DIGEST

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SB 193 Engrossed

2022 Regular Session

Hewitt

<u>Present law</u> provides relative to the redistricting of school boards after a census. Requires that school board districts be comprised of whole precincts but provides for limited exceptions.

<u>Present law</u> provides that any redistricting plan adopted by a school board that does not comply with <u>present law</u> will be null and void and no election will be held using any ballot based on such a plan. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides that a declaration of nullity regarding such a plan shall be made by a court of competent jurisdiction. <u>Proposed law</u> removes <u>present law</u>. <u>Proposed law</u> provides instead that a redistricting plan that violates <u>present law</u> is null and void by operation of law.

<u>Proposed law</u> requires the secretary of state to notify a school board of the nullity.

<u>Proposed law</u> further provides that a plan that is null and void may be declared valid by a court of competent jurisdiction upon the petition of the school board.

<u>Present law</u> provides that the nullity of a plan shall not affect the validity or legality of actions taken by the school board elected pursuant to the null plan. <u>Proposed law</u> retains present law.

Effective upon signature of governor or lapse of time for gubernatorial action.

(Amends R.S. 17:71.3(E)(2)(b))

Summary of Amendments Adopted by Senate

<u>Committee Amendments Proposed by Senate Committee on Senate and Governmental Affairs to the original bill</u>

- 1. Specify that any redistricting plan adopted by a school board that fails to comply with applicable statutory requirements is null and void.
- 2. Require the secretary of state to notify any school board that submits a plan declared null and void due to failure to comply with applicable statutory requirements of the nullity.
- 3. Clarify that any redistricting plan declared null and void due to failure to comply with applicable statutory requirements may be declared valid by a court of competent jurisdiction upon petition of the school board.

Summary of Amendments Adopted by House

The Committee Amendments Proposed by <u>House Committee on House and Governmental Affairs</u> to the <u>engrossed</u> bill:

1. Conform <u>present law</u> provision regarding validity of acts taken by a school board despite nullity of the redistricting plan to <u>proposed law</u> providing for nullity by operation of law.