SENATE BILL NO. 319

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AN ACT

To amend, reenact, and redesignate R.S. 29:183, 198, 205, 215, 220, 220a, 223 and 232, and to enact R.S. 29:204a, 206a, 214, 217a, 221a, 221b, 222a, 223a, 224, 230, 231a, 231b, 231c, 231d, 231e, and 231f, relative to the Louisiana Code of Military Justice; to provide for punitive articles; to redesignate certain punitive articles to conform with the Uniform Code of Military Justice; to provide for the offense of malingering; to provide for the offense of misconduct as a prisoner; to provide for the offense of fraudulent enlistment, appointment or separation; to provide for the offense of forgery; to provide for the offense of wearing unauthorized insignia, decoration, badge, ribbon, device, or lapel button; to provide for endangerment offenses; to provide for the offense of communicating threats; to provide for the offense of wrongful broadcast or distribution of intimate visual images; to provide for the offense of sexual assault; to provide for the offense of depositing obscene matter in the mail; to provide for the offense of fraudulent use of credit cards, debit cards, or other access devices; to provide for the offense of false pretenses to obtain services; to provide for the offense of receiving stolen property; to provide for offenses concerning government computers; to provide for the offense of making, drawing, or uttering check, draft, or order without sufficient funds; to provide for frauds against the government; to provide for the offense of stalking; to provide for the offense of subornation of perjury; to provide for the offense of obstructing justice; to provide for the offense of misprision of serious offense; to provide for the offense of wrongful refusal to testify; to provide for the offense of prevention of unauthorized seizure of property; to provide for the offense of noncompliance with procedural rules; to provide for the offense of retaliation; and to provide for related matters.

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1	Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:
2	Section 1. R.S. 29:183, 198, 205, 215, 220, 220a, 223 and 232 are hereby amended,
3	reenacted, and redesignated and R.S. 29:204a, 206a, 214, 217a, 221a, 221b, 222a, 223a, 224,
4	230, 231a, 231b, 231c, 231d, 231e, and 231f are hereby enacted to read as follows:
5	§215. Article 115. §183. Article 83. Malingering
6	Any person subject to this code Code who for the purpose of avoiding work,
7	duty or service in the state military forces:
8	(1) feigns illness, physical disablement, mental lapse or derangement; or
9	(2) intentionally inflicts self-injury; shall be punished as a court-martial may
10	direct.
11	* * *
12	§205. Article 105. §198. Article 98. Misconduct as a prisoner
13	Any person subject to this code Code who, while in the hands of the enemy
14	in time of war:
15	(1) for the purpose of securing favorable treatment by his captors acts without
16	proper authority in a manner contrary to law, custom, or regulation, to the detriment
17	of others of whatever nationality held by the enemy as civilian or military prisoners;
18	or
19	(2) while in a position of authority over such persons maltreats them without
20	justifiable cause; shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
21	* * *
22	§183. Article 83. §204a. Article 104a. Fraudulent enlistment, appointment or
23	separation
24	Any person who:
25	(1) procures his own enlistment or appointment in the state military forces
26	by knowingly false representation or deliberate concealment as to his qualifications
27	for that enlistment or appointment and receives pay or allowances thereunder; or
28	(2) procures his own separation from the state military forces by knowingly
29	false representation or deliberate concealment as to his eligibility for that separation;
30	shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

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1	§223. Article 123. §205. Article 105. Forgery
2	Any person subject to this code Code who, with intent to defraud:
3	(1) falsely makes or alters any signature to, or any part of, any writing which
4	would, if genuine, apparently impose a legal liability on another or change his legal
5	right or liability to his prejudice; or
6	(2) utters, offers, issues, or transfers such a writing, known by him to be so
7	made or altered; is guilty of forgery and shall be punished as a court-martial may
8	direct.
9	* * *
10	§206a. Article 106a. Wearing unauthorized insignia, decoration, badge, ribbon,
11	device, or lapel button
12	Any person subject to this Code who is not authorized to wear an
13	insignia, decoration, badge, ribbon, device, or lapel button and who wrongfully
14	wears such insignia, decoration, badge, ribbon, device, or lapel button upon the
15	person's uniform or civilian clothing shall be punished as a court-martial may
16	direct.
17	* * *
18	§214. Article 114. Endangerment offenses
19	A. Reckless endangerment. Any person subject to this Code who engages
20	in conduct that is wrongful and reckless or is wanton, and is likely to produce
21	death or grievous bodily harm to another person, shall be punished as a
22	court-martial may direct.
23	B. Dueling. Any person subject to this Code who fights or promotes, or
24	is concerned in or connives at fighting a duel, or who, having knowledge of a
25	challenge sent or about to be sent, fails to report the facts promptly to the
26	proper authority, shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
27	C. Firearm discharge, endangering human life. Any person subject to
28	this Code who, willfully and wrongly, discharges a firearm, under
29	circumstances such as to endanger human life shall be punished as a

court-martial may direct.

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1	D. Carrying concealed weapon. Any person subject to this Code who
2	unlawfully carries a dangerous weapon concealed on or about his person shall
3	be punished as a court-martial may direct.
4	§215. Article 115. Malingering Communicating threats
5	Any person subject to this code who for the purpose of avoiding work, duty
6	or service in the state military forces:
7	(1) feigns illness, physical disablement, mental lapse or derangement; or
8	(2) intentionally inflicts self-injury; shall be punished as a court-martial may
9	direct.
10	A. Communicating threats generally. Any person subject to this Code
11	who wrongfully communicates a threat to injure the person, property, or
12	reputation of another shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
13	B. Communicating threat to use explosive, etc. Any person subject to this
14	Code who wrongfully communicates a threat to injure the person or property
15	of another by use of an explosive, a weapon of mass destruction, a biological or
16	chemical agent, substance, or weapon, or a hazardous material, shall be
17	punished as a court-martial may direct.
18	C.(1) Communicating false threat concerning use of explosive, etc. Any
19	person subject to this Code who maliciously communicates a false threat
20	concerning injury to the person or property of another by use of an explosive,
21	a weapon of mass destruction, a biological or chemical agent, substance, or
22	weapon, or a hazardous material, shall be punished as a court-martial may
23	direct.
24	(2) As used in this Section, the term "false threat" means a threat that,
25	at the time the threat is communicated, is known to be false by the person
26	communicating the threat.
27	* * *
28	§217a. Article 117a. Wrongful broadcast or distribution of intimate visual
29	<u>images</u>
30	A. Prohibition. Any person subject to this Code:

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(1) who knowingly and wrongfully broadcasts or distributes an intimate

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2	visual image of another person or a visual image of sexually explicit conduct
3	involving a person who:
4	(a) is at least eighteen years of age at the time the intimate visual image
5	or visual image of sexually explicit conduct was created;
6	(b) is identifiable from the intimate visual image or visual image of
7	sexually explicit conduct itself, or from information displayed in connection
8	with the intimate visual image or visual image of sexually explicit conduct; and
9	(c) does not explicitly consent to the broadcast or distribution of the
10	intimate visual image or visual image of sexually explicit conduct;
11	(2) who knows or reasonably should have known that the intimate visual
12	image or visual image of sexually explicit conduct was made under
13	circumstances in which the person depicted in the intimate visual image or
14	visual image of sexually explicit conduct retained a reasonable expectation of
15	privacy regarding any broadcast or distribution of the intimate visual image or
16	visual image of sexually explicit conduct;
17	(3) who knows or reasonably should have known that the broadcast or
18	distribution of the intimate visual image or visual image of sexually explicit
19	conduct is likely:
20	(a) to cause harm, harassment, intimidation, emotional distress, or
21	financial loss for the person depicted in the intimate visual image or visual
22	image of sexually explicit conduct; or
23	(b) to harm substantially the depicted person with respect to that
24	person's health, safety, business, calling, career, financial condition, reputation,
25	or personal relationships; and
26	(4) whose conduct, under the circumstances, had a reasonably direct and
27	palpable connection to a military mission or military environment, is guilty of
28	wrongful distribution of intimate visual images or visual images of sexually
29	explicit conduct and shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
30	B. Definitions. In this Section:

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l	(1) Broadcast. The term "broadcast" means to electronically transmit
2	a visual image with the intent that it be viewed by a person or persons.
3	(2) Distribute. The term "distribute" means to deliver to the actual or
4	constructive possession of another person, including transmission by mail or
5	electronic means.
6	(3) Intimate visual image. The term "intimate visual image" means a
7	visual image that depicts a private area of a person.
8	(4) Private area. The term "private area" means the naked or
9	underwear-clad genitalia, anus, buttocks, or female areola or nipple.
10	(5) Reasonable expectation of privacy. The term "reasonable expectation
11	of privacy" means circumstances in which a reasonable person would believe
12	that a private area of the person, or sexually explicit conduct involving the
13	person, would not be visible to the public.
14	(6) Sexually explicit conduct. The term "sexually explicit conduct"
15	means actual or simulated genital-genital contact, oral-genital contact,
16	anal-genital contact, or oral-anal contact, whether between persons of the same
17	or opposite sex, bestiality, masturbation, or sadistic or masochistic abuse.
18	(7) Visual image. The term "visual image" means all of the following:
19	(a) Any developed or undeveloped photograph, picture, film, or video.
20	(b) Any digital or computer image, picture, film, or video made by any
21	means, including those transmitted by any means, including streaming media,
22	even if not stored in a permanent format.
23	(c) Any digital or electronic data capable of conversion into a visual
24	image.
25	§220. Article 120. Sexual assault
26	A. Any person subject to this code Code who commits any of the following
27	acts is guilty of sexual assault and shall be punished as a court-martial may direct:
28	(1) A sexual act upon another person by any of the following:
29	(a) Threatening or placing another person in fear.
30	(b) Causing bodily harm to another person.

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1	(c) Making a fraudulent representation that the sexual act serves a
2	professional purpose.
3	(d)(c) Inducing a belief by any artifice, pretense, or concealment that the
4	person is another person.
5	(2) A sexual act upon another person without the consent of the other
6	person , or when the person knows or reasonably should know that the other person
7	is asleep, unconscious, or otherwise unaware that the sexual act is occurring.
8	(3) A sexual act upon another person when the other person is incapable of
9	consenting to the sexual act due to any of the following:
10	(a) Impairment by any drug, intoxicant, or other similar substance, and that
11	condition is known or reasonably should be known by the person.
12	(b) A mental disease or defect or physical disability, and that condition is
13	known or reasonably should be known by the person.
14	B. Any person subject to this code Code who commits or causes sexual
15	contact upon or by another person, if to do so would violate Subsection A of this
16	Section, had the sexual contact been a sexual act, is guilty of abusive sexual contact
17	and shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
18	C. In a prosecution under this Section, in proving that a person made a threat,
19	it need not be proven that the person actually intended to carry out the threat or had
20	the ability to carry out the threat.
21	D. An accused may raise any applicable defenses available under this Chapter
22	or the Rules for Court-Martial. Marriage is not a defense for any conduct in issue in
23	any prosecution under this Section.
24	E. In this code Code, for purposes of this Section unless the context
25	otherwise requires, the following terms shall have the following meanings ascribed
26	herein:
27	(1) "Bodily harm" means any offensive touching of another, however slight,
28	including any nonconsensual sexual act or nonconsensual sexual contact.
29	(2) "Consent" means:
30	(a) A freely given agreement to the conduct at issue by a competent person.

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1	An expression of lack of consent through words or conduct means there is no
2	consent. Lack of verbal or physical resistance or submission resulting from the use
3	of force, threat of force, or placing another person in fear shall not constitute consent.
4	Submission resulting from the use of force, threat of force, or placing another
5	person in fear also does not constitute consent. A current or previous dating,
6	social, or sexual relationship by itself or the manner of dress of the person involved
7	with the accused in the conduct at issue shall not constitute consent.
8	(b) A sleeping, unconscious, or incompetent person cannot consent. A person
9	cannot consent to force causing or likely to cause death or grievous bodily harm or
10	to being rendered unconscious. A person cannot consent while under threat or fear
11	or under the circumstances described in Subparagraph (A)(1)(c) or (d) (b) or (c).
12	(c) Lack of consent may be inferred based on the circumstances of the
13	offense. All the surrounding circumstances shall be considered in determining
14	whether a person gave consent, or whether a person did not resist or ceased to resist
15	only because of another person's actions.
16	(3) "Force" means:
17	(a) The use of a weapon.
18	(b) The use of such physical strength or violence as is sufficient to overcome,
19	restrain, or injure a person.
20	(c) Inflicting physical harm sufficient to coerce or compel submission by the
21	victim.
22	(4) "Grievous bodily harm" means serious bodily injury and includes
23	fractured or dislocated bones, deep cuts, torn members of the body, serious damage
24	to internal organs, and other severe bodily injuries. Grievous bodily harm does not
25	include minor injuries such as a black eye or a bloody nose.
26	(5) "Incapable of consenting" means the person is either:
27	(a) Incapable of appraising the nature of the conduct at issue.
28	(b) Physically incapable of declining participation in, or communicating
29	unwillingness to engage in, the sexual act at issue.
30	(5)(6) "Sexual act" means either any of the following:

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1	(a) Contact between the penis and the vulva or anus or mouth, and for
2	purposes of this Subparagraph, contact involving the penis occurs upon penetration,
3	however slight. The penetration, however slight, of the penis into the vulva, anus,
4	or mouth.
5	(b) Contact between the mouth and the penis, vulva, scrotum, or anus.
6	(c) The penetration, however slight, of the vulva or anus or mouth of another
7	by any part of the body or by any object, with an intent to abuse, humiliate, harass,
8	or degrade any person or to arouse or gratify the sexual desire of any person.
9	(6)(7) "Sexual contact" means either of the following:
10	(a) Touching touching, or causing another person to touch, either directly or
11	through the clothing, the genitalia vulva, penis, scrotum, anus, groin, breast, inner
12	thigh, or buttocks of any person, with an intent to abuse, humiliate, harass, or
13	degrade any person or to arouse or gratify the sexual desire of any person.
14	(b) Any touching, or causing another person to touch, either directly or
15	through the clothing, any body part of any person, if done with an intent to arouse
16	or gratify the sexual desire of any person. Touching may be accomplished by any
17	part of the body or an object.
18	(7)(8) "Threatening or placing another person in fear" means a
19	communication or action that is of sufficient consequence to cause a reasonable fear
20	that noncompliance will result in the victim or another person being subjected to the
21	wrongful action contemplated by the communication or action.
22	(8)(9) "Unlawful force" means an act of force committed without legal
23	justification or excuse.
24	§220a. Article 120a. Stalking Mails; deposit of obscene matter
25	A. Any person subject to this code who commits all of the following acts is
26	guilty of stalking and shall be punished as a court-martial may direct:
27	(1) Who wrongfully engages in a course of conduct directed at a specific
28	person that would cause a reasonable person to fear death or bodily harm, including
29	sexual assault, to the person or a member of the person's immediate family.
30	(2) Who has knowledge, or should have knowledge, that the specific person

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1	will be placed in reasonable real of death of bodily harm, including sexual assault,
2	to the person or a member of the person's immediate family.
3	(3) Whose acts induce reasonable fear in the specific person of death or
4	bodily harm, including sexual assault, to the person or to a member of the person's
5	immediate family.
6	B. In this code, for purposes of this Section unless the context otherwise
7	requires, the following terms shall have the following meanings ascribed herein:
8	(1) "Course of conduct" means either of the following:
9	(a) A repeated maintenance of visual or physical proximity to a specific
10	person.
11	(b) A repeated conveyance of verbal threat, written threats, or threats implied
12	by conduct, or a combination of such threats, directed at or towards a specific person.
13	(2) "Immediate family", in the case of a specific person, means a spouse,
14	parent, child, or sibling of the person, or any other family member, relative, or
15	intimate partner of the person who regularly resides in the household of the person
16	or who within the six months preceding the commencement of the course of conduct
17	regularly resided in the household of the person.
18	(3) "Repeated", with respect to conduct, means two or more occasions of
19	such conduct.
20	Any person subject to this Code who, wrongfully and knowingly,
21	deposits obscene matter for mailing and delivery shall be punished as a
22	court-martial may direct.
23	* * *
24	§221a. Article 121a. Fraudulent use of credit cards, debit cards, and other
25	access devices
26	A. Any person subject to this Code who, knowingly and with intent to
27	defraud, uses any of the following:
28	(1) A stolen credit card, debit card, or other access device.
29	(2) A revoked, cancelled, or otherwise invalid credit card, debit card, or
30	other access device.

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1	(3) A credit card, debit card, or other access device without the
2	authorization of a person whose authorization is required for such use; to
3	obtain money, property, services, or anything else of value shall be punished as
4	a court-martial may direct.
5	B. For purposes of this Article, the term "access device" has the meaning
6	given that term in 18 U.S.C. §1029.
7	§221b. Article 121b. False pretenses to obtain services
8	Any person subject to this Code who, with intent to defraud, knowingly
9	uses false pretenses to obtain services shall be punished as a court-martial may
10	direct.
11	§222a. Article 122a. Receiving stolen property
12	Any person subject to this Code who wrongfully receives, buys, or
13	conceals stolen property, knowing the property to be stolen property, shall be
14	punished as a court-martial may direct.
15	§223. Article 123. Forgery Offenses concerning government computers
16	Any person subject to this code who, with intent to defraud:
17	(1) falsely makes or alters any signature to, or any part of, any writing which
18	would, if genuine, apparently impose a legal liability on another or change his legal
19	right or liability to his prejudice; or
20	(2) utters, offers, issues, or transfers such a writing, known by him to be so
21	made or altered; is guilty of forgery and shall be punished as a court-martial may
22	direct.
23	A. Any person subject to this Code who does any of the following shall
24	be punished as a court-martial may direct:
25	(1) Knowingly accesses a government computer, with an unauthorized
26	purpose, and by doing so obtains classified information, with reason to believe
27	such information could be used to the injury of the United States or injury to
28	the state of Louisiana, or to the advantage of any foreign nation, and
29	intentionally communicates, delivers, transmits, or causes to be communicated,
30	delivered, or transmitted such information to any person not entitled to receive

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2	(2) Intentionally accesses a government computer, with an unauthorized
3	purpose, and thereby obtains classified or other protected information from any
4	such government computer.
5	(3) Knowingly causes the transmission of a program, information, code,
6	or command, and as a result of such conduct, intentionally causes damage
7	without authorization to a government computer.
8	B. Definitions. In this Section:
9	(1) The term "computer" has the meaning given that term in 18 U.S.C.
10	<u>§1030.</u>
11	(2) The term "government computer" means a computer owned or
12	operated by or on behalf of the United States government or the state of
13	Louisiana.
14	(3) The term "damage" has the meaning given that term in 18 U.S.C.
15	<u>§1030.</u>
16	§223a. Article 123a. Making, drawing, or uttering check, draft, or order
17	without sufficient funds
18	A. Any person subject to this Code who, for the procurement of any
19	article or thing of value, with the intent to defraud, or for the payment of any
20	past due obligation, or for any other purpose, with the intent to deceive, makes,
21	draws, utters, or delivers any check, draft, or order for the payment of money
22	upon any bank or other depository, knowing at the time that the maker or
23	drawer has not or will not have sufficient funds in, or credit with, the bank or
24	other depository for the payment of that check, draft, or order in full upon its
25	presentment, shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
26	B. The making, drawing, uttering, or delivering by a maker or drawer
27	of a check, draft, or order, payment of which is refused by the drawee because
28	of insufficient funds of the maker or drawer in the drawee's possession or
29	control, is prima facie evidence of his intent to defraud or deceive and of his

knowledge of insufficient funds in, or credit with, that bank or other depository,

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1	unless the maker or drawer pays the holder the amount due within five days
2	after receiving notice, orally or in writing, that the check, draft, or order was
3	not paid on presentment. In this Section, the word "credit" means an
4	arrangement or understanding, express or implied, with the bank or other
5	depository for the payment of that check, draft, or order.
6	§232. Article 132. §224. Article 124. Frauds against the government
7	Any person subject to this code Code :
8	(1) who, knowing it to be false or fraudulent
9	(a) makes any claim against the United States, the state, or any officer
10	thereof; or
11	(b) presents to any person in the civil or military service thereof, for approval
12	or payment any claim against the United States, the state, or any officer thereof;
13	(2) who, for the purpose of obtaining the approval, allowance, or payment of
14	any claim against the United States, the state, or any officer thereof:
15	(a) makes or uses any writing or other paper knowing it to contain any false
16	or fraudulent statements;
17	(b) makes any oath to any fact or to any writing or other paper knowing the
18	oath to be false; or
19	(c) forges or counterfeits any signature upon any writing or other paper, or
20	uses any such signature knowing it to be forged and counterfeited;
21	(3) who, having charge, possession, custody, or control of any money, or
22	other property of the United States or the state, furnished or intended for the armed
23	forces of the United States or the state military forces, knowingly delivers to any
24	person having authority to receive it, any amount thereof less than that for which he
25	receives a certificate or receipt; or
26	(4) who, being authorized to make or deliver any paper certifying the receipt
27	of any property of the United States or the state, furnished or intended for the armed
28	forces of the United States or the state military forces, makes or delivers to any
29	person such writing without having full knowledge of the truth of the statements
30	therein contained and with intent to defraud the United States or the state; shall upon

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1	conviction, be punished as a court-martial may direct.
2	§220a. Article 120a. §230. Article 130. Stalking
3	A. Any person subject to this code Code who commits all of the following
4	acts is guilty of stalking and shall be punished as a court-martial may direct:
5	(1) Who wrongfully engages in a course of conduct directed at a specific
6	person that would cause a reasonable person to fear death or bodily harm, including
7	sexual assault, to the person or a member of the person's immediate family.
8	(2) Who has knowledge, or should have knowledge, that the specific person
9	will be placed in reasonable fear of death or bodily harm, including sexual assault
10	to the person or a member of the person's immediate family.
11	(3) Whose acts induce reasonable fear in the specific person of death or
12	bodily harm, including sexual assault, to the person or to a member of the person's
13	immediate family.
14	B. In this code Code, for purposes of this Section unless the contex
15	otherwise requires, the following terms shall have the following meanings ascribed
16	herein:
17	(1) "Course of conduct" means either of the following:
18	(a) A repeated maintenance of visual or physical proximity to a specific
19	person.
20	(b) A repeated conveyance of verbal threat, written threats, or threats implied
21	by conduct, or a combination of such threats, directed at or towards a specific person
22	(2) "Immediate family", in the case of a specific person, means a spouse
23	parent, child, or sibling of the person, or any other family member, relative, or
24	intimate partner of the person who regularly resides in the household of the person
25	or who within the six months preceding the commencement of the course of conduc
26	regularly resided in the household of the person.
27	(3) "Repeated", with respect to conduct, means two or more occasions of
28	such conduct.
29	* * *
30	§231a. Article 131a. Subornation of perjury

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1	A. In General. Any person subject to this Code who induces and
2	procures another person to take an oath and to falsely testify, depose, or state
3	upon such oath, shall, if the conditions specified in Subsection B of this Section
4	are satisfied, be punished as a court-martial may direct.
5	B. Conditions. For the purposes of this Section, the conditions shall
6	include all of the following:
7	(1) The oath is administered with respect to a matter for which such oath
8	is required or authorized by law.
9	(2) The oath is administered by a person having authority to do so.
10	(3) Upon the oath, the other person willfully makes or subscribes a
11	statement.
12	(4) The statement is material.
13	(5) The statement is false.
14	(6) When the statement is made or subscribed, the person subject to this
15	Code and the other person do not believe that the statement is true.
16	§231b. Article 131b. Obstructing justice
17	Any person subject to this Code who engages in conduct in the case of a
18	certain person against whom the accused had reason to believe there were or
19	would be criminal or disciplinary proceedings pending, with intent to influence,
20	impede, or otherwise obstruct the due administration of justice shall be
21	punished as a court-martial may direct.
22	§231c. Article 131c. Misprision of serious offense
23	Any person subject to this Code who knows that another person has
24	committed a serious offense and wrongfully conceals the commission of the
25	offense and fails to make the commission of the offense known to civilian or
26	military authorities as soon as possible shall be punished as a court-martial may
27	direct.
28	§231d. Article 131d. Wrongful refusal to testify
29	Any person subject to this Code who, in the presence of a court-martial,
30	a board of officers, a military commission, a court of inquiry, preliminary

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1	hearing, or an officer taking a deposition, of or for the United States or for the
2	state of Louisiana, wrongfully refuses to qualify as a witness or to answer a
3	question after having been directed to do so by the person presiding shall be
4	punished as a court-martial may direct.
5	§231e. Article 131e. Prevention of authorized seizure of property
6	Any person subject to this Code who, knowing that one or more persons
7	authorized to make searches and seizures are seizing, are about to seize, or are
8	endeavoring to seize property, destroys, removes, or otherwise disposes of the
9	property with intent to prevent the seizure thereof shall be punished as a
10	court-martial may direct.
11	§198. Article 98. §231f. Article 131f. Noncompliance with procedural rules
12	Any person subject to this code Code who:
13	(1) is responsible for unnecessary delay in the disposition of any case of a
14	person accused of an offense under this code Code; or
15	(2) knowingly and intentionally fails to enforce or comply with any provision
16	of this code Code regulating the proceedings before, during, or after trial of an
17	accused; shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
18	§232. Article 132. Frauds against the government Retaliation
19	Any person subject to this code:
20	(1) who, knowing it to be false or fraudulent
21	(a) makes any claim against the United States, the state, or any officer
22	thereof; or
23	(b) presents to any person in the civil or military service thereof, for approval
24	or payment any claim against the United States, the state, or any officer thereof;
25	(2) who, for the purpose of obtaining the approval, allowance, or payment of
26	any claim against the United States, the state, or any officer thereof:
27	(a) makes or uses any writing or other paper knowing it to contain any false
28	or fraudulent statements;
29	(b) makes any oath to any fact or to any writing or other paper knowing the
30	oath to be false; or

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1	(c) forges or counterfeits any signature upon any writing or other paper, or
2	uses any such signature knowing it to be forged and counterfeited;
3	(3) who, having charge, possession, custody, or control of any money, or
4	other property of the United States or the state, furnished or intended for the armed
5	forces of the United States or the state military forces, knowingly delivers to any
6	person having authority to receive it, any amount thereof less than that for which he
7	receives a certificate or receipt; or
8	(4) who, being authorized to make or deliver any paper certifying the receipt
9	of any property of the United States or the state, furnished or intended for the armed
10	forces of the United States or the state military forces, makes or delivers to any
11	person such writing without having full knowledge of the truth of the statements
12	therein contained and with intent to defraud the United States or the state; shall upon
13	conviction, be punished as a court-martial may direct.
14	A. In General. Any person subject to this Code who, with the intent to
15	retaliate against any person for reporting or planning to report a criminal
16	offense, or making or planning to make a protected communication, or with the
	intent to discourage any person from reporting a criminal offense or making or
17	intent to discourage any person from reporting a criminal offense or making or
17 18	intent to discourage any person from reporting a criminal offense or making or planning to make a protected communication, wrongfully takes or threatens to
17 18 19	intent to discourage any person from reporting a criminal offense or making or planning to make a protected communication, wrongfully takes or threatens to take an adverse personnel action against any person or wrongfully withholds or
17 18 19 20	intent to discourage any person from reporting a criminal offense or making or planning to make a protected communication, wrongfully takes or threatens to take an adverse personnel action against any person or wrongfully withholds or threatens to withhold a favorable personnel action with respect to any person
17 18 19 20 21	intent to discourage any person from reporting a criminal offense or making or planning to make a protected communication, wrongfully takes or threatens to take an adverse personnel action against any person or wrongfully withholds or threatens to withhold a favorable personnel action with respect to any person shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
17 18 19 20 21 22	intent to discourage any person from reporting a criminal offense or making or planning to make a protected communication, wrongfully takes or threatens to take an adverse personnel action against any person or wrongfully withholds or threatens to withhold a favorable personnel action with respect to any person shall be punished as a court-martial may direct. B. Definitions. In this Section:
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	intent to discourage any person from reporting a criminal offense or making or planning to make a protected communication, wrongfully takes or threatens to take an adverse personnel action against any person or wrongfully withholds or threatens to withhold a favorable personnel action with respect to any person shall be punished as a court-martial may direct. B. Definitions. In this Section: (1) The term "protected communication" means the following:
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	intent to discourage any person from reporting a criminal offense or making or planning to make a protected communication, wrongfully takes or threatens to take an adverse personnel action against any person or wrongfully withholds or threatens to withhold a favorable personnel action with respect to any person shall be punished as a court-martial may direct. B. Definitions. In this Section: (1) The term "protected communication" means the following: (a) A lawful communication to a member of the United States Congress
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	intent to discourage any person from reporting a criminal offense or making or planning to make a protected communication, wrongfully takes or threatens to take an adverse personnel action against any person or wrongfully withholds or threatens to withhold a favorable personnel action with respect to any person shall be punished as a court-martial may direct. B. Definitions. In this Section: (1) The term "protected communication" means the following: (a) A lawful communication to a member of the United States Congress or an inspector general.
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	intent to discourage any person from reporting a criminal offense or making or planning to make a protected communication, wrongfully takes or threatens to take an adverse personnel action against any person or wrongfully withholds or threatens to withhold a favorable personnel action with respect to any person shall be punished as a court-martial may direct. B. Definitions. In this Section: (1) The term "protected communication" means the following: (a) A lawful communication to a member of the United States Congress or an inspector general.
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	intent to discourage any person from reporting a criminal offense or making or planning to make a protected communication, wrongfully takes or threatens to take an adverse personnel action against any person or wrongfully withholds or threatens to withhold a favorable personnel action with respect to any person shall be punished as a court-martial may direct. B. Definitions. In this Section: (1) The term "protected communication" means the following: (a) A lawful communication to a member of the United States Congress or an inspector general. (b) A communication to a covered individual or organization in which a member of the armed forces complains of, or discloses information that the

1 (ii) Gross mismanagement, a gross waste of funds, an abuse of authority, 2 or a substantial and specific danger to public health or safety. 3 (2) The term "inspector general" has the meaning given that term in 10 4 U.S.C. §1034(j). 5 (3) The term "covered individual or organization" means any recipient of a communication specified in clauses (i) through (v) of 10 U.S.C. 6 7 §1034(b)(1)(B). (4) The term "unlawful discrimination" means discrimination on the 8 9 basis of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin. PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF LOUISIANA APPROVED:

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