The original instrument and the following digest, which constitutes no part of the legislative instrument, were prepared by Curry Lann.

DIGEST 2023 Regular Session

Connick

<u>Present law</u> requires the secretary of the Dept. of Revenue to send a notice by certified mail to a taxpayer against whom an assessment is imposed at the address given in the last report filed by the taxpayer, or, if no report has been timely filed, to any address obtainable from any private entity which will provide such address free of charge or from any federal, state, or local government entity, including but not limited to the USPS or from USPS certified software.

<u>Proposed law</u> requires the secretary to send a notice by First-Class Mail International with Electronic USPS Delivery Confirmation if the notice is to be mailed to an address outside the U.S. and otherwise retains present law.

<u>Present law</u> provides for the self-assessment of taxes and requires the secretary to send a notice demanding payment within thirty calendar days from the date of the notice if the taxpayer fails to accompany his return filed with a proper payment.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

SB 75 Original

<u>Present law</u> provides that a taxpayer has the right to pay an assessment under protest or to claim a refund of an assessment after payment.

<u>Proposed law</u> specifies that a taxpayer has the right to pay an assessment under protest within thirty calendar days from the date of the notice and otherwise retains <u>present law</u>.

Effective August 1, 2023.

(Amends R.S. 47:1565(A) and 1568(C))