2022 Regular Session

HOUSE BILL NO. 706

BY REPRESENTATIVE STEFANSKI

CRIME: Creates the crime of menacing

1	AN ACT
2	To amend and reenact R.S. 14:40.1 and 107.2(A) and to enact Code of Criminal Procedure
3	Article 814(A)(69), relative to the crime of terrorizing; to create the crime of
4	menacing; to provide for penalties; to provide relative to hate crimes; to add the
5	crime of menacing to the list of hate crimes; to provide for responsive verdicts; and
6	to provide for related matters.
7	Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:
8	Section 1. R.S. 14:40.1 and 107.2(A) are hereby amended and reenacted to read as
9	follows:
10	§40.1. Terrorizing; menacing
11	A. $(1)$ Terrorizing is the intentional communication of information that the
12	commission of a crime of violence is imminent or in progress or that a circumstance
13	dangerous to human life exists or is about to exist, with the intent of causing
14	members of the general public to be in sustained fear for their safety; or causing
15	evacuation of a building, a public structure, or a facility of transportation; or causing
16	other serious disruption to the general public.
17	B.(2) It shall be an affirmative defense that the person communicating the
18	information provided for in Subsection A of this Section was not involved in the
19	commission of a crime of violence or creation of a circumstance dangerous to human
20	life and reasonably believed his actions were necessary to protect the welfare of the
21	public. Whoever commits the offense of terrorizing shall be fined not more than

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CODING: Words in struck through type are deletions from existing law; words <u>underscored</u> are additions.

1	fifteen thousand dollars or imprisoned with or without hard labor for not more than
2	fifteen years, or both.
3	C.B.(1) Whoever commits the offense of terrorizing shall be fined not more
4	than fifteen thousand dollars or imprisoned with or without hard labor for not more
5	than fifteen years, or both. Menacing is the intentional communication of
6	information that the commission of a crime of violence, as defined in R.S. 14:2(B),
7	is imminent or in progress or that a circumstance dangerous to human life exists or
8	is about to exist, when committed under any of the following circumstances:
9	(a) The actions of the offender cause members of the general public to be in
10	sustained fear for their safety, and a reasonable person would have known that such
11	actions could cause such sustained fear.
12	(b) The actions of the offender cause the evacuation of a building, a public
13	structure, or a facility of transportation, and a reasonable person would have known
14	that such actions could cause an evacuation.
15	(c) The actions of the offender cause any other serious disruption to the
16	general public, and a reasonable person would have known that such actions could
17	cause serious disruption to the general public.
18	(2) Whoever commits the offense of menacing shall be fined not more than
19	two thousand dollars or imprisoned with or without hard labor for not more than two
20	years, or both.
21	C. It shall be an affirmative defense that the person communicating the
22	information provided for in Subsections A or B of this Section was not involved in
23	the commission of a crime of violence or creation of a circumstance dangerous to
24	human life and reasonably believed his actions were necessary to protect the welfare
25	of the public.
26	* * *
27	§107.2. Hate crimes
28	A. It shall be unlawful for any person to select the victim of the following
29	offenses against person and property because of actual or perceived race, age,

1	gender, religion, color, creed, disability, sexual orientation, national origin, or
2	ancestry of that person or the owner or occupant of that property or because of actual
3	or perceived membership or service in, or employment with, an organization, or
4	because of actual or perceived employment as a law enforcement officer, firefighter,
5	or emergency medical services personnel: first or second degree murder;
6	manslaughter; battery; aggravated battery; second degree battery; aggravated assault
7	with a firearm; terrorizing; menacing; mingling harmful substances; simple or third
8	degree rape, forcible or second degree rape, or aggravated or first degree rape; sexual
9	battery, second degree sexual battery; oral sexual battery; carnal knowledge of a
10	juvenile; indecent behavior with juveniles; molestation of a juvenile or a person with
11	a physical or mental disability; simple, second degree, or aggravated kidnapping;
12	simple or aggravated arson; communicating of false information of planned arson;
13	simple or aggravated criminal damage to property; contamination of water supplies;
14	simple or aggravated burglary; criminal trespass; simple, first degree, or armed
15	robbery; purse snatching; extortion; theft; desecration of graves; institutional
16	vandalism; or assault by drive-by shooting.
17	* * *
18	Section 2. Code of Criminal Procedure Article 814(A)(69) is hereby enacted to read
19	as follows:
20	Art. 814. Responsive verdicts; in particular
21	A. The only responsive verdicts which may be rendered when the indictment
22	charges the following offenses are:
23	* * *
24	69. Terrorizing:
25	Guilty.
26	Guilty of menacing.
27	Not guilty.
28	* * *

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## DIGEST

The digest printed below was prepared by House Legislative Services. It constitutes no part of the legislative instrument. The keyword, one-liner, abstract, and digest do not constitute part of the law or proof or indicia of legislative intent. [R.S. 1:13(B) and 24:177(E)]

HB 706 Original	2022 Regular Session	Stefanski
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Abstract: Creates the crime of menacing and provides for criminal penalties.

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 14:40.1) provides for the crime of terrorizing and provides for criminal penalties.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and creates the crime of menacing and defines the crime as the intentional communication of information that the commission of a crime of violence is imminent or in progress or that a circumstance dangerous to human life exists or is about to exist, when committed under any of the following circumstances:

- (a) The offender's actions cause members of the general public to be in sustained fear for their safety, and a reasonable person would have known that such actions could cause such sustained fear.
- (b) The offender's actions cause the evacuation of a building, a public structure, or a facility of transportation, and a reasonable person would have known that such actions could cause an evacuation.
- (c) The offender's actions cause any other serious disruption to the general public, and a reasonable person would have known that such actions could cause serious disruption to the general public.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that whoever commits the <u>proposed law</u> crime shall be fined not more \$2,000 or imprisoned with or without hard labor for not more than two years, or both.

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 14:107.2) defines hate crimes as certain enumerated offenses in which the victim is selected because of that person's actual or perceived race, age, gender, religion, color, ancestry, national origin, disability, creed, or sexual orientation or because of actual or perceived employment as a law enforcement officer, firefighter, or emergency medical services personnel.

<u>Proposed law</u> adds the <u>proposed law</u> crime of menacing to the enumerated offenses in <u>present law</u>.

Present law (C.Cr.P. Art. 814) provides relative to responsive verdicts in criminal trials.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and adds that the only responsive verdicts that may be rendered when the indictment charges terrorizing are:

- (1) Guilty.
- (2) Guilty of menacing.
- (3) Not guilty.

(Amends R.S. 14:40.1 and 107.2(A); Adds C.Cr.P. Art. 814(A)(69))

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