SLS 24RS-4456

ORIGINAL

2024 Regular Session

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 177

BY SENATOR BARROW

SPECIAL DAY/WEEK/MONTH. Recognizes the month of June as African-American Music Appreciation Month in Louisiana.

1	A RESOLUTION
2	To recognize June as African-American Music Appreciation Month in Louisiana.
3	WHEREAS, created by President Jimmy Carter in 1979 as National Black Music
4	Month and renamed by President Barack Obama to African-American Music Appreciation
5	Month in 2009, this month is meant to honor and celebrate African-American's contributions
6	to music which comprises an essential part of our nation's treasured cultural heritage; and
7	WHEREAS, Louisiana has contributed royally to this integral part of American
8	history, with our rich history of being like a melting pot, or rather musical gumbo of various
9	genres of music such as zydeco, jazz, blues, and gospel, with some of the most iconic
10	musicians and artists the world has ever known who were born and musically raised here in
11	the Bayou state; and
12	WHEREAS, Louisiana is also home to some of the most influential Hip-Hop artists
13	in the history of music, commemorating its 50th anniversary, where many of the genres most
14	incredible albums, songs, and emcees got their start in the cities and towns of this state; and
15	WHEREAS, initially Louisiana was not on Hip-Hop's national radar, as the genre's
16	origin story began in the Bronx, New York at a back-to-school block party in August 1973.
17	Eighteen year old DJ Kool Herc spun records for his little sister's birthday party
18	incorporating the technique of playing the same two records and isolating the funkiest

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- percussion sections into extended break beats that kept the partygoers on the dance floor.
 With his friend, Coke La Rock serving as Master of Ceremony (MC) whose task was to keep
 the crowd hyped by rhyming over the break beats; and
- WHEREAS, in the late 80's and early 90's the New Orleans duo of Gregory D and
 Mannie Fresh was the first act out of Louisiana to be officially signed as a rap act; and
- 6 WHEREAS, along with other Louisiana rap pioneers such as T.T. Tucker and DJ 7 Jimi were some of the first hip hop acts to make a name for themselves with the rise of 8 bounce music, a specific style of call-and-response party music identified by its use of the 9 "Triggerman" beat, a sample derived from the songs "Drag Rap" by the Showboys and 10 "Brown Beats" by Cameron Paul; and
- WHEREAS, a Baton Rouge rapper by the name of MC Nero began gaining traction
 in the capital city with his 1991 hit record "Gotta Lotta Respect"; and
- WHEREAS, rapper and actor Kyper would later play an instrumental role in amplifying Baton Rouge on the national rap scene with hits such as "Conceited", "What Gets Your Body Hyped (XTC), and "Tic-Tac-Toe", with the latter peaking at Number 40 on the Billboard of Top 40 charts in 1990 and selling over one million copies, making Kyper the first rap act from Baton Rouge to gain platinum status; and
- 18 WHEREAS, the mid-late 90s saw the emergence of three distinctive crews/record 19 labels that would bolster the profile of Hip-Hop in Louisiana and introduce the world to 20 some of rap's most successful and influential artists of all time; and
- WHEREAS, in New Orleans No Limit Records, founded by Percy "Master P" Miller was responsible for making artists such as Mia X, Silkk the Shocker, Mystikal, and other household names sold over seventy-five million albums at the height of its run in the industry and also ushered in an unprecedented era of business deals in hip-hop when it brokered a historic 80-20% distribution deal with Priority Records in 1996, allowing the label to retain 80% of its profits and retain its publishing; and
- WHEREAS, in New Orleans Cash Money Records founded by Bryan "Baby"
 Williams and Ronald "Slim" Williams inked a thirty million dollars distribution deal with
 Universal Records and brokered an 80-20% profits split, while emerging into the Hip-Hop's
 mainstream by introducing the world to artists such as Lil Wayne, who was named the No.

1	7 greatest rapper of all time by Billboard Magazine, and cultural juggernaut, Juvenile; and
2	WHEREAS, Cash Money's earliest iteration consisted of BG and Turk, who along
3	with Juvenile and Lil Wayne comprised the multi-platinum-selling group, "The Hot Boys",
4	as well as in-house super producer, Mannie Fresh. Cash Money imprint would later be the
5	recording home of global superstars such as Drake and Nicki Minaj; and
6	WHEREAS, Baton Rouge based Concentration Camp, founded by Steven "C-Loc"
7	Carrell served as the initial recording house of the iconic, Lil Boosie/Boosie Badazz, and
8	also served as the origin for regional rap luminaries such as Young Bleed, Max Minelli, and
9	C-Loc.; and
10	WHEREAS, the legacy of chart-topping acts based out of Baton Rouge would
11	continue with the national emergence of artists such as Kevin Gates and NBA Youngboy,
12	the latter of whose albums have topped Billboard's Top 200 upon their release for three
13	consecutive years; and
14	WHEREAS, aside from chart-topping artists, Louisiana is home to some of the most
15	prolific rappers the genre has ever known such as: Jay Electronica, Curren\$y, Mac Phipps,
16	Terry Cotton, C-Loc, Young Bleed, Silky Slim, AK Ray, KE, Dr. Flash a dj and rapper, and
17	Beelow and the Gangster; and
18	WHEREAS, there is an innumerable amount of independent emcees in Louisiana that
19	have used their talent to connect people through music who preface their names with DJ
20	such as: Bobby, Nick T., Ron, Norman Brown, Frank, Al, Slaughterman, Maxinelli, J. Von,
21	Tommy J., Wookie, Houma, Qtip, Tron, Fuji Crew, Rca Crew, Big June, Greg Dukes,
22	Smurf, and Shonte a dj and producer; and
23	WHEREAS, another bridge that helps to share Louisiana's talent are the radio Disc
24	Jockeys who announce and play music for thousands on a daily basis, such as: Jewel
25	"Juiceman" Jackson, Ernest "The Nightrider Smith", Lou Bennett, Chris Clay, Ken "Ice
26	Man" James, Drack Muse, J. Tweezy, Cat Daddy, Incredible, and Joe Marquis Anthony who
27	is a radio dj and video show host; and
28	WHEREAS, Louisiana has made an indelible mark on rap music and the Hip-Hop

culture and has inspired the planet with our unique brand of storytelling, musicianship,cultural outlook, and a variety of flavor.

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1	THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Senate of the Legislature of Louisiana
2	does hereby recognize June as African-American Music Appreciation Month in Louisiana;
3	does hereby commend the artists who share their musical gifts with the world; and does
4	hereby express enduring appreciation for the tremendous honor and pride they bring to
5	Louisiana citizens.

The original instrument and the following digest, which constitutes no part of the legislative instrument, were prepared by Ann S. Brown.

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DIGEST 2024 Regular Session

Barrow

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