SLS 22RS-257

ORIGINAL

2022 Regular Session

SENATE BILL NO. 305

BY SENATOR FOIL

CONSUMERS/PROTECTION. Provides for the disclosure of certain information on websites and online services. (8/1/22)

1	AN ACT
2	To enact Chapter 62 of Title 51 of the Louisiana Revised Statues of 1950, to be comprised
3	of R.S. 51:3221 through 3227, relative to deceptive and unfair trade practices; to
4	provide relative to electronic dissemination of third-party commercial recordings or
5	audiovisual works; to require disclosures; to provide for a private right of action; to
6	provide for injunctive relief, orders to compel compliance, costs, and attorney's fees;
7	to provide that violations constitute a deceptive and unfair trade practices; to provide
8	for definitions, terms, conditions, and procedures; and to provide for related matters.
9	Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:
10	Section 1. Chapter 62 of Title 51 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950,
11	comprised of R.S. 51:3221 through 3227, is hereby enacted to read as follows:
12	CHAPTER 62. ELECTRONIC DISSEMINATION OF COMMERCIAL
13	RECORDINGS OR AUDIO VISUAL WORKS
14	<u>§3221. Short title</u>
15	This Chapter shall be known and may be cited as the "Louisiana True
16	Origin of Digital Goods Act".
17	§3222. Definitions

1	As used in this Chapter:
2	(1) "Commercial recording or audiovisual work" means a recording or
3	audiovisual work whose owner, assignee, authorized agent, or licensee has
4	disseminated or intends to disseminate the recording or audiovisual work for
5	sale, rental, performance, or exhibition to the public, including under license,
6	but does not include an excerpt consisting of less than substantially all of a
7	recording or audiovisual work. A recording or audiovisual work may be
8	commercial regardless of whether a person who electronically disseminates it
9	seeks commercial advantage or private financial gain from the dissemination.
10	(2) "Electronic dissemination" means initiating a transmission of,
11	making available, or otherwise offering a commercial recording or audiovisual
12	work for distribution, display, or performance through the internet or other
13	digital network, regardless of whether another person has previously
14	electronically disseminated the same commercial recording or audiovisual
15	work.
16	(3) "Website" means a set of related webpages served from a single web
17	domain. The term does not include a home page or channel page for the user
18	account of a person who is not the owner or operator of the website upon which
19	such user home page or channel page appears.
20	§3223. Required disclosures on website and online services; location
21	A. A person who owns or operates a website or online service dealing in
22	substantial part in the electronic dissemination of third-party commercial
23	recordings or audiovisual works, directly or indirectly, and who electronically
24	disseminates such works to consumers in this state shall clearly and
25	conspicuously disclose his name, physical address, telephone number, and
26	electronic mail address on his website or online service in a location readily
27	accessible to a consumer using or visiting the website or online service.
28	B. For the purpose of this Section, any of the following locations are
29	deemed readily accessible:

1	(1) A landing or home webpage or screen.
2	(2) An "about" or "about us" webpage or screen.
3	(3) A "contact" or "contact us" webpage or screen.
4	(4) An information webpage or screen.
5	(5) Any place on the website or online service commonly used to display
6	information identifying the owner or operator of the website or online service
7	to consumers.
8	§3224. Actions for injunctive relief; orders to compel compliance; costs and
9	<u>attorney's fees</u>
10	A. An owner, assignee, authorized agent, or licensee of a commercial
11	recording or audiovisual work electronically disseminated by the website or
12	online service in violation of this Chapter may bring a private cause of action
13	against a person who violates or threatens to violate the provisions of this
14	Chapter to obtain the following:
15	(1) A declaratory judgment that an act or practice violates this Chapter.
16	(2) Permanent or temporary injunctive relief.
17	B. Before filing an action under this Section, the aggrieved party shall
18	make reasonable efforts to provide notice to the person alleged to be in violation
19	of the provisions of this Chapter and the notice shall be in writing and shall
20	state the following:
21	(1) The person may be in violation of the provisions of this Chapter.
22	(2) A failure to cure the violation within fourteen days may result in an
23	action being filed against the person as provided in this Chapter.
24	C. After the fourteenth day of properly providing notice as provided in
25	Subsection B of this Section, and if the person continues to violate the provisions
26	of this Chapter, the aggrieved party may bring an action in accordance with this
27	Section in a court of competent jurisdiction.
28	D. On motion of the party initiating the cause of action, the court may
29	make appropriate orders to compel compliance with this Chapter.

Page 3 of 5 Coding: Words which are struck through are deletions from existing law; words in **boldface type and underscored** are additions.

1	E. The prevailing party is entitled to recover necessary expenses incurred
2	in an action under this Section, including reasonable attorney's fees.
3	§3225. Supplemental provisions
4	This Chapter is supplemental to those provisions of state and federal
5	criminal and civil law which impose prohibitions or provide penalties, sanctions,
6	or remedies against the same conduct prohibited by this Chapter. This Chapter
7	shall not bar any cause of action or preclude the imposition of sanctions or
8	penalties that would otherwise be available under state or federal law.
9	<u>§3226. No financial liability for certain providers</u>
10	The provisions of this Chapter shall not impose financial liability on
11	providers of an interactive computer service, communications service,
12	commercial mobile service, or information service, including an internet access
13	service provider, an advertising network or exchange, a domain name
14	registration provider, and a hosting service provider, to the extent that the
15	providers provide the transmission, storage, or caching of electronic
16	communications or messages of others or provide another related
17	telecommunications service, a commercial mobile radio service, or an
18	information service for use by another person that violates this Chapter.
19	§3227. Violations; unfair or deceptive acts or practices; remedies
20	A violation of this Chapter shall be a deceptive and unfair trade practice
21	and shall subject the violator to any of the actions and penalties provided for in
22	the Unfair Trade Practices and Consumer Protection Law, pursuant to R.S.
23	<u>51:1401 et seq.</u>

The original instrument and the following digest, which constitutes no part of the legislative instrument, were prepared by Xavier I. Alexander.

SB 305 Original	DIGEST 2022 Regular Session	Foil		
Proposed law creates the "Louisiana True Origin of Digital Goods Act".				
Proposed law defines the f	following:			

(1) "Commercial recording or audiovisual work" means a recording or audiovisual work

Page 4 of 5 Coding: Words which are struck through are deletions from existing law; words in **boldface type and underscored** are additions. whose owner, assignee, authorized agent, or licensee has disseminated or intends to disseminate that recording or audiovisual work for sale, rental, performance or exhibition to the public, including under license, but does not include an excerpt consisting of less than substantially all of a recording or audiovisual work. A recording or audiovisual work may be commercial regardless of whether a person who electronically disseminates it seeks commercial advantage or private financial gain from the dissemination.

- (2) "Electronic dissemination" means initiating a transmission of, making available, or otherwise offering a commercial recording or audiovisual work for distribution, display or performance through the internet or other digital network, regardless of whether another person has previously electronically disseminated the same commercial recording or audiovisual work.
- (3) "Website" means a set of related webpages served from a single domain. The term does not include a home page or channel page for the user account of a person who is not the owner or operator of the website upon which such user home page or channel page appears.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that a person who owns or operates a website or online service that deals with electronic dissemination commercial recordings or audiovisual works, directly or indirectly, to consumers in this state shall clearly disclose his name, address, telephone number, and email on his website in a location readily accessible to the consumer.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that an owner, assignee, authorized agent, or licensee of a commercial recording or audiovisual work may bring a private action against a person who violates <u>proposed law</u>.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides for the procedures the aggrieved party must take to file a cause of action.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that <u>proposed law</u> is supplemental to state and federal law and does not bar any cause of action or preclude the imposition of sanctions or penalties that would otherwise be available under state or federal law.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that financial liabilities will not be imposed on certain providers in violation of <u>proposed law</u>.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that any violation of <u>proposed law</u> is subject to penalties provided for in the Unfair Trade Practices and Consumer Protection Law.

Effective August 1, 2022.

(Adds R.S. 51:3221-3227)