expenditure of such monies. Any
13	unexpended and unencumbered monies in each fund at the end of a fiscal year shall
14	remain in the respective fund.
15	§10.10. Millennium Leverage Fund
16	Section 10.10. Millennium Leverage Fund
17	(A) Millennium Leverage Fund. Notwithstanding the provisions of Article
18	VII, Sections 10.8 and 10.9 of this constitution, the legislature may provide, by
19	passage of a specific legislative instrument by a favorable vote of two-thirds of the
20	elected members of each house of the legislature, for the deposit of all or a portion
21	of monies received by the state as a result of the Master Settlement Agreement,
22	hereinafter the "Settlement Agreement", executed November 23, 1998, and approved
23	by Consent Decree and Final Judgment entered in the case "Richard P. Ieyoub,
24	Attorney General, ex rel. State of Louisiana v. Philip Morris, Incorporated, et al.",
25	bearing Number 98-6473 on the docket of the Fourteenth Judicial District for the
26	parish of Calcasieu, state of Louisiana; after satisfying the requirements of Article
27	VII, Section 9(B) of this constitution, into the Millennium Leverage Fund which is
28	hereby established as a special permanent trust fund in the state treasury. The

Page 50 of 107

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(B) Investment. Monies deposited in the Leverage Fund shall be invested and administered by the treasurer. Notwithstanding any provision of this constitution to the contrary, a portion of the monies in the Leverage Fund, not to exceed fifty percent, may be invested in stock. The legislature shall provide for the procedure for the investment of such monies by law. The treasurer shall contract, subject to approval of the State Bond Commission, for the management of such investments. The monies in the Leverage Fund shall be available for appropriation to pay expenses incurred in the investment and management of monies in the fund.

9 (C) Revenue Bonds. The State Bond Commission, or its successor, may 10 issue and sell bonds, notes, or other obligations, hereinafter the "bonds" secured by 11 a pledge of a portion of the monies received by the state as a result of the Settlement 12 Agreement which are otherwise to be deposited in the Leverage Fund as provided 13 in this Section. Such bonds may be issued only in amounts authorized by the 14 legislature by two-thirds of the elected members of each house of the legislature. If 15 settlement revenues are pledged to secure any revenue bonds issued pursuant to this 16 Section, any portion thereof needed to pay principal, interest, or premium, if any, and 17 other obligations incident to the issuance, security, prepayment, defeasance, and 18 payment in respect thereof may be expended by the treasurer without the need for an 19 appropriation, provided that the prepayment or defeasance has been approved by the 20 legislature. Bonds so issued may also be further secured by a collateralization of all 21 or a portion of monies in the Leverage Fund. If bonds are issued subject to such a 22 collateralization, the treasurer may pay from the Leverage Fund any principal, 23 interest, or premium, if any, and other obligations incident to the issuance, security, 24 prepayment, defeasance, and payment in respect thereof without the need for an 25 appropriation, provided that the prepayment or defeasance has been approved by the 26 legislature. The net proceeds of any bonds issued pursuant to this Section shall be 27 deposited in and credited to the Leverage Fund. Any revenue bonds issued under 28 authority of this Section shall not be general obligation bonds secured by the full 29 faith and credit of the state.

Page 51 of 107

1	(D) Appropriations. (1) The legislature may annually appropriate the bond
2	proceeds credited to the Leverage Fund and all earnings, income, and realized capital
3	gains on investment of monies in the Leverage Fund as recognized as available for
4	appropriation in the official forecast of the Revenue Estimating Conference. The
5	Revenue Estimating Conference shall include in its forecast of monies available for
6	appropriation only that amount of earnings, income, and realized capital gains which
7	are in excess of inflation as determined by the conference.
8	(2) Appropriations may be made only for the following purposes:
9	(a) Twenty-five percent shall be available for appropriation for the purposes
10	as provided in the TOPS Fund.
11	(b) Twenty-five percent shall be available for appropriation for the purposes
12	as provided in the Health Excellence Fund.
13	(c) Twenty-five percent shall be available for appropriation as provided in
14	the Education Excellence Fund.
15	(d) Twenty-five percent shall be available for appropriation as provided in
16	the Louisiana Fund.
17	(e) The amounts available for appropriation for each of the purposes
18	contained in Subparagraphs (a) through (c) of this Paragraph may be increased, and
19	the amount available for appropriation for the purposes of Subsubparagraph (d) may
20	be decreased by a specific legislative instrument which receives a favorable vote of
21	two-thirds of the elected members of each house of the legislature.
22	(E) Termination. The legislature may, by passage of a specific legislative
23	instrument by a favorable vote of two-thirds of the elected members of each house
24	of the legislature, provide for the termination of deposits to the Leverage Fund. Any
25	such termination shall be made in such a manner so as to not impair the obligation,
26	validity, or security of any bonds issued under the authority of this Section. Upon
27	termination, the amount of any settlement revenues over and above the amount
28	pledged for security of any bonds issued pursuant to the authority granted in this

Section, shall be deposited in and credited as provided in Article VII, Sections 10.8
 and 10.9 of this Constitution.

§10.11. Artificial Reef Development Fund

(A) Artificial Reef Development Fund. There shall be established in the state
treasury, as a special fund, the Artificial Reef Development Fund. Out of the funds
remaining in the Bond Security and Redemption Fund after a sufficient amount is
allocated from that fund to pay all obligations secured by the full faith and credit of
the state that become due and payable within any fiscal year as required by Article
VII, Section 9(B) of this constitution, the treasurer shall pay into the Artificial Reef
Development Fund the monies received as provided in Paragraph (B) of this Section.

(B) The secretary of the Department of Wildlife and Fisheries is authorized
to accept and receive grants, donations of monies, and other forms of assistance from
private and public sources that are provided to the state for the purpose of siting,
designing, constructing, permitting, monitoring, and otherwise managing an artificial
reef system.

16 (C) The monies in the Artificial Reef Development Fund shall be 17 appropriated by the legislature to the Department of Wildlife and Fisheries, or its 18 successor, and shall be allocated solely for the following:

19 (1) For the programs and purposes of siting, designing, constructing,
 20 permitting, monitoring, and otherwise managing an artificial reef system.

21 (2) For the salaries of personnel assigned to the Artificial Reef Development
22 Program and for related operating expenses.

(3) An amount not to exceed ten percent of the monies deposited to the fund
each year and ten percent of the interest income credited to the fund each year may
be used by the department to provide funding in association with the wild seafood
certification program, particularly in support of wild-caught shrimp, established by
the department. Such funding may be used for a subsidy granted to seafood
harvesters or processors to assist in their efforts to comply with the certification
program requirements and may be used for administration of the program.

Page 53 of 107

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(4) An amount not to exceed ten percent of the funds deposited to the fund each year and ten percent of the interest income credited to the fund each year may be used by the department to provide funding for inshore fisheries habitat enhancement projects, particularly in support of the Artificial Reef Development Program established by the department. Such funding may be used for grants to nonprofit conservation organizations working in cooperation with the department.

(D) All unexpended and unencumbered monies in the Artificial Reef 7 8 Development Fund at the end of the fiscal year shall remain in the fund. The monies 9 in the fund shall be invested by the treasurer in the manner provided by law. All 10 interest earned on monies invested by the treasurer shall be deposited in the fund. 11 The treasurer shall prepare and submit to the department on a quarterly basis a 12 written report showing the amount of money contained in the fund from all sources. 13 §10.12. Farmers and fishermen assistance programs; Agricultural and Seafood 14 Products Support Fund

(A) The legislature is authorized to provide by law for programs to assist
Louisiana farmers and fishermen with support and expansion of their industries.

17 (B)(1) The Agricultural and Seafood Products Support Fund is hereby 18 established in the state treasury as a special fund, hereinafter referred to as the 19 "fund". The source of monies in this fund shall be any monies received by the state 20 from the licensing of trademarks or labels for use in promoting Louisiana 21 agricultural and seafood products; grants, gifts, and donations received by the state 22 for the purposes of this Section; any other revenues as may be provided by law; and 23 other monies which may be appropriated by the legislature to the fund. After 24 compliance with the requirements of Article VII, Section 9(B) of this constitution 25 relative to the Bond Security and Redemption Fund, and prior to monies being 26 placed in the state general fund, an amount equal to that deposited into the state 27 treasury from the foregoing sources shall be deposited in and credited to the fund. 28 Monies in the fund shall be subject to appropriation in accordance with Paragraph 29 (2) of this Section Subparagraph. All unexpended and unencumbered monies

Page 54 of 107

remaining in the fund at the end of the fiscal year shall remain in the fund. The
 monies in the fund shall be invested by the state treasurer in the same manner as
 monies in the state general fund.

4 (2) The monies in the Agricultural and Seafood Products Support Fund may
5 be appropriated solely for the programs and purposes as required by the Department
6 of Economic Development for assistance to Louisiana farmers and fishermen with
7 support and expansion of their industries.

- 8 (C) The provisions of this Section shall not apply to or affect funds allocated
 9 by Article VII, Section 4, Paragraphs (D) and (E).
- 10 §10.13. Hospital stabilization formula and assessment; Hospital Stabilization Fund 11 (A) Hospital Stabilization Formula. (1) The legislature may annually adopt 12 a Hospital Stabilization Formula, hereafter referred to in this Section as "the formula", by concurrent resolution by a favorable vote of a majority of the elected 13 14 members of each house. Such resolution shall be referred to the standing committees 15 of the legislature that hear the general appropriation bill. The formula shall, to the 16 maximum extent possible, enhance the economic viability of Louisiana hospitals and 17 reduce shifting the cost of caring for Louisiana's needy residents to the state's insured residents. 18

19 (2)(a) The first formula established pursuant to Subparagraph (1) of this 20 Paragraph, which shall require a favorable vote of two-thirds of the elected members 21 of each house for adoption, shall define and establish as the base reimbursement 22 level under the Louisiana medical assistance program provided for in Title XIX of 23 the Social Security Act, hereafter referred to as the "Medicaid Program", to hospitals 24 for inpatient and outpatient services in Fiscal Year 2012-2013. The formula shall 25 also provide for the preservation and protection of rural hospitals as provided for by 26 law. Each formula established thereafter may apply a rate of inflation, which shall 27 not be a negative rate, to the base reimbursement level from the previous formula 28 adopted by the legislature.

Page 55 of 107

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(b) Each formula shall also include and establish assessments to be paid by hospitals and the basis on which such assessments shall be calculated, provided the amount of the assessments does not exceed the nonfederal share of the reimbursement enhancements.

(c) Each formula shall also establish reimbursement enhancements under
the Medicaid Program, or its successor, achieving the maximum reimbursement by
federal law and resulting in distributing such reimbursement enhancements
exclusively among hospitals for hospital services. Reimbursement enhancements
may also be distributed for uninsured services delivered.

(d) Each formula shall also include any additional provisions necessary to
the implementation of the formula. Neither the assessments nor the reimbursement
enhancements established in the formula adopted by the legislature shall be
implemented until each has been approved by the federal authority which
administers the Medicaid Program.

15 (3) The base reimbursement level resulting from the formula shall not bepaid from the Hospital Stabilization Fund.

17 (4) No additional assessment shall be collected and any assessment shall be
18 terminated for the remainder of the fiscal year from the date on which any of the
19 following occur:

20

(a) The legislature fails to adopt a formula for the subsequent fiscal year.

(b) The Louisiana Department of Health, or its successor or contractors,
reduces or does not pay reimbursement enhancements established in the current
formula as adopted by the legislature.

24 (c) The appropriations provided for in Subparagraph (B)(2) of this Section
25 are reduced.

26 (5) The treasurer shall return any monies collected after the date of
27 termination of an assessment to the hospital from which it was collected.

Page 56 of 107

1	(B) Appropriation. (1) The legislature shall annually appropriate an amount
2	necessary to fund the base reimbursement level for hospitals established in the most
3	recent formula adopted by the legislature.
4	(2) The legislature shall annually appropriate the balance of the Hospital
5	Stabilization Fund solely to fund the reimbursement enhancements as provided in the
6	most recent formula adopted by the legislature.
7	(3) Notwithstanding Article VII, Section 10(F) of this constitution, neither
8	the governor nor the legislature may reduce the appropriation funding the base
9	reimbursement level or the reimbursement enhancements to satisfy a budget deficit
10	except the governor may reduce the appropriation to the base reimbursement level
11	if the following occur:
12	(a) Such reduction does not exceed the average reduction of those made to
13	the appropriations and reimbursement for other providers under the Medicaid
14	Program, or its successor; and
15	(b)(i) If the legislature is in session, the reduction is consented to in writing
16	by <u>a majority</u> two-thirds of the elected members of each house in a manner provided
17	by law; or
18	(ii) If the legislature is not in session, the reduction is approved by two-thirds
19	a majority of the members of the Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget, or its
20	successor.
21	(C) Hospital Stabilization Fund. There is hereby established as a special
22	fund in the state treasury the Hospital Stabilization Fund, hereafter referred to as "the
23	fund". After compliance with the requirements of Article VII, Section 9(B) of this
24	constitution relative to the Bond Security and Redemption Fund, the treasurer shall
25	deposit all proceeds from the assessment collected pursuant to the Hospital
26	Stabilization Formula provided for in this Section. The monies in the fund shall be
27	invested in the same manner as monies in the state general fund, and all interest
28	earned on the investment of the fund shall be deposited in and credited to the fund
29	Appropriations from the fund shall be restricted to funding the reimbursement

Page 57 of 107

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§10.14. Louisiana Medical Assistance Trust Fund

4 (A) There is hereby established as a special fund in the state treasury the Louisiana Medical Assistance Trust Fund, hereinafter referred to as "the fund", 5 6 which shall consist of monies generated by fees as provided for in law. Subject to 7 the exceptions contained in Article VII, Section 9(A) of this constitution, and after 8 compliance with the requirements of Article VII, Section 9(B) of this constitution 9 relative to the Bond Security and Redemption Fund, the treasurer shall deposit all 10 proceeds from the fees collected as provided for in laws relative to the Louisiana 11 Medical Assistance Trust Fund into the fund. The monies in the fund shall be 12 invested by the state treasurer in the same manner as monies in the state general fund. All interest earned from the investment of monies in the fund shall be 13 14 deposited in and remain to the credit of the fund. All unexpended and unencumbered 15 monies remaining in the fund at the close of each fiscal year shall remain in the fund.

enhancements established in the Hospital Stabilization Formula adopted by the

legislature for the fiscal year in which the assessment is collected.

(B) The treasurer is hereby authorized to establish a separate account within
the fund for each health care provider group in which fees are collected according
to law. Monies collected from each provider group, and the interest earned on those
monies, shall be deposited into the account created for that provider group. Any
monies deposited into the fund from sources not required by law, and the interest
earned on those monies, shall be deposited into a separate account within the fund,
hereafter referred to as "the general account".

(C) The legislature is authorized to appropriate monies from the fund only
if the appropriation is eligible for federal financial participation under Title XIX of
the Social Security Act, or its successor. The balance of each account shall be
appropriated for reimbursement of services to the provider group which paid the fee
into the account in any fiscal year, except monies deposited into the general account
may be appropriated for any Medicaid Program expenditure.

Page 58 of 107

1 (D) The monies appropriated from the provider accounts in the fund shall not 2 be used to displace, replace, or supplant appropriations from the state general fund 3 for the Medicaid Program below the amount of state general fund appropriations to 4 the Medicaid Program for Fiscal Year 2013-2014.

5 (E)(1) The legislature shall annually appropriate the funds necessary to 6 provide for Medicaid Program rates for each provider group which pays fees into the 7 fund that is no less than the average Medicaid Program rates established for Fiscal 8 Year 2013-2014 and which may be adjusted annually by establishing the rates of 9 inflation, or rebasing if applicable, which rates shall not be negative, to be applied 10 to the base rates to establish the new base rates for the next fiscal year as authorized 11 by law. For the purpose of this Section, "Medicaid Program" shall refer to the 12 Louisiana medical assistance program provided for in Title XIX of the Social 13 Security Act, or its successor.

14 (2) Notwithstanding Article VII, Section 10(F) of this constitution, neither
15 the governor nor the legislature may reduce the base rate as provided for in this
16 Paragraph to satisfy a budget deficit, except the governor may reduce the
17 appropriation for the base rate if the following occur:

18 (a) Such reduction does not exceed the average reduction of those made to
19 the appropriations and reimbursement for other providers under the Medicaid
20 Program, or its successor; and

(b)(i) If the legislature is in session, the reduction is consented to in writing
by two-thirds of the elected members of each house in a manner provided by law; or

(ii) If the legislature is not in session, the reduction is approved by two-thirds
 <u>a majority</u> of the members of the Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget, or its
 successor.

26 §10.15. Revenue Stabilization Trust Fund

Section 10.15. Revenue Stabilization Trust Fund. (A) The Revenue
Stabilization Trust Fund is hereby established in the state treasury as a special trust
fund, hereinafter referred to as the "fund".

Page 59 of 107

1	(B) After allocation of money to the Bond Redemption and Security Fund
2	as provided in Article VII, Section 9(B) of the Constitution of Louisiana, the
3	treasurer shall deposit in and credit to the fund the revenues as provided for in
4	Paragraphs (C) and (D) of this Section.
5	(C) The treasurer shall deposit into the fund the amount of mineral revenues
6	as provided in Section 10.16 of this constitution.
7	(D) The treasurer shall deposit into the fund the amount of revenues in
8	excess of six hundred million dollars received each fiscal year from corporate
9	franchise and income taxes as recognized by the Revenue Estimating Conference.
10	(E)(1) Except as provided for in Paragraph (F) of this Section, monies
11	Monies deposited into the Revenue Stabilization Trust Fund shall be permanently
12	credited to the trust fund and shall be invested by the treasurer in a manner provided
13	for by law.
14	(2) The treasurer shall deposit all interest or other income from investment
15	generated from the fund into the state general fund.
16	(F)(1) Except as provided in Subparagraphs (2) and (3) of this Paragraph,
17	no appropriations shall be made from the Revenue Stabilization Trust Fund.
18	(2)(a) In any fiscal year in which the balance of the fund at the beginning of
19	the year is in excess of five billion dollars, hereinafter referred to as the minimum
20	fund balance, the legislature may appropriate an amount not to exceed ten percent
21	of the fund balance, hereinafter referred to as the allowable percentage, for the
22	following:
23	(i) Capital outlay projects in the comprehensive state capital budget.
24	(ii) Transportation infrastructure.
25	(b) The minimum fund balance or the allowable percentage may be changed
26	by a law enacted by two-thirds of the elected members of each house of the
27	legislature.
28	(3) In order to ensure the money in the fund is available for appropriation in
29	an emergency, the legislature may authorize an appropriation from the fund at any

Page 60 of 107

1	time for any purpose, only after the consent of two-thirds of the elected members of
2	each house of the legislature. If the legislature is not in session, the two-thirds
3	requirement may be satisfied upon obtaining the written consent of two-thirds of the
4	elected members of each house of the legislature in a manner provided by law.
5	§10.16. Dedications of Mineral Revenues
6	Section 10.16.(A) All mineral revenues as defined in Paragraph (D) of this
7	Section received in each fiscal year by the state of Louisiana as a result of the
8	production of or exploration for minerals, hereinafter referred to as "mineral
9	revenues", shall be allocated as provided in this Section after the following
10	allocations and deposits of mineral revenues have been made:
11	(1) To the Bond Security and Redemption Fund as provided in Article VII,
12	Section 9 (B) of this constitution.
13	(2) To the political subdivisions of the state as provided in Article VII,
14	Sections 4 (D) and (E) of this constitution.
15	(3) To the Louisiana Wildlife and Fisheries Conservation Fund as provided
16	by the requirements of Article VII, Section 10-A of this constitution and as provided
17	by law.
18	(4) To the Louisiana Wildlife and Fisheries Conservation Fund and the Oil
19	and Gas Regulatory Fund as provided by law.
20	(5) To the Rockefeller Wildlife Refuge and Game Preserve Fund as provided
21	by law.
22	(6) To the Marsh Island Operating Fund and the Russell Sage or Marsh
23	Island Refuge Fund as provided by law.
24	(7) To the MC Davis Conservation Fund as provided by law.
25	(8) To the White Lake Property Fund as provided by law.
26	(9) To the Louisiana Education Quality Trust Fund and Louisiana Quality
27	Education Support Fund as provided in Article VII, Section 10.1 of this constitution.
28	(10) To the Coastal Protection and Restoration Fund as provided in Article
29	VII, Section 10.2 of this constitution and as provided by law.

Page 61 of 107

1	(11) To the Mineral Revenue and Audit Settlement Fund as provided in
2	Article VII, Section 10.5 of this constitution and as provided by law.
3	(12) To the Budget Stabilization Fund as provided in Article VII, Section
4	10.3 of this constitution and as provided by law.
5	(13) An amount equal to the state general fund deposited into To the
6	Transportation Trust Fund and the Louisiana State Transportation Infrastructure
7	Fund as provided by law.
8	(B) Allocation of Mineral Revenues. After the allocations and deposits
9	provided in Paragraph (A) of this Section, the mineral revenues received in each year
10	in excess of six hundred sixty million dollars and less than nine hundred fifty million
11	dollars shall be allocated as follows:
12	(1) Thirty percent shall be appropriated to the Louisiana State Employees
13	Retirement System and the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana for application
14	to the balance of the unfunded accrued liability of such systems existing as of June
15	30, 1988, in proportion to the balance of such unfunded accrued liability of each such
16	system, until such unfunded accrued liability has been eliminated. Any such
17	payments to the public retirement systems shall not be used, directly or indirectly,
18	to fund cost-of-living increases for such systems.
19	(2) The remainder shall be deposited into the Revenue Stabilization Trust
20	Fund.
21	(C) Mineral revenues in excess of the base which would otherwise be
22	deposited into the Budget Stabilization Fund under Subparagraph (A)(2) of Section
23	10.3 of this constitution, but are prohibited from being deposited into the fund under
24	Subparagraph (C)(4) of Section 10.3 of this constitution, shall be distributed as
25	follows:
26	(1) Thirty percent shall be appropriated to the Louisiana State Employees
27	Retirement System and the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana for application
28	to the balance of the unfunded accrued liability of such systems existing as of June
29	30, 1988, in proportion to the balance of such unfunded accrued liability of each such

Page 62 of 107

1	system, until such unfunded accrued liability has been eliminated. Any such
2	payments to the public retirement systems shall not be used, directly or indirectly,
3	to fund cost-of-living increases for such systems.
4	(2) The remainder shall be deposited into the Revenue Stabilization Trust
5	Fund.
6	(D) For purposes of this Section, "mineral revenues" shall include severance
7	taxes, royalty payments, bonus payments, or rentals, with the following exceptions:
8	(1) Revenues designated as nonrecurring, pursuant to Article VII, Section
9	10(B) of this constitution.
10	(2) Revenues received by the state as a result of grants or donations when the
11	terms or conditions thereof require otherwise.
12	(3) Revenues derived from any tax on the transportation of minerals.
13	§10.17. State Cybersecurity and Information Technology Infrastructure Fund
14	Section 10.17. State Cybersecurity and Information Technology
15	Infrastructure Fund.
16	(A) The State Cybersecurity and Information Technology Infrastructure
17	Fund is hereby established in the state treasury as a special fund, hereinafter referred
18	to as the "fund". After allocation of money to the Bond Redemption and Security
19	Fund as provided in Article VII, Section 9(B) of this constitution, the treasurer shall
20	deposit in and credit to the fund the revenues as provided for in Paragraph (B) of this
21	Section.
22	(B)(1) Except as provided in Subparagraph (2) of this Paragraph, the
23	treasurer shall deposit forty-five thousandths of all money available for appropriation
24	from the state general fund.
25	(2) Monies in the state general fund received by the state or by any state
26	board, agency, or commission, but pledged in connection with issuance of bonds
27	shall not be deposited in the fund.
28	(3) At the end of the fiscal year, all unexpended and unencumbered monies
29	in the fund shall remain in the fund. Monies deposited into the fund shall be

Page 63 of 107

1	permanently credited to the fund and shall be invested by the treasurer in a manner
2	provided for by law and any earnings realized on investment of money in the fund
3	shall be deposited in and credited to the fund.
4	(4) The legislature may authorize changes to this Paragraph regarding the
5	rate of dedicated revenue and source of the funds but only by enactment of a law by
6	a vote of the elected members of each house of the legislature.
7	(C)(1) Appropriations from the State Cybersecurity and Information
8	Technology Infrastructure Fund shall be expended solely for support of projects to
9	enhance or upgrade the state's information technology infrastructure or cybersecurity
10	needs.
11	(2) The legislature may authorize the creation and establishment of a
12	committee to assist in the consideration of priorities for the funding of cybersecurity
13	and information technology infrastructure projects through appropriations of the
14	fund with the consent of a majority of the elected members of each house of the
15	legislature.
16	§11. Budgets
17	Section 11.(A) Budget Estimate. The governor shall submit to the
18	legislature, at the time and in the form fixed by law, a budget estimate for the next
19	fiscal year setting forth all proposed state expenditures. This budget shall include
20	a recommendation for appropriations from the state general fund and from dedicated
21	funds, except funds allocated by Article VII, Section 4, Paragraphs (D) and (E),
22	which shall not exceed the official forecast of the Revenue Estimating Conference
23	and the expenditure limit for the fiscal year. The recommendation shall also comply
24	with the provisions of Article VII, Section 10(D). This budget shall include a
25	recommendation for funding of state salary supplements for full-time law
26	enforcement and fire protection officers of the state, as provided in Article VII,
27	Section $10(D)(3)$ of this constitution.
28	(B) Operating Budget. The governor shall cause to be submitted a general

appropriation bill for proposed ordinary operating expenditures which shall be in

Page 64 of 107

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conformity with the recommendations for appropriations contained in the budget estimate. The governor may cause to be submitted a bill or bills to raise additional revenues with proposals for the use of these revenues.

4 (C) Capital Budget. The governor shall submit to the legislature, at each 5 regular session, a proposed five-year capital outlay program and request 6 implementation of the first year of the program. Prior to inclusion in the 7 comprehensive capital budget which the legislature adopts, each capital improvement 8 project shall be evaluated through a feasibility study, as defined by the legislature, 9 which shall include an analysis of need and estimates of construction and operating 10 costs. The legislature shall provide by law for procedures, standards, and criteria for 11 the evaluation of such feasibility studies and shall set the schedule of submission of 12 such feasibility studies which shall take effect not later than December thirty-first 13 following the first regular session convening after this Paragraph takes effect. These 14 procedures, standards, and criteria for evaluation of such feasibility studies cannot 15 be changed or altered except by a separate legislative instrument approved by a 16 favorable vote of two-thirds of the elected members of each house of the legislature. 17 For those projects not eligible for funding under the provisions of Article VII, 18 Section 27 of this constitution, the request for implementation of the first year of the 19 program shall include a list of the proposed projects in priority order based on the 20 evaluation of the feasibility studies submitted. Capital outlay projects approved by 21 the legislature shall be made a part of the comprehensive state capital budget, which 22 shall be adopted by the legislature.

23 §12. Reports and Records

24 Section 12. Reports and records of the collection, expenditure, investment, 25 and use of state money and those relating to state obligations shall be matters of 26 public record, except returns of taxpayers and matters pertaining to those <u>taxpayer</u> 27 returns.

Page 65 of 107

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§13. Investment of State Funds

2 Section 13. All money in the custody <u>or control</u> of the state treasurer which
3 is available for investment shall be invested as provided by law.

§14. Donation, Loan, or Pledge of Public Credit

5 Section 14.(A) Prohibited Uses. Except as otherwise provided by this 6 constitution, the funds, credit, property, or things of value of the state or of any 7 political subdivision shall not be loaned, pledged, or donated to or for any person, 8 association, or corporation, public or private. Except as otherwise provided in this 9 Section, neither the state nor a political subdivision shall subscribe to or purchase the 10 stock of a corporation or association or for any private enterprise.

11 (B) Authorized Uses. Nothing in this Section shall prevent (1) the use of 12 public funds for programs of social welfare for the aid and support of the needy; (2) 13 contributions of public funds to pension and insurance programs for the benefit of 14 public employees; (3) the pledge of public funds, credit, property, or things of value 15 for public purposes with respect to the issuance of bonds or other evidences of 16 indebtedness to meet public obligations as provided by law; (4) the return of 17 property, including mineral rights, to a former owner from whom the property had 18 previously been expropriated, or purchased under threat of expropriation, when the 19 legislature by law declares that the public and necessary purpose which originally 20 supported the expropriation has ceased to exist and orders the return of the property 21 to the former owner under such terms and conditions as specified by the legislature; 22 (5) acquisition of stock by any institution of higher education in exchange for any 23 intellectual property; (6) the donation of abandoned or blighted housing property by 24 the governing authority of a municipality or a parish to a nonprofit organization 25 which is recognized by the Internal Revenue Service as a 501(c)(3) or 501(c)(4)26 nonprofit organization and which agrees to renovate and maintain such property until 27 conveyance of the property by such organization; (7) the deduction of any tax, 28 interest, penalty, or other charges forming the basis of tax liens on blighted property 29 so that they may be subordinated and waived in favor of any purchaser who is not

Page 66 of 107

1 a member of the immediate family of the blighted property owner or which is not 2 any entity in which the owner has a substantial economic interest, but only in 3 connection with a property renovation plan approved by an administrative hearing 4 officer appointed by the parish or municipal government where the property is 5 located; (8) the deduction of past due taxes, interest, and penalties in favor of an 6 owner of a blighted property, but only when the owner sells the property at less than 7 the appraised value to facilitate the blighted property renovation plan approved by 8 the parish or municipal government and only after the renovation is completed such 9 deduction being canceled, null and void, and to no effect in the event ownership of 10 the property in the future reverts back to the owner or any member of his immediate 11 family; (9) the donation by the state of asphalt which has been removed from state 12 roads and highways to the governing authority of the parish or municipality where 13 the asphalt was removed, or if not needed by such governing authority, then to any 14 other parish or municipal governing authority, but only pursuant to a cooperative 15 endeavor agreement between the state and the governing authority receiving the 16 donated property; (10) the investment in stocks of a portion of the Rockefeller 17 Wildlife Refuge Trust and Protection Fund, created under the provisions of R.S. 18 56:797 law, and the Russell Sage or Marsh Island Refuge Fund, created under the 19 provisions of R.S. 56:798 law, such portion not to exceed thirty-five percent of each 20 fund; (11) the investment in stocks of a portion of the state-funded permanently 21 endowed funds of a public or private college or university, not to exceed thirty-five 22 percent of the public funds endowed; (12) the investment in equities of a portion of 23 the Medicaid Trust Fund for the Elderly created under the provisions of R.S. 46:2691 24 et seq., such portion not to exceed thirty-five percent of the fund; (13) the investment 25 of public funds to capitalize a state infrastructure bank and the loan, pledge, or 26 guarantee of public funds by a state infrastructure bank solely for transportation 27 projects; or (14) pursuant to a written agreement, the donation of the use of public 28 equipment and personnel by a political subdivision upon request to another political

Page 67 of 107

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subdivision for an activity or function the requesting political subdivision is authorized to exercise.

(C) Cooperative Endeavors. For a public purpose, the state and its political subdivisions or political corporations may engage in cooperative endeavors with each other, with the United States or its agencies, or with any public or private association, corporation, or individual.

7 (D) Prior Obligations. Funds, credit, property, or things of value of the state 8 or of a political subdivision heretofore loaned, pledged, dedicated, or granted by 9 prior state law or authorized to be loaned, pledged, dedicated, or granted by the prior 10 laws and constitution of this state shall so remain for the full term as provided by the 11 prior laws and constitution and for the full term as provided by any contract, unless 12 the authorization is revoked by law enacted by two-thirds of the elected members of each house of the legislature prior to the vesting of any contractual rights pursuant 13 14 to this Section.

(E) Surplus Property. Nothing in this Section shall prevent the donation or
exchange of movable surplus property between or among political subdivisions
whose functions include public safety.

18 §15. Release of Obligations to State, Parish, or Municipality

19 Section 15. The legislature shall have no power to release, extinguish, or 20 authorize the releasing or extinguishing of any indebtedness, liability, or obligation 21 of a corporation or individual to the state, a parish, or a municipality, except as 22 <u>provided by law</u>. However, the <u>The</u> legislature, by law, may establish a system 23 under which claims by the state or a political subdivision may be compromised, and 24 may provide for the release of heirs to confiscated property from taxes due thereon 25 at the date of its reversion to them.

26 §16. Taxes; Prescription

27 Section 16. Taxes, except excluding real property taxes, and licenses shall 28 prescribe in three years after the thirty-first day of December in the year in which 29 they are due, but prescription may be interrupted or suspended as provided by law.

Page 68 of 107

1	§17. Legislation to Obtain Federal Aid
2	Section 17. The legislature may enact laws to enable the state, its
3	governmental entities, agencies, boards, commissions, and political subdivisions and
4	their agencies to comply with federal laws and regulations in order to secure federal
5	participation in funding capital improvement projects.
6	PART II. PROPERTY TAXATION
7	§18. Ad Valorem Taxes
8	Section 18.(A) Assessments. Property subject to ad valorem taxation shall
9	be listed on the assessment rolls at its assessed valuation, which, except as provided
10	in Paragraphs (C), (F), and (G), shall be a percentage of its fair market value. The
11	percentage of fair market value shall be uniform throughout the state upon the same
12	class of property.
13	(B) Classification. (1) The classifications of property subject to ad valorem
14	taxation and the percentage of fair market value applicable to each classification for
15	the purpose of determining assessed valuation are as follows:
15 16	the purpose of determining assessed valuation are as follows: Classifications Percentages
16	Classifications Percentages
16 17	Classifications Percentages 1. Land 10%
16 17 18	Classifications Percentages 1. Land 10% 2. Improvements for residential purposes 10%
16 17 18 19	ClassificationsPercentages1. Land10%2. Improvements for residential purposes10%3. Electric cooperative properties, excluding land15%
16 17 18 19 20	ClassificationsPercentages1. Land10%2. Improvements for residential purposes10%3. Electric cooperative properties, excluding land15%4. Public service properties; excluding land25%
16 17 18 19 20 21	ClassificationsPercentages1. Land10%2. Improvements for residential purposes10%3. Electric cooperative properties, excluding land15%4. Public service properties; excluding land25%5. Other property15%
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	ClassificationsPercentages1. Land10%2. Improvements for residential purposes10%3. Electric cooperative properties, excluding land15%4. Public service properties; excluding land25%5. Other property15%shall be established by law, which shall include provisions to ensure the equitable
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	ClassificationsPercentages1. Land10%2. Improvements for residential purposes10%3. Electric cooperative properties, excluding land15%4. Public service properties; excluding land25%5. Other property15%shall be established by law, which shall include provisions to ensure the equitableassessment of properties statewide, and shall be enacted by a specific legislative
 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 	ClassificationsPercentages1. Land10%2. Improvements for residential purposes10%3. Electric cooperative properties, excluding land15%4. Public service properties; excluding land25%5. Other property15%shall be established by law, which shall include provisions to ensure the equitableassessment of properties statewide, and shall be enacted by a specific legislativeinstrument which receives a favorable vote of two-thirds of the elected members of
 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	ClassificationsPercentages1. Land10%2. Improvements for residential purposes10%3. Electric cooperative properties, excluding land15%4. Public service properties; excluding land25%5. Other property15%shall be established by law, which shall include provisions to ensure the equitableassessment of properties statewide, and shall be enacted by a specific legislativeinstrument which receives a favorable vote of two-thirds of the elected members ofeach house of the legislature. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary,

Page 69 of 107

1	(2) The total amount of ad valorem taxes collected by any taxing authority
2	in the first tax year beginning after an enactment by the legislature that changes the
3	classifications of or fair market values for property assessments shall not be
4	increased or decreased, as a result of the enactment, above or below the amount of
5	ad valorem taxes collected in the year preceding the enactment. To accomplish this
6	result, it shall be mandatory for each affected taxing authority to adjust millages
7	upwards or downwards without regard to millage limitations otherwise contained in
8	this constitution. The maximum authorized millages shall be increased or decreased
9	in proportion to the amount of adjustment upward or downward. Thereafter, such
10	millages shall remain in effect unless changed as permitted by this constitution. In
11	no way shall the provisions of this Subparagraph be interpreted to affect the
12	imposition and collection of revenue from a new millage or the renewal of a millage.
13	(C) Use Value. Bona fide agricultural, horticultural, marsh, and timber
14	lands, as defined by general law, shall be assessed for tax purposes at ten percent of
15	use value rather than fair market value. The legislature may provide by law similarly
16	for buildings of historic architectural importance.
17	(D) Valuation. Each assessor shall determine the fair market value of all
18	property subject to taxation within his respective parish or district except public
19	service properties, which shall be valued at fair market value by the Louisiana Tax
20	Commission or its successor. Each assessor shall determine the use value of
21	property which is to be so assessed under the provisions of Paragraph (C). Fair
22	market value and use value of property shall be determined in accordance with
23	criteria which shall be established by law and which shall apply uniformly
24	throughout the state.
25	(E) Review. The correctness of assessments by the assessor shall be subject
26	to review first by the parish governing authority, then by the Louisiana Tax
27	Commission or its successor, and finally by the courts, all in accordance with
28	procedures established by law.

Page 70 of 107

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(F) Reappraisal. (1) All property subject to taxation shall be reappraised and valued in accordance with this Section, at intervals of not more than four years.
(2)(a) In the year of implementation of a reappraisal as required in Subparagraph (1) of this Paragraph, solely for purposes of determining the ad valorem tax imposed on residential property subject to the homestead exemption as provided in Section 20 of this Article, if the assessed value of immovable property increases by an amount which is greater than fifty percent of the property's assessed value in the previous year, the collector shall phase-in the additional tax liability

resulting from the increase in the property's assessed value over a four-year period

10 as follows:

11 (i) For purposes of calculating the ad valorem taxes on the property in the 12 first levy following reappraisal, the collector shall use the property's assessed value 13 from the previous year, which shall be called the base amount as used in this 14 Subparagraph, and shall increase the portion of the assessed value of the property 15 used to calculate ad valorem taxes by adding an amount which is equal to one-fourth 16 of the amount of the increase in the property's assessed value as a result of the 17 reappraisal to the base amount. This resulting amount shall constitute the property's 18 taxable value and shall be used solely for purposes of calculating ad valorem taxes 19 for that taxable year.

(ii) For purposes of calculating the ad valorem taxes on the property in the
second levy following reappraisal, the collector shall increase the portion of the
assessed value of the property used to calculate ad valorem taxes by adding an
amount which is equal to one-half of the amount of the increase in the property's
assessed value as a result of the reappraisal to the base amount. This resulting
amount shall constitute the property's taxable value and shall be used solely for
purposes of calculating ad valorem taxes for that taxable year.

(iii) For purposes of calculating the ad valorem taxes on the property in the
third levy following reappraisal, the collector shall increase the portion of the
assessed value of the property used to calculate ad valorem taxes by adding an

amount which is equal to three-quarters of the amount of the increase in the
property's assessed value as a result of the reappraisal to the base amount. This
resulting amount shall constitute the property's taxable value and shall be used solely
for purposes of calculating ad valorem taxes for that taxable year.

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(iv) In the fourth levy following reappraisal, the collector shall calculate ad valorem taxes based on the property's full assessed value.

7 (b) The provisions of this Subparagraph providing for a phase-in of 8 additional ad valorem tax liability following reappraisal shall cease to apply upon the 9 transfer or conveyance of ownership of the property. Following a transfer or 10 conveyance, the collector shall calculate ad valorem taxes based on the property's 11 full assessed value.

(c) Property subject to the provisions of this Subparagraph shall not be
subject to reappraisal by an assessor until after the four-year phase-in of the amount
of the increase in the property's assessed value is complete.

15 (d) Notwithstanding any provision of this constitution to the contrary, the 16 increase in assessed valuation of property phased-in under this Subparagraph shall 17 be included as taxable property for purposes of any subsequent reappraisals and 18 valuation for millage adjustment purposes under Article VII, Section 23(B) of this 19 constitution. The decrease in the total amount of ad valorem tax collected by a 20 taxing authority as a result of this phase-in of assessed valuation shall be absorbed 21 by the taxing authority and shall not create any additional tax liability for other 22 taxpayers in the taxing district as a result of any subsequent reappraisal and valuation 23 or millage adjustment. Implementation of this phase-in of increase in assessed 24 valuation authorized in this Subparagraph shall neither trigger nor be cause for a 25 reappraisal of property or an adjustment of millages pursuant to the provisions of 26 Article VII, Section 23(B) of this constitution.

(e) The provisions of this Subparagraph shall not apply to the extent theincrease was attributable to construction on or improvements to the property.

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(G) Special Assessment Level.

Page 72 of 107

1	(1)(a)(i) The assessment of residential property receiving the homestead
2	exemption which is owned and occupied by any of the following and who meet all
3	of the other requirements of this Section shall not be increased above the total
4	assessment of that property for the first year that the owner qualifies for and receives
5	the special assessment level, provided that such person or persons remain qualified
6	for and receive the special assessment level:
7	(aa) People who are sixty-five years of age or older.
8	(bb) People who have a service-connected disability rating of fifty percent
9	or more by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs.
10	(cc) Members of the armed forces of the United States or the Louisiana
11	National Guard who owned and last occupied such property who are killed in action,
12	or who are missing in action or are a prisoner of war for a period exceeding ninety
13	days.
14	(dd) Any person or persons permanently totally disabled as determined by
15	a final non-appealable judgment of a court or as certified by a state or federal
16	administrative agency charged with the responsibility for making determinations
17	regarding disability.
18	(ii) Any person or persons shall be prohibited from receiving the special
19	assessment as provided in this Section if such person's or persons' adjusted gross
20	income, as reported in the federal tax return for the year prior to the application for
21	the special assessment, exceeds one hundred thousand dollars. For persons applying
22	for the special assessment whose filing status is married filing separately, the
23	adjusted gross income for purposes of this Section shall be determined by combining
24	the adjusted gross income on both federal tax returns. Beginning for the tax year
25	2026, and for each tax year thereafter, the one hundred thousand dollar limit shall be
26	adjusted annually by the Consumer Price Index as reported by the United States
27	Government.
28	(iii) An eligible owner or the owner's spouse or other legally qualified

Page 73 of 107

representative shall apply for the special assessment level by filing a signed

1	application establishing that the owner qualifies for the special assessment level with
2	the assessor of the parish or, in the parish of Orleans, the assessor of the district
3	where the property is located.

4 (iv) An owner who is below the age of sixty-five and who has applied for 5 and received the special assessment level may qualify for and receive the special 6 assessment level in the subsequent year by certifying to the assessor of the parish, 7 or in the parish of Orleans, the assessor of the district where the property is located, 8 that such person or persons' adjusted gross income in the prior tax year satisfied the 9 income requirement of this Section. The provisions of this Subsubparagraph (a)(iv) 10 shall not apply to an owner who has qualified for and received the special assessment 11 level for persons sixty-five years of age or older or to such owner's surviving spouse 12 as described in Subsubparagraph (a)(i) of this Subparagraph.

- 13 (b) Any millage rate applied to the special assessment level shall not be14 subject to a limitation.
- (2) Provided such owner is qualified for and receives the special assessment
 level, the special assessment level shall remain on the property as long as:
- 17 (a)(i) The owner who is sixty-five years of age or older, or that owner's
 18 surviving spouse who is fifty-five years of age or older or who has minor children,
 19 remains the owner of the property.
- (ii) The owner who has a service-connected disability of fifty percent or
 more, or that owner's surviving spouse who is forty-five years of age or older or who
 has minor children, remains the owner of the property.
- 23 (iii) The spouse of the owner who is killed in action remains the owner of the24 property.
- (iv) The first day of the tax year following the tax year in which an owner
 who was missing in action or was a prisoner of war for a period exceeding ninety
 days is no longer missing in action or a prisoner of war.

Page 74 of 107

1	(v) Even if the ownership interest of any surviving spouse or spouse of an
2	owner who is missing in action as provided for in this Subparagraph is an interest in
3	usufruct.
4	(b) The value of the property does not increase more than twenty-five
5	percent because of construction or reconstruction.
6	(3) A new or subsequent owner of the property may claim a special
7	assessment level when eligible under this Section. The new owner is not necessarily
8	entitled to the same special assessment level on the property as when that property
9	was owned by the previous owner.
10	(4)(a) The special assessment level on property that is sold shall
11	automatically expire on the last day of December in the year prior to the year that the
12	property is sold. The property shall be immediately revalued at fair market value by
13	the assessor and shall be assessed by the assessor on the assessment rolls in the year
14	it was sold at the assessment level provided for in Article VII, Section 18 of the
15	Constitution of Louisiana.
16	(b) This new assessment level shall remain in effect until changed as
17	provided by this Section or this Constitution.
18	(5)(a) Any owner entitled to the special assessment level set forth in this
19	Paragraph who is unable to occupy the homestead on or before December thirty-first
20	of a future calendar year due to damage or destruction of the homestead caused by
21	a disaster or emergency declared by the governor shall be entitled to keep the special
22	assessment level of the homestead prior to its damage or destruction on the repaired
23	or rebuilt homestead provided the repaired or rebuilt homestead is reoccupied by the
24	owner within five years from December thirty-first of the year following the disaster.
25	The assessed value of the land and buildings on which the homestead was located
26	prior to its damage shall not be increased above its assessed value immediately prior
27	to the damage or destruction described in this Subsubparagraph. If the property
28	owner receives a homestead exemption on another homestead during the same five-
29	year period, the damaged or destroyed property shall not be entitled to keep the

Page 75 of 107

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20(A)(10) to qualify for the special assessment level in this Subsubparagraph. 5 (b) Any owner entitled to the special assessment level set forth in 6 Subsubparagraph (a) of this Subparagraph who is unable to reoccupy his homestead 7 within five years from December thirty-first of the year following the disaster shall 8 be eligible for an extension of the special assessment level on the homestead for a 9 period not to exceed two years. A homeowner shall be eligible for this extension 10 only if the homeowner's damage claim is filed and pending in a formal appeal 11 process with any federal, state, or local government agency or program offering 12 grants or assistance for repairing or rebuilding damaged or destroyed homes as a 13 result of the disaster, or if a homeowner has a damage claim filed and pending 14 against the insurer of the property. The homeowner shall apply for this extension of 15 the special assessment level with the assessor of the parish in which the homestead 16 is located. The assessor shall require the homeowner to provide official 17 documentation from the government agency or program evidencing the homeowner's 18 participation in the formal appeal process or official documentation evidencing the 19 homeowner has a damage claim filed and pending against the insurer of the damaged 20 property, as provided by law.

special assessment level, and the land and buildings shall be assessed in that year at

the percentage of fair market value set forth in this constitution. In addition, the

owner shall also maintain the homestead exemption set forth in Article VII, Section

(c) After expiration of the extension authorized in Subsubparagraph (b) of
 this Subparagraph, an <u>An</u> assessor shall have the authority to grant on a case-by-case
 basis up to three additional one-year extensions of the special assessment level as
 prescribed by law.

25 (6)(a) A trust shall be eligible for the special assessment level as provided
26 by law.

(b) If a trust would have been eligible for the special assessment levelpursuant to this Subparagraph prior to the most recent reappraisal, the total

- assessment of the property held in trust shall be the assessed value on the last
 appraisal before the reappraisal.
- 3 §19. State Property Taxation; Rate Limitation

4 Section 19. State taxation on property for all purposes shall not exceed an 5 annual rate of five and three-quarter mills on the dollar of assessed valuation.

- 6 §20. Homestead Exemption
 - Section 20.(A) Homeowners.

8 (1) The bona fide homestead, consisting of a tract of land or two or more 9 tracts of land even if the land is classified and assessed at use value pursuant to 10 Article VII, Section 18(C) of this constitution, with a residence on one tract and a 11 field with or without timber on it, pasture, or garden on the other tract or tracts, not 12 exceeding one hundred sixty acres, buildings and appurtenances, whether rural or 13 urban, owned and occupied by any person or persons owning the property in 14 indivision, shall be exempt from state, parish, and special ad valorem taxes to the 15 extent of seven thousand five hundred dollars of the assessed valuation. The same 16 homestead exemption shall also fully apply to the primary residence, including a 17 mobile home, which serves as a bona fide home and which is owned and occupied 18 by any person or persons owning the property in indivision, regardless of whether 19 the homeowner owns the land upon which the home or mobile home is sited; 20 however, this homestead exemption shall not apply to the land upon which such 21 primary residence is sited if the homeowner does not own the land.

(2) The homestead exemption shall extend and apply fully to the surviving
spouse or a former spouse when the homestead is occupied by the surviving spouse
or a former spouse and title to it is in the name of (a) the surviving spouse as owner
of any interest or either or both of the former spouses, (b) the surviving spouse as
usufructuary, or (c) a testamentary trust established for the benefit of the surviving
spouse and the descendants of the deceased spouse or surviving spouse, but not to
more than one homestead owned by either the husband or wife, or both.

Page 77 of 107

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(3) The homestead exemption shall extend to property owned by a trust when the principal beneficiary or beneficiaries of the trust are the settlor or settlors of the trust and were the immediate prior owners of the homestead, and the homestead is occupied as such by a principal beneficiary. The provisions of this Subparagraph shall apply only to property which qualified for the homestead exemption immediately prior to transfer, conveyance, or donation in trust or which would have qualified for the homestead exemption if such property were not owned in trust.

9 (4) The homestead exemption shall extend to property where the usufruct of 10 the property has been granted to no more than two usufructuaries who were the 11 immediate prior owners of the homestead and the homestead is occupied as such by 12 a usufructuary. The provisions of this Subparagraph shall apply only to property 13 which qualified for the homestead exemption immediately prior to the granting of 14 such usufruct, or which would have qualified for the homestead exemption if such 15 usufruct had not been granted.

16 (5) The homestead exemption shall extend only to a natural person or 17 persons and to a trust created by a natural person or persons, in which the 18 beneficiaries of the trust are a natural person or persons provided that the provisions 19 of this Paragraph are otherwise satisfied.

20 (6) Except as otherwise provided for in this Paragraph, the homestead
21 exemption shall apply to property owned in indivision, but shall be limited to the pro
22 rata ownership interest of that person or persons occupying the homestead.

(7) No homestead exemption shall be granted on bond for deed property.
However, any homestead exemption granted prior to June 20, 2003 on any property
occupied upon the effective date of this Paragraph* by a buyer under a bond for deed
contract shall remain valid as long as the circumstances giving rise to the exemption
at the time the exemption was granted remain applicable.

Page 78 of 107

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(8) Notwithstanding any provision of this Paragraph to the contrary, in no event shall more than one homestead exemption extend or apply to any person in this state.

4 (9) This exemption shall not extend to municipal taxes. However, the
5 exemptions shall apply (a) in Orleans Parish, to state, general city, school, levee, and
6 levee district taxes and (b) to any municipal taxes levied for school purposes.

7 (10)(a) Any homestead receiving the homestead exemption that is damaged 8 or destroyed during a disaster or emergency declared by the governor whose owner 9 is unable to occupy the homestead on or before December thirty-first of a calendar 10 year due to such damage or destruction shall be entitled to claim and keep the 11 exemption by filing an annual affidavit of intent to return and reoccupy the 12 homestead within five years from December thirty-first of the year following the 13 disaster with the assessor within the parish or district where such homestead is 14 situated prior to December thirty-first of the year in which the exemption is claimed. 15 In no event shall more than one homestead exemption extend or apply to any person 16 in this state.

17 (b) For homesteads qualifying for the homestead exemption under the 18 provisions of Subsubparagraph (a) of this Subparagraph, after expiration of the five-19 year period, the owner of a homestead shall be entitled to claim and keep the 20 exemption for a period not to exceed two additional years by filing an annual 21 affidavit of intent to return and reoccupy the homestead with the assessor within the 22 parish where the homestead is located prior to December thirty-first of the year in 23 which the exemption is claimed. A homeowner shall be eligible for this extension 24 only if the homeowner's damage claim to repair or rebuild the damaged or destroyed 25 homestead is filed and pending in a formal appeal process with any federal, state, or 26 local government agency or program offering grants or assistance for repairing or 27 rebuilding damaged or destroyed homes as a result of the disaster, or if a homeowner 28 has a damage claim filed and pending against the insurer of the property. The 29 assessor shall require the homeowner to provide official documentation from the

Page 79 of 107

government agency or program evidencing the homeowner's participation in the
 formal appeal process or official documentation evidencing the homeowners has a
 damage claim filed and pending against the insurer of the property as provided by
 law.

5 (c) After expiration of the extension authorized in Subsubparagraph (b) of 6 this Subparagraph, an assessor shall have the authority to grant on a case-by-case 7 basis up to three additional one-year extensions of the homestead exemption as 8 prescribed by law.

9 (B) Residential Lessees. Notwithstanding any contrary provision in this 10 constitution, the legislature may provide for tax relief to residential lessees in the 11 form of credits or rebates in order to provide equitable tax relief similar to that 12 granted to homeowners through homestead exemptions.

13 (11)(a) Notwithstanding any provision of this constitution to the contrary, 14 the exemption provided for in this Paragraph shall be effective and applicable unless 15 and until a parish governing authority adopts a resolution or ordinance adjusting the 16 amount of the exemption, which resolution or ordinance shall be effective only if 17 approved by the electors of the parish. Any change in the amount of the exemption 18 shall become effective on the first day of the calendar year following the year in 19 which the change was approved by the electors, and is deemed to be an instance of 20 implementation of the provisions of this Subparagraph.

21 (b) The total amount of ad valorem taxes collected by any taxing authority 22 in any year in which the provisions of this Subparagraph are implemented shall not 23 be increased or decreased as a result of such implementation above or below the 24 amount of ad valorem taxes collected in the year preceding the implementation. To 25 accomplish this result, it shall be mandatory for each affected taxing authority to 26 adjust millages upwards or downwards without regard to millage limitations 27 otherwise contained in this constitution. The maximum authorized millages shall be 28 increased or decreased in proportion to the amount of adjustment upward or 29 downward. Thereafter, such millages shall remain in effect unless changed as

Page 80 of 107

1	permitted by this constitution. In no way shall the provisions of this Subparagraph
2	be interpreted to affect the imposition and collection of revenue from a new millage
3	or the renewal of a millage.
4	§21. Other Property Exemptions
5	Section 21. In addition to the homestead exemption provided for in Section
6	20 of this Article, the following property and no other shall be exempt from ad
7	valorem taxation:
8	(A) Public lands and other public property used for public purposes. Land
9	or property owned by another state or owned by a political subdivision of another
10	state shall not be exempt under this Paragraph.
11	(B)(1)(a)(i) Property owned by a nonprofit corporation or association
12	organized and operated exclusively for religious, dedicated places of burial,
13	charitable, health, welfare, fraternal, or educational purposes, no part of the net
14	earnings of which inure to the benefit of any private shareholder or member thereof
15	and which is declared to be exempt from federal or state income tax; and
16	(ii) medical equipment leased for a term exceeding five years to such a
17	nonprofit corporation or association which owns or operates a small, rural hospital
18	and which uses the equipment solely for health care purposes at the hospital,
19	provided that the property shall be exempt only during the term of the lease to such
20	corporation or association, and further provided that "small, rural hospital" shall
21	mean a hospital which meets all of the following criteria:
22	(aa) It has less than fifty Medicare-licensed acute care beds.
23	(bb) It is located in a municipality with a population of less than ten
24	thousand which has been classified as an area with a shortage of health manpower
25	by the United States Health Service; and
26	(b) property leased to such a nonprofit corporation or association for use
27	solely as housing for homeless persons, as defined by regulation adopted by the tax
28	commission or its successor provided that the term of such lease shall be for at least
29	five years, that as a condition of entering into the lease the property be in compliance

Page 81 of 107

HLS 21RS-373

1	with all applicable health and sanitation codes for use as housing for homeless
2	persons, that the lease shall provide that compensation to be paid the lessor shall not
3	exceed one dollar per year, and that such contract of lease shall recite that the
4	property shall be used exclusively for the purpose of housing the homeless, and
5	further provided that at such time as the property is no longer used solely as housing
6	for homeless persons, the property shall no longer be exempt from taxation;
7	(2) property of a bona fide labor organization representing its members or
8	affiliates in collective bargaining efforts; and
9	(3) property of an organization such as a lodge or club organized for
10	charitable and fraternal purposes and practicing the same, and property of a nonprofit
11	corporation devoted to promoting trade, travel, and commerce, and also property of
12	a trade, business, industry or professional society or association, if that property is
13	owned by a nonprofit corporation or association organized under the laws of this
14	state for such purposes.
15	None of the property listed in Paragraph (B) shall be exempt if owned,
16	operated, leased, or used for commercial purposes unrelated to the exempt purposes
17	of the corporation or association.
18	(C)(1) Cash on hand or deposit;
19	(2) stocks and bonds, except bank stocks, the tax on which shall be paid by
20	the banking institution;
21	(3) obligations secured by mortgage on property located in Louisiana and the
22	notes or other evidence thereof;
23	(4) loans by life insurance companies to policyholders, if secured solely by
24	their policies;
25	(5) the legal reserve of domestic life insurance companies;
26	(6) loans by a homestead or building and loan association to its members, if
27	secured solely by stock of the association;
28	(7) debts due for merchandise or other articles of commerce or for services
29	rendered;

Page 82 of 107

1	(8) obligations of the state or its political subdivisions;
2	(9) personal property used in the home or on loan in a public place;
3	(10) irrevocably dedicated places of burial held by individuals for purposes
4	of burial of themselves or members of their families;
5	(11) agricultural products while owned by the producer, agricultural
6	machinery and other implements used exclusively for agricultural purposes, animals
7	on the farm, and property belonging to an agricultural fair association;
8	(12) property used for cultural, Mardi Gras carnival, or civic activities and
9	not operated for profit to the owners;
10	(13) rights-of-way granted to the State Department of Highways;
11	(14) boats using gasoline as motor fuel;
12	(15) commercial vessels used for gathering seafood for human consumption;
13	and
14	(16) ships and oceangoing tugs, towboats, and barges engaged in
15	international trade and domiciled in Louisiana ports. However, this exemption shall
16	not apply to harbor, wharf, shed, and other port dues or to any vessel operated in the
17	coastal trade of the states of the United States.
18	(17) Materials, boiler fuels, and energy sources used by public utilities to
19	fuel the generation of electricity.
20	(18) All incorporeal movables of any kind or nature whatsoever, except
21	public service properties, bank stocks, and credit assessments on premiums written
22	in Louisiana by insurance companies and loan and finance companies. For purposes
23	of this Section, incorporeal movables shall have the meaning set forth in the
24	Louisiana Civil Code of 1870, as amended.
25	(19) All artwork including sculptures, glass works, paintings, drawings,
26	signed and numbered posters, photographs, mixed media, collages, or any other item
27	which would be considered as the material result of a creative endeavor which is
28	listed as a consignment article by an art dealer.

Page 83 of 107

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state from outside the states of the United States: (a) so long as the imports remain on the public property of the port authority

(D)(1) Raw materials, goods, commodities, and articles imported into this

or docks of the common carrier where they first entered this state;

5 (b) so long as the imports (other than minerals and ores of the same kind as 6 any mined or produced in this state and manufactured articles) are held in this state 7 in the original form in bales, sacks, barrels, boxes, cartons, containers, or other 8 original packages, and raw materials held in bulk as all or a part of the new material 9 inventory of manufacturers or processors, solely for manufacturing or processing; 10 or

11 (c) so long as the imports are held by an importer in any public or private 12 storage in the original form in bales, sacks, barrels, boxes, cartons, containers, or 13 other original packages and agricultural products in bulk. This exemption shall not 14 apply to these imports when held by a retail merchant as part of his stock-in-trade for 15 sale at retail.

16 (2) Raw materials, goods, commodities, and other articles being held on the 17 public property of a port authority, on docks of any common carrier, or in a 18 warehouse, grain elevator, dock, wharf, or public storage facility in this state for 19 export to a point outside the states of the United States.

(3) Goods, commodities, and personal property in public or private storage
while in transit through this state which are moving in interstate commerce through
or over the territory of the state or which are in public or private storage within
Louisiana, having been shipped from outside Louisiana for storage in transit to a
final destination outside Louisiana, whether such destination was specified when
transportation began or afterward.

26 Property described in Paragraph (D), whether or not entitled to exemption,
27 shall be reported to the proper taxing authority on the forms required by law.

(E) Motor vehicles used on the public highways of this state, from state,
parish, municipal, and special ad valorem taxes.

Page 84 of 107

1	(F) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of this Section, the State Board
2	of Commerce and Industry or its successor, with the approval of the governor, may
3	enter into contracts for the exemption there are hereby authorized standard, local, and
4	executive exemptions from ad valorem property taxes of a new manufacturing
5	establishment or an addition to an existing manufacturing establishment, on such
6	terms and conditions as the board, with the approval of the governor, deems in the
7	best interest of the state. for capital investment projects as follows:
8	(1) The <u>standard</u> exemption shall be for an initial <u>a</u> term of no more than five
9	eight calendar years, and may be renewed for an additional five years. All property
10	exempted shall be listed on the assessment rolls and submitted to the Louisiana Tax
11	Commission or its successor, but no taxes shall be collected thereon during the
12	period of exemption.
13	The terms "manufacturing establishment" and "addition" as used herein mean
14	a new plant or establishment or an addition or additions to any existing plant or
15	establishment which engages in the business of working raw materials into wares
16	suitable for use or which gives new shapes, qualities or combinations to matter which
17	already has gone through some artificial process. and shall exempt eighty percent of
18	the ad valorem property taxes of the capital investment project. The standard
19	exemption shall be reviewed by the Board of Commerce and Industry, or its
20	successor as provided by law, and shall be subject to local approval as prescribed by
21	law.
22	(2) The local exemption shall be for a term of no more than fifteen years and
23	may exempt up to one hundred percent of the property taxes of the capital investment
24	project. The local exemption shall be subject to local approval as prescribed by law.
25	(3) The executive exemption shall be for a term determined by the governor
26	and may exempt up to one hundred percent of the property taxes of the capital
27	investment project. The executive exemption shall require approval from the
28	governor and shall be subject to local approval as prescribed by law.

Page 85 of 107

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1	(4) The enactment of a law to administer any exemption authorized in this
2	Paragraph shall require a favorable vote of two-thirds of the elected members of each
3	house of the legislature.

(G) Coal or lignite stockpiled in Louisiana for use in Louisiana for industrial or manufacturing purposes or for boiler fuel, gasification, feedstock, or process purposes.

7 (H) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of this constitution, the State 8 Board of Commerce and Industry or its successor, with the approval of the governor 9 and the local governing authority and in accordance with procedures and conditions 10 provided by law, may enter into contracts granting to a property owner, who 11 proposes the expansion, restoration, improvement, or development of an existing 12 structure or structures in a downtown, historic, or economic development district 13 established by a local governing authority or in accordance with law, the right for an 14 initial term of five years after completion of the work to pay ad valorem taxes based 15 upon the assessed valuation of the property for the year prior to the commencement 16 of the expansion, restoration, improvement, or development. Contracts may be 17 renewed, subject to the same conditions, for an additional five years extending such 18 right for a total of ten years from completion of the work.

(I)(1) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of this Section, the authority
or district charged with economic development of each parish is hereby authorized
to enter into contracts for the exemption from parish, municipal, and special ad
valorem taxes of goods held in inventory by distribution centers. In the absence of
the existence of an economic development authority or district, the parish governing
authority is authorized to grant contracts of exemption as are provided for in this
Paragraph.

(2) The contract for exemption shall be on such terms and to the extent, up
to and including the full assessed valuation of the goods held in inventory, as the
economic development authority or district deems in the best interest of the parish.
However, prior to entering into each individual contract, the economic development

Page 86 of 107

authority or district must request and receive written approval of the contract,
including its terms and an estimated fiscal impact, from each affected tax recipient
body in the parish, as evidenced by a favorable vote of a majority of the members of
the governing authority of the tax recipient body. Failure to receive all required
approvals from the tax recipient bodies before entering into a contract shall render
the contract null and void and of no effect.

7 (3) The term "distribution center" as used herein means an establishment
8 engaged in the sale of products for resale or further processing for resale. The term
9 "goods held in inventory" as used herein means goods or products which have been
10 given new shapes, qualities, or combinations through some artificial process and
11 does not include raw materials such as natural gas, crude oil, sulphur, or timber or
12 goods or products held for sale to consumers.

(J)(1) Drilling rigs used exclusively for the exploration and development of
minerals outside the territorial limits of the state in Outer Continental Shelf waters
which are within the state for the purpose of being stored or stacked for use outside
the territorial limits of the state, or for the purpose of being converted, renovated, or
repaired, and any property in the state for the purpose of being incorporated in, or to
be used in the operation of said drilling rigs.

19 (2) The exemption provided in this Paragraph shall be applicable in any
20 parish in which the exemption has been approved by a majority of the electors of the
21 parish voting thereon at an election called for that purpose.

22 (K)(1) On and after January 1, 2015, in addition to the homestead exemption 23 authorized under the provisions of Article VII, Section 20 of this constitution, which 24 applies to the first seven thousand five hundred dollars of the assessed valuation of 25 property, the next seven thousand five hundred dollars of the assessed valuation of 26 property receiving the homestead exemption that is owned and occupied by a veteran 27 with a service-connected disability rating of one hundred percent unemployability 28 or totally disabled by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs shall be 29 exempt from ad valorem taxation. The surviving spouse of a deceased veteran with

Page 87 of 107

1a service-connected disability rating of one hundred percent unemployability or2totally disabled by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs shall be eligible3for this exemption if the surviving spouse occupies and remains the owner of the4property, whether or not the exemption was in effect on the property prior to the5death of the veteran. If property eligible for the exemption provided for in this6Paragraph has an assessed value in excess of fifteen thousand dollars, ad valorem7property taxes shall apply to the assessment in excess of fifteen thousand dollars.

8 (2) Notwithstanding any provision of this constitution to the contrary, the 9 property assessment of a property for which this exemption has been claimed, to the 10 extent of seven thousand five hundred dollars, shall not be treated as taxable property 11 for purposes of any subsequent reappraisals and valuation for millage adjustment 12 purposes under Article VII, Section 23(B) of this Constitution. The decrease in the 13 total amount of ad valorem tax collected by a taxing authority as a result of the 14 exemption shall be absorbed by the taxing authority and shall not create any 15 additional tax liability for other taxpayers in the taxing district as a result of any 16 subsequent reappraisal and valuation or millage adjustment. Implementation of the 17 exemption authorized in this Paragraph shall neither trigger nor be cause for a 18 reappraisal of property or an adjustment of millages pursuant to the provisions of 19 Article VII, Section 23(B) of this constitution.

(3)(a) The exemption provided for in this Paragraph shall extend and apply
in a parish only if it is established through an election that shall be called by either
an ordinance or a resolution from the parish governing authority. The proposition
shall state that the exemption shall extend and apply in the parish and become
effective only after the question of its adoption has been approved by a majority of
the registered voters of the parish voting in an election held for that purpose.

(b) If a parish held an election as provided by this Subparagraph and the
electors approved the exemption prior to November 4, 2014, the parish may
implement the exemption as amended by the statewide electors on November 4,
2014, without holding an additional election.

Page 88 of 107

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(4) A trust shall be eligible for the exemption provided for in this Paragraph as provided by law.

3 (L)(1) Except as otherwise provided herein, property owned or leased by, 4 and used by, a targeted non-manufacturing business in the operation of its facility, 5 including buildings, improvements, equipment, and other property necessary or 6 beneficial to such operation, according to a program and pursuant to contracts of 7 exemption which contain such terms and conditions which shall be provided by law. 8 Land underlying the facility and other property pertaining to the facility on which ad 9 valorem taxes have previously been paid, inventories, consumables, and property 10 eligible for the manufacturing exemption provided by Paragraph (F) of this Section, 11 shall not be exempt under this Paragraph.

12 (2) Ad valorem taxes shall apply to the assessed valuation of the first ten
13 million dollars or ten percent of fair market value, whichever is greater, and this
14 amount of property shall not be exempt under this Paragraph.

(3) A targeted non-manufacturing business means at least fifty percent of
such business' total annual sales from a site or sites in the state is to out-of-state
customers or buyers, or to in-state customers or buyers but the product or service is
resold by the purchaser to an out-of-state customer or buyer for ultimate use, or to
the federal government, or any combination thereof. The legislature may provide by
law for the inclusion of sales by affiliates when appropriate in making this fifty
percent determination.

(4) A contract for the exemption shall be available only in parishes whichhave agreed to participate, in the manner provided by the legislature by law.

(M) There is hereby established an exemption from ad valorem tax for the
total assessed value of the homestead of the unmarried surviving spouse of a person
who died under the conditions enumerated in Subsubparagraph (1)(a) or (b) of this
Paragraph, and if the conditions established in Subsubparagraph (1)(c) of this
Paragraph are met.

Page 89 of 107

1	(1)(a) For ad valorem taxes due in 2017 and thereafter, the exemption shall
2	apply beginning in the tax year in which any of the following persons died or 2017,
3	whichever is later:
4	(i) A member of the armed forces of the United States or the Louisiana
5	National Guard who died while on active duty.
6	(ii) A state police officer who died while on duty.
7	(iii) A law enforcement or fire protection officer who qualified for the salary
8	supplement authorized in Section 10(D)(3) of this Article who died while on duty.
9	(b) For ad valorem taxes due in 2018 and thereafter, the exemption shall
10	apply beginning in the tax year in which any of the following persons died or 2018,
11	whichever is later:
12	(i) An emergency medical responder, technician, or paramedic, as such terms
13	may be defined by law, who died while performing the duties of their employment.
14	(ii) A volunteer firefighter, verified by the Office of the State Fire Marshal
15	to have died while performing firefighting duties.
16	(iii) A law enforcement or fire protection officer who died while on duty and
17	who would have qualified for the salary supplement authorized in Section $10(D)(3)$
18	of this Article if he had completed the first year of his employment before his death.
19	(c)(i) The property is eligible for the homestead exemption and the property
20	was the residence of a person listed within Subsubparagraph (a) or (b) of this
21	Subparagraph at the time of that person's death.
22	(ii) The surviving spouse has not remarried.
23	(iii) The surviving spouse annually provides evidence of their eligibility for
24	the exemption in accordance with the requirements of Subparagraph (2) of this
25	Paragraph.
26	(2) Each assessor shall establish a procedure whereby a person may annually
27	apply for the exemption. Eligibility for the exemption shall be established by the
28	production of documents and certification of information by the surviving spouse to
29	the assessor as follows:

Page 90 of 107

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1 (a) In an initial application for the exemption, the surviving spouse shall 2 produce documentation issued by their deceased spouse's employer evidencing the 3 death.

(b) For purposes of the continuation of an existing exemption, the surviving spouse shall annually provide a sworn statement to the assessor attesting to the fact that the surviving spouse has not remarried.

7 (3) Once an unmarried surviving spouse has qualified for and taken the 8 exemption, if the surviving spouse then acquires a different property which qualifies 9 for the homestead exemption, the surviving spouse shall be entitled to an exemption 10 on that subsequent homestead, the exemption being limited in value to the amount 11 of the exemption claimed on the prior homestead in the last year for which the 12 exemption was claimed. The assessor may require the submission of certain 13 information concerning the amount of the exemption on the prior homestead for 14 purposes of determining the extent of the exemption available for the subsequent 15 homestead.

16 (4) A trust shall be eligible for the exemption provided for in this Paragraph
17 as provided by law.

18 (N)(1) All property delivered to a construction project site for the purpose 19 of incorporating the property into any tract of land, building, or other construction 20 as a component part, including the type of property that may be deemed to be a 21 component part once placed on an immovable for its service and improvement 22 pursuant to the provisions of the Louisiana Civil Code of 1870, as amended. The 23 exemption provided for in this Paragraph shall be applicable until the construction 24 project for which the property has been delivered is complete. A construction project 25 shall be deemed complete when construction is finished to the extent that the project 26 can be used or occupied for its intended purpose. A construction project shall not be 27 deemed complete during its inspection, testing, or commissioning stages, as defined 28 by reasonable industry standards.

Page 91 of 107

1	(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of Subparagraph (1) of this Paragraph,
2	this exemption shall not apply to any of the following:
3	(a) Any portion of a construction project that is complete, available for its
4	intended use, or operational on the date that property is assessed.
5	(b) For projects constructed in two or more distinct phases, any phase of the
6	construction project that is complete, available for its intended use, or operational on
7	the date the property is assessed.
8	(c) Any public service property, unless the public service property is
9	otherwise eligible for an exemption provided by any other provision of this
10	constitution.
11	(O) One or more local government taxing authorities within a parish may
12	enter into a joint or separate cooperative endeavor agreement for payments in lieu
13	of ad valorem taxes with any owner of non-residential immoveable property located
14	within the parish. The agreement shall provide for payments in lieu of taxes. Any
15	cooperative endeavor agreement authorized by this Paragraph shall be for a term not
16	to exceed forty years. Enactment of any law to administer this Paragraph shall
17	require a favorable vote of two-thirds of the elected members of each house of the
18	legislature.
19	§22. No Impairment of Existing Taxes or Obligations
20	Section 22. This Part shall not be applied in a manner which will (a)
21	invalidate taxes authorized and imposed prior to the effective date of this constitution
22	or (b) impair the obligations, validity, or security of any bonds or other debt
23	obligations authorized prior to the effective date of this constitution.
24	§23. Adjustment of Ad Valorem Tax Millages
25	Section 23.(A) First Adjustment. Prior to the end of the third year after the
26	effective date of this constitution, the assessors and the Louisiana Tax Commission
27	or its successor shall complete determination of the fair market value or the use value
28	of all property subject to taxation within each parish for use in implementing this
29	Article. Except as provided in this Section, the total amount of ad valorem taxes

Page 92 of 107

1 collected by any taxing authority in the year in which Sections 18 and 20 of this 2 Article are implemented shall not be increased or decreased, because of their 3 provisions, above or below ad valorem taxes collected by that taxing authority in the 4 year preceding implementation. To accomplish this result, it shall be mandatory for 5 each affected taxing authority, in the year in which Sections 18 and 20 of this Article 6 are implemented, to adjust millages upwards or downwards without regard to millage 7 limitations contained in this constitution, and the maximum authorized millages shall 8 be increased or decreased, without further voter approval, in proportion to the 9 amount of the adjustment upward or downward. Thereafter, such millages shall 10 remain in effect unless changed as permitted by this constitution.

11 (B) Subsequent Adjustments. Except as otherwise permitted in this Section, 12 the total amount of ad valorem taxes collected by any taxing authority in the year in 13 which the reappraisal and valuation provisions of Section 18, Paragraph (F) of this 14 Article are implemented shall not be increased or decreased because of a reappraisal 15 or valuation or increases or decreases in the homestead exemption above or below 16 the total amount of ad valorem taxes collected by that taxing authority in the year 17 preceding implementation of the reappraisal and valuation. To accomplish this 18 result, the provisions of millage adjustments relative to implementation of Section 19 18 and Section 20 of this Article, as set forth in Paragraph (A) of this Section shall 20 be mandatory. Thereafter, following implementation of each subsequent reappraisal 21 and valuation required by Paragraph (F) of Section 18 of this Article, the millages 22 as fixed in each such implementation shall remain in effect unless changed as 23 permitted by Paragraph (C) (B) of this Section.

(C)(B) Increases Permitted. Nothing herein shall prohibit a taxing authority
from collecting, in the year in which Sections 18 and 20 of this Article are
implemented or in any subsequent year, a larger dollar amount of ad valorem taxes
by (1) levying additional or increased millages as provided by law or (2) placing
additional property on the tax rolls. Increases in the millage rate in excess of the
rates established as provided by Paragraph (B) above (A) of this Section but not in

Page 93 of 107

1	excess of the prior year's maximum authorized millage rate may be levied by two-
2	thirds vote of the total membership of a taxing authority without further voter
3	approval but only after a public hearing held in accordance with the open meetings
4	law; however, in addition to any other requirements of the open meetings law, public
5	notice of the time, place, and subject matter of such hearing shall be published on
6	two separate days no less than thirty days before the public hearing. Such public
7	notice shall be published in the official journal of the taxing authority, and another
8	newspaper with a larger circulation within the taxing authority than the official
9	journal of the taxing authority, if there is one.
10	(D)(C) Application. This Section shall not apply to millages required to be
11	levied for the payment of general obligation bonds.
12	§24. Tax Assessors
13	Section 24.(A) Election; Term. A tax assessor shall be elected by the
14	electors of each parish. His and his term of office shall be four years. His election,
15	duties, and compensation shall be as provided by law.
16	(B) Orleans Parish. The assessor shall be elected at the same time as the
17	municipal officers of New Orleans.
18	(C) Vacancy. When a vacancy occurs in the office of tax assessor, the duties
19	of the office, until filled by election as provided by law, shall be assumed by the
20	chief deputy assessor.
21	§25. Tax Sales
22	Section 25.(A) Tax Sales. (1) There shall be no forfeiture of property for
23	nonpayment of taxes. However Notwithstanding any other provision of law, at the
24	expiration of the year in which the taxes are due, the collector, without suit, and after
25	giving notice to the delinquent in the manner provided by law, shall advertise for sale
26	the property on which the taxes are due. The advertisement shall be published in the
27	official journal of the parish or municipality, or, if there is no official journal, as
28	provided by law for sheriffs' sales, in the manner provided for judicial sales. On the
29	day of sale, the collector shall sell the portion of the property which the debtor points

Page 94 of 107

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out. If the debtor does not point out sufficient property, the collector shall sell immediately the least quantity of property which any bidder will <u>may</u> buy for the amount of the taxes, interest, and costs. The sale shall be without appraisement. A tax deed by a tax collector shall be prima facie evidence that a valid sale was made.

5 (2) If property located in a municipality with a population of more than four 6 hundred fifty thousand persons as of the most recent federal decennial census fails 7 to sell for the minimum required bid in the tax sale, the collector may offer the 8 property for sale at a subsequent sale with no minimum required bid. The proceeds 9 of the sale shall be applied to the taxes, interest, and costs due on the property, and 10 any remaining deficiency shall be eliminated from the tax rolls.

(B) Redemption. (1) The property sold shall be redeemable for three years
after the date of recordation of the tax sale, by paying the price given, including
costs, five percent penalty thereon, and interest at the rate of one percent per month
until redemption.

(2) In the city of New Orleans, when such property sold is residential or
commercial property which is abandoned property as defined by R.S. 33:4720.12(1)
or blighted property as defined by Act 155 of the 1984 Regular Session, it shall be
redeemable for eighteen months after the date of recordation of the tax sale by
payment in accordance with Subparagraph (1) of this Paragraph.

(3) In any parish other than Orleans, when such property sold is vacant
residential or commercial property which has been declared blighted, as defined by
R.S. 33:1374(B)(1) on January 1, 2013, or abandoned, as defined by R.S.
33:4720.59(D)(2) on January 1, 2013, it shall be redeemable for eighteen months
after the date of recordation of the tax sale by payment in accordance with
Subparagraph (1) of this Paragraph.

(C) Annulment. No sale of property for taxes shall be set aside for any
cause, except on proof of payment of the taxes prior to the date of the sale, unless the
proceeding to annul is instituted within six months after service of notice of sale. A
notice of sale shall not be served until the final day for redemption has ended. It

Page 95 of 107

1 must be served within five years after the date of the recordation of the tax deed if 2 no notice is given. The fact that taxes were paid on a part of the property sold prior 3 to the sale thereof, or that a part of the property was not subject to taxation, shall not 4 be cause for annulling the sale of any part thereof on which the taxes for which it 5 was sold were due and unpaid. No judgment annulling a tax sale shall have effect 6 until the price and all taxes and costs are paid, and until ten percent per annum 7 interest on the amount of the price and taxes paid from date of respective payments 8 are paid to the purchaser; however, this shall not apply to sales annulled because the 9 taxes were paid prior to the date of sale.

10 (D) Quieting Tax Title. The manner of notice and form of proceeding to
11 quiet tax titles shall be provided by law.

(E) Movables; Tax Sales. When taxes on movables are delinquent, the tax
collector shall seize and sell sufficient movable property of the delinquent taxpayer
to pay the tax, whether or not the property seized is the property which was assessed.
Sale of the property shall be at public auction, without appraisement, after ten days
advertisement, published within ten days after date of seizure. It shall be absolute
and without redemption.

18 If the tax collector can find no corporeal movables of the delinquent to seize, 19 he may levy on incorporeal rights, by notifying the debtor thereof, or he may proceed 20 by summary rule in the courts to compel the delinquent to deliver for sale property 21 in his possession or under his control.

22 (F) Postponement of Taxes. The legislature may postpone the payment of 23 taxes, but only in cases of overflow, general conflagration, general crop destruction, 24 or other public calamity, and may provide for the levying, assessing, and collecting 25 of such postponed taxes. In such case, the legislature may authorize the borrowing 26 of money by the state on its faith and credit, by bond issue or otherwise, and may 27 levy taxes, or apply taxes already levied and not appropriated, to secure payment 28 thereof, in order to create a fund from which loans may be made through the Interim 29 Emergency Board to the governing authority of the parish where the calamity occurs.

Page 96 of 107

1	The money loaned shall be applied to and shall not exceed the deficiency in revenue
2	of the parish or a political subdivision therein or of which the parish is a part, caused
3	by postponement of taxes. No loan shall be made to a parish governing authority
4	without the approval of the Interim Emergency Board.
5	PART III. REVENUE SHARING
6	§26. Revenue Sharing Fund
7	Section 26.(A) Creation of Fund. The Revenue Sharing Fund is created as
8	a special fund in the state treasury.
9	(B) Annual Allocation. The sum of ninety million dollars is allocated
10	annually from the state general fund to the revenue sharing fund. The legislature
11	may appropriate additional sums to the fund.
12	(C) Distribution Formula. The revenue sharing fund shall be distributed
13	annually as provided by law solely on the basis of population and number of
14	homesteads in each parish in proportion to population and the number of homesteads
15	throughout the state. Unless otherwise provided by law, population statistics of the
16	last federal decennial census shall be utilized for this purpose. After deductions in
17	each parish for retirement systems and commissions as authorized by law, the
18	remaining funds, to the extent available, shall be distributed by first priority to the
19	tax recipient bodies within the parish, as defined by law, to offset current losses
20	because of homestead exemptions granted in this Article. Any balance remaining
21	in a parish distribution shall be allocated to the municipalities and tax recipient
22	bodies within each parish as provided by law.
23	(D) Distributing Officer. The funds distributed to each parish as provided
24	in Paragraph (C) shall be distributed in Orleans Parish by the city treasurer of New
25	Orleans and in all other parishes by the parish tax collector. The funds allocated to
26	the Monroe City School Board or its successor shall be distributed to and by the city
27	treasurer of Monroe.
28	(E) Bonded Debt. A political subdivision, as defined by Article VI of this

constitution, may incur debt by issuing negotiable bonds and may pledge for the

1	payment of all or part of the principal and interest of such bonds the proceeds	
2	derived or to be derived from that portion of the funds received by it from the	
3	revenue sharing fund, to offset current losses caused by homestead exemptions	
4	granted by this Article. Unless otherwise provided by law, no moneys allocated	
5	within any parish from the balance remaining in its distribution may be pledged to	
6	the payment of the principal or interest of any bonds. Bonds issued under this	
7	Paragraph shall be issued and sold as provided by law, and shall require approval of	
8	the State Bond Commission or its successor prior to issuance and sale.	
9	PART IV. TRANSPORTATION	
10	§27. Transportation Trust Fund	
11	Section 27.(A) Creation of fund. Effective January 1, 1990, there shall be	
12	established in the state treasury as a special permanent trust fund the Transportation	
13	Trust Fund ("the trust fund") in which shall be deposited the "excess revenues" as	
14	defined herein which are a portion of the avails received in each year from all taxes	
15	levied on gasoline and motor fuels and on special fuels (said avails being referred to	
16	as the "revenues") as provided herein. After satisfying pledges respecting that	
17	portion of the revenues attributable to the tax rates in effect at the time of such	
18	pledges for the payment of obligations for bonds or other evidences of indebtedness	
19	on the effective date of this Section, the treasurer shall allocate such portion of the	
20	revenues received in each year as necessary to pay all principal, interest, premium,	
21	if any, and other obligations incident to the issuance, security, and payment in	
22	respect of bonds as authorized in Paragraph (C) hereof. Thereafter, the portion of the	
23	revenues remaining shall be deposited in the Bond Security and Redemption Fund	
24	in the state treasury. After (1) the payment of any obligations for bonds or other	
25	evidences of indebtedness in existence on the effective date of this Section which are	
26	secured by revenues; (2) payments in respect of bonds authorized in Paragraph (C)	
27	hereof; and (3) credit to the Bond Security and Redemption Fund, the treasurer shall	
28	deposit in and credit to the trust fund all of the revenues remaining (the "excess	
29	revenues") from the avails of all taxes levied on gasoline and motor fuels and on	

Page 98 of 107

1 special fuels, as follows: for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1989, the avails of 2 twelve cents per gallon of said taxes received on and after January 1, 1990; for the 3 fiscal year beginning on July 1, 1990, the avails of fourteen cents per gallon of said 4 taxes; for the fiscal year beginning on July 1, 1991, and thereafter, the avails of all 5 taxes levied on gasoline and motor fuels and on special fuels. Purchases of gasoline, 6 diesel fuel, or special fuels which are subject to excise tax under Chapter 7 of 7 Subtitle II of Title 47 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950 shall be exempt from 8 the state sales tax and any sales tax levied by a political subdivision as defined by 9 Article VI, Section 44(2). All monies appropriated by the Federal Highway 10 Administration and the Federal Aviation Administration, or their successors, either 11 reimbursed or paid directly, shall be paid directly or deposited in and credited to the 12 trust fund.

13 (B)(1) Except as provided for in Subparagraph (2) of this Paragraph, the 14 monies in the trust fund shall be appropriated or dedicated solely and exclusively for 15 the costs for and associated with construction and maintenance of the roads and 16 bridges of the state and federal highway systems, the Statewide Flood-Control 17 Program or its successor, ports, airports, transit, and the Parish Transportation Fund 18 or its successor and for the payment of all principal, interest, premium, if any, and 19 other obligations incident to the issuance, security, and payment in respect of bonds 20 or other obligations payable from the trust fund as authorized in Paragraph (D) of 21 this Section. Unless pledged to the repayment of bonds authorized in Paragraphs (C) 22 or (D) of this Section, the monies in the trust fund allocated to ports, airports, flood 23 control, parish transportation, and state highway construction shall be appropriated 24 annually by the legislature only pursuant to programs established by law which 25 establish a system of priorities for the expenditure of such monies, except that the 26 Transportation Infrastructure Model for Economic Development, which shall include 27 only those projects enumerated in House Bill 17 of the 1989 First Extraordinary 28 Session of the Legislature and US Highway 61 from Thompson Creek to the 29 Mississippi Line, in lieu of "US 61-Bains to Mississippi Line", and US Highway 165

Page 99 of 107

1 from I-10 to Alexandria to Monroe to Bastrop and thence on US Highway 425 from 2 Bastrop to the Arkansas Line, in lieu of "US 165-I-10 Alexandria-Monroe-Bastrop-3 Arkansas Line" and LA 15-Natchez, Mississippi to Chase in lieu of "LA 15-Natchez, 4 Mississippi to Monroe", shall be funded as provided by law. The state-generated tax 5 monies appropriated for ports, Parish Transportation Fund, or its successor, and the 6 Statewide Flood-Control Program, or its successor shall not exceed twenty percent 7 annually of the state-generated tax revenues in the trust fund; provided, however, that 8 no less than the avails of one cent of the tax on gasoline and special fuels shall be 9 appropriated each year to the Parish Transportation Fund, or its successor. The 10 annual appropriation for airports shall be a sum equal to, but not greater than, the 11 annual estimated revenue to be derived from the state taxes to be collected and 12 received on aviation fuel. Unencumbered and unexpended balances at the end of each fiscal year shall remain in the trust fund. The earnings realized in each fiscal 13 14 year on the investment of monies in the trust fund shall be deposited in and credited 15 to the trust fund.

16 (2) There is hereby established in the Transportation Trust Fund a special 17 subfund to be known as the "Construction Subfund", hereinafter referred to as "the 18 subfund", in which shall be deposited the avails of any new taxes that become 19 effective and are levied on gasoline, motor fuels, or special fuels on or after July 1, 20 2017. The monies in the subfund shall be appropriated and dedicated solely for the 21 direct costs associated with actual project delivery, construction, and maintenance 22 of transportation and capital transit infrastructure projects of the state and local 23 government. The monies in the subfund that are appropriated by the legislature to 24 the Department of Transportation and Development, or its successor, shall not be 25 utilized by the department for the payment of employee wages and related benefits 26 or employee retirement benefits.

(C) The State Bond Commission or its successor, may issue and sell bonds,
notes, or other obligations ("Bonds") secured by a pledge of a portion of the revenues
not to exceed the avails of four cents per gallon of the taxes on gasoline and motor

Page 100 of 107

1 fuels and on special fuels received by the state treasurer. Bonds so issued may also 2 be secured by a pledge of all or a portion of excess revenues as additional security 3 therefor, and if so pledged any portion thereof needed to pay principal, interest, or 4 premium, if any, and other obligations incident to the issuance, security, and 5 payment in respect to Bonds may be expended by the treasurer without the need for 6 legislative appropriation. The Bonds may be issued in the manner set forth in this 7 Section to provide for the costs for and associated with construction and maintenance 8 of the roads and bridges of the state and federal highway systems, Statewide 9 Flood-Control Program, ports, airports, and for any other purpose for which monies 10 in the trust fund may be expended as provided by law. Such Bonds shall not be 11 considered to be debt under Article VII, Section 6, unless the provisions of Article 12 VII, Section 6, relative to incurring debt by the state are met, in which case the full 13 faith and credit of the state may also be pledged in addition to the revenues received 14 by the treasurer.

15 (D) The State Bond Commission or its successor may also issue and sell 16 bonds, notes, or other obligations secured by a pledge of the excess revenues 17 deposited in the trust fund, which shall otherwise be issued in the manner and for the 18 purposes provided for in this Section, and if so pledged any portion thereof needed 19 to pay principal, interest, or premium, if any, and other obligations incident to the 20 issuance, security, and payment in respect thereof may be expended by the treasurer 21 without the need for legislative appropriation.

(E) Bonds, notes, or other obligations issued pursuant to the provisions of
Paragraphs (C) or (D) above may be issued in the manner provided by resolution of
the State Bond Commission or its successor under the authority of said Paragraphs
without compliance with any other requirement of this constitution or law. To that
end, said Paragraphs (C) and (D) hereof shall be deemed self-operative.

Page 101 of 107

1	PART V. UNCLAIMED PROPERTY
2	§28. Louisiana Unclaimed Property Permanent Trust Fund
3	Section 28.(A) Creation of Fund. (1) Effective July 1, 2021, there shall be
4	established in the state treasury as a special permanent trust fund, the Louisiana
5	Unclaimed Property Permanent Trust Fund, referred to in this Section as the "UCP
6	Permanent Trust Fund". No appropriation shall be made from the UCP Permanent
7	Trust Fund.
8	(2) The purpose of the UCP Permanent Trust Fund is to ensure a source of
9	payment for claims made by owners of unclaimed property. After allocation of
10	money to the Bond Security and Redemption Fund as provided in Article VII,
11	Section 9(B) of this Constitution constitution, after the payment of all administrative
12	fees, costs, and expenses as provided by law, and after the deposit of monies into the
13	Unclaimed Property Leverage Fund, the treasurer shall annually deposit in and credit
14	to the UCP Permanent Trust Fund the net amount of all monies received as a result
15	of the Uniform Unclaimed Property Act of 1997 or its successor.
16	(3) Realized capital gains, dividend income, and interest income, earned on
17	the investments in the UCP Permanent Trust Fund, net of trust fund investment and
18	administrative expenses, shall be deposited into the state general fund.
19	(4) All monies shall be credited to the fund as provided in Subparagraph (2)
20	of this Paragraph until the balance in the UCP Permanent Trust Fund equals the
21	amount of the state's potential liability to unclaimed property claimants as reported
22	in the previous fiscal year pursuant to Paragraph (C) of this Section. All money
23	received above the state's potential liability to unclaimed property claimants as
24	reported by the state treasurer shall be deposited into the state general fund.
25	(B) Investment and Administration. The money credited to the UCP
26	Permanent Trust Fund pursuant to Paragraph (A) of this Section shall be permanently
27	credited to the UCP Permanent Trust Fund and shall be invested by the treasurer.
28	Notwithstanding any provision of this constitution to the contrary, a portion of
29	money in the UCP Permanent Trust Fund, not to exceed fifty percent of the money

Page 102 of 107

1	in the UCP Permanent Trust Fund, may be invested in equities. The legislature shall
2	establish by law procedures for the investment of such monies. The treasurer may
3	contract, subject to the approval of the State Bond Commission, for the management
4	of such investments. Investment earnings shall be available for appropriation to pay
5	expenses incurred in the investment and management of the UCP Permanent Trust
6	Fund.
7	(C) Reports; Allocation. (1) Not less than sixty days prior to the beginning
8	of each regular session of the legislature, the state treasurer shall submit to the
9	legislature and the governor a report of the following:
10	(a) The balance of the UCP Permanent Trust Fund as of the close of the prior
11	fiscal year.
12	(b) The state's potential liability to unclaimed property claimants as of the
13	close of the prior fiscal year.
14	(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of Subparagraph (1) of this Paragraph, not
15	less than sixty days prior to the beginning of the 2022 Regular Session of the
16	legislature, the state treasurer shall submit to the legislature and the governor a report
17	of the following:
18	(a) The balance of the UCP Permanent Trust Fund as of January 1, 2022.
19	(b) The state's potential liability to unclaimed property claimants as of the
20	close of the prior fiscal year.
21	(3) If unclaimed property claims exceed receipts, the state treasurer shall
22	certify the amount needed to pay received claims and shall allocate sufficient funds
23	from the UCP Permanent Trust Fund to pay that amount. The state treasurer shall
24	also immediately notify the legislature and governor of the amount transferred from
25	the UCP Permanent Trust Fund and amount remaining in the UCP Permanent Trust
26	Fund.
27	(D) Private Property. Property received by the state pursuant to the Uniform
28	Unclaimed Property Act of 1997 or its successor and deposited into the UCP

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1	Permanent Trust Fund is private property held in trust until a claim is made for it by
2	the owner.
3	Section 2. Be it further resolved that this proposed amendment shall be submitted
4	to the electors of the state of Louisiana at the statewide election to be held on November 8,
5	2022.
6	Section 3. Be it further resolved that on the official ballot to be used at the election,
7	there shall be printed a proposition, upon which the electors of the state shall be permitted
8	to vote YES or NO, to amend the Constitution of Louisiana, which proposition shall read as
9	follows:
10	Do you support an amendment to amend Article VII of the Louisiana
1	Constitution, relative to revenue and finance? (Amends Article VII)

DIGEST

The digest printed below was prepared by House Legislative Services. It constitutes no part of the legislative instrument. The keyword, one-liner, abstract, and digest do not constitute part of the law or proof or indicia of legislative intent. [R.S. 1:13(B) and 24:177(E)]

HB 417 Reengrossed2021 Regular Session

Abstract: Amends Article VII of the La. Constitution in its entirety.

<u>Present constitution</u> authorizes taxation by the state, state debt, the state bond commission, and the use of state funds.

<u>Present constitution</u> provides for the state budget, expenditure of state funds, the general reporting of monies, investments by the state treasury, and taxation.

<u>Present constitution</u> further authorizes the following funds: the Wildlife and Fisheries Conservation Fund, the Louisiana Education Quality Trust Fund, the Coastal Protection and Restoration Fund, the Budget Stabilization Fund, the Higher Education Louisiana Partnership Fund, the Mineral Revenue Audit and Settlement Fund, the Oilfield Site Restoration Fund, the Oil Spill Contingency Fund, the Millennium Trust, the Louisiana Fund, the Millennium Leverage Fund, the Artificial Reef Development Fund, the Agricultural and Seafood Products Support Fund, the Hospital Stabilization Fund, the Louisiana Medical Assistance Trust Fund, the Revenue Stabilization Trust Fund, the dedication of mineral revenues, the Revenue Sharing Fund, and the Transportation Trust Fund.

<u>Present constitution</u> authorizes a sales and use tax exemption for food for home consumption as defined in <u>present law</u> (R.S.47:305(D)(1)(n)).

<u>Proposed constitutional amendment</u> retains <u>present constitution</u> but requires any change to the definition of food for home consumption to be enacted in law by a favorable vote of two-thirds of the elected members of each house of the legislature.

Page 104 of 107

<u>Present constitution</u> authorizes equal and uniform taxes to be levied on net income. Further authorizes the rates for these taxes to be graduated according to the amount of the taxpayer's net income; however, the state individual and joint income tax schedule of rates and brackets are prohibited from exceeding the rates and brackets as they existed on Jan. 1, 2003.

<u>Proposed constitutional amendment</u> deletes the reference to the individual income tax rates and brackets in existence on Jan. 1, 2003, in favor of specifying that a state tax levied on individual income shall be levied at a flat rate which shall be established in law.

<u>Present constitution</u> requires federal income taxes paid to be allowed as a deductible item in computing state individual, estates and trusts, and corporate income taxes for the same period.

<u>Proposed constitutional amendment</u> changes <u>present constitution</u> by eliminating the mandatory deductibility of federal income taxes paid when computing individual, estates and trusts, and corporate income tax liability.

<u>Proposed constitutional amendment</u> creates the State Cybersecurity and Information Technology Infrastructure Fund in the state treasury. Dedicates 0.0045% of monies in the state general fund that are not allocated to the Bond Redemption and Security Fund or pledged in connection with the issuance of bonds to be appropriated solely for purposes of enhancing and upgrading the state's information technology infrastructure and to support cybersecurity needs.

<u>Proposed constitutional amendment</u> provides that unexpended and unencumbered monies in the fund at the end of the fiscal year remain in the fund. The money in the fund shall be invested as provided by law and any earnings realized on investment of money in the fund shall be deposited in and credited to the fund.

<u>Proposed constitutional amendment</u> authorizes the establishment of a committee to assist the legislature in consideration of priorities for the funding of information technology infrastructure projects through appropriations from the fund with consent of the majority of the legislature.

<u>Present constitution</u> provides property subject to ad valorem taxation shall be listed on the assessment rolls. Further provides property valuation shall be a percentage of fair market value.

<u>Present constitution</u> provides the percentage of fair market value shall be uniform throughout the state upon the same class of property.

<u>Present constitution</u> provides for the classifications of property for the purposes of ad valorem tax and provides the percentage of fair market value applicable to each classification as follows:

(1)	Land	10%
(2)	Improvements for residential purposes	10%
(3)	Electric cooperative properties, excluding land	15%
(4)	Other property	15%

<u>Proposed constitutional amendment</u> repeals <u>present constitution</u> and provides classifications and percentages shall be established in law, enacted by a legislative instrument which receives a favorable vote of two-thirds of the elected members of each house of the legislature.

Page 105 of 107

<u>Present constitution</u> provides the percentage of fair market value of property classified as public service property shall be 25%. <u>Proposed constitutional amendment</u> retains <u>present</u> <u>constitution</u>.

<u>Proposed constitutional amendment</u> provides that total amount of taxes collected by any taxing authority in the first year following enactment of legislation shall not increase or decrease above or below the amount of ad valorem taxes counted in the year prior to enactment.

<u>Proposed constitutional amendment</u> provides after the first year of enactment, each affected taxing authority shall adjust millages without regard to millage limitations as necessary.

<u>Present constitution</u> establishes an exemption from state, parish, and special ad valorem property taxes for the bona fide homestead of the property owner, for the first \$7,500 of assessed valuation.

<u>Proposed constitutional amendment</u> retains <u>present constitution</u> and adds authorization for a parish governing authority to adjust the amount of the homestead exemption by the adoption of a resolution or ordinance, to be effective only if approved by the electors of the parish. One time millage adjustments are required in instances where the homestead exemption is adjusted so as to ensure the same amount of revenue for taxing authorities.

<u>Present constitution</u> authorizes a property tax exemption for new manufacturing establishments and additions to existing establishments for an initial term of five years, with a five-year renewal. The exemption is effectuated through a contract granted by the Board of Commerce and Industry, with the approval of the governor.

<u>Proposed constitutional amendment</u> authorizes three ad valorem property tax exemptions for capital investment projects as follows:

- (1) A standard exemption for a term of eight calendar years for 80% of property taxes. The exemption is subject to review by the Board of Commerce and Industry, and is subject to local approval as provided by law.
- (2) A local exemption for a term of no more than 15 calendar years for up to 100% of property taxes. The exemption is subject to local approval as provided by law.
- (3) An executive exemption for a term determined by the governor for up to 100% of property taxes. The exemption requires approval of the governor and is subject to local approval as provided by law.

<u>Proposed constitutional amendment</u> also requires that any law enacted to administer any of the new exemptions requires a favorable vote of two-thirds of the elected members of each house of the legislature.

<u>Present constitution</u> requires property to be listed on tax assessment rolls.

Proposed constitutional amendment repeals present constitution.

<u>Present constitution</u> defines manufacturing establishment as a new plant or establishment which engages in the business of working raw materials into wares suitable for use or which gives new shapes, qualities, or combinations to matter which already has gone through some artificial process.

Proposed constitutional amendment repeals present constitution.

<u>Present constitution</u> defines addition as an addition to a plant or establishment which engages in the business of working raw materials into wares suitable for use or which gives

Page 106 of 107

new shapes, qualities, or combinations to matter which already has gone through some artificial process.

<u>Proposed constitutional amendment</u> authorizes local ad valorem taxing authorities to enter into agreements for payments in lieu of taxes with owners of non-residential immovable property.

<u>Proposed constitutional amendment</u> provides that these agreements cannot have a term of greater than 40 years.

<u>Proposed constitutional amendment</u> provides that enactment of any law to administer <u>proposed constitutional amendment</u> requires a favorable vote of two-thirds of the elected members of each house of the legislature.

Proposed constitutional amendment repeals present constitution.

<u>Proposed constitutional amendment</u> adds a limitation that requires any newly enacted sales and use tax exemption or exclusion shall be applied uniformly to state and local taxes.

Provides for submission of the proposed amendment to the voters at the statewide election to be held Nov. 8, 2022.

(Amends Const. Art. VII)

Summary of Amendments Adopted by House

- The Committee Amendments Proposed by <u>House Committee on Ways and Means</u> to the <u>original</u> bill:
- 1. Add provisions that require any newly enacted sales and use tax exemption or exclusion to be applied uniformly to state and local sales and use taxes.
- 2. Add provisions retaining the current status of the fair market value for property classified as public service properties.
- The Committee Amendments Proposed by <u>House Committee on Civil Law and</u> <u>Procedure to the engrossed bill:</u>
- 1. Add the phrase "relative to revenue and finance" to the ballot language.

Page 107 of 107