RÉSUMÉ DIGEST

ACT 56 (SB 105)

2024 Regular Session

Seabaugh

<u>Existing law</u> provides relative to the crime of possession of firearms or carrying a concealed weapon by a person convicted of certain felonies.

<u>Prior law</u> provides that a person convicted of attempting to violate <u>existing law</u> will be imprisoned at hard labor for not more than seven and one-half years and fined between \$500 and \$2,500.

<u>New law</u> provides that a person convicted of attempting to violate <u>existing law</u> will be imprisoned at hard labor for at least one year but not more than seven and one-half years and fined between \$1,000 and \$5,000.

<u>Prior law</u> provides that a violation of <u>existing law</u> relative to possession of a firearm by a felon will be deemed a crime of violence if the person violated <u>existing law</u> while committing a crime of violence <u>and</u> has a prior conviction for committing a crime of violence.

<u>New law</u> provides that a violation of <u>existing law</u> relative to possession of a firearm by a felon will be deemed a crime of violence if the person <u>either</u> violated <u>prior law</u> while committing a crime of violence <u>or</u> has a prior conviction for committing a crime of violence.

New law otherwise retains prior law.

Effective August 1, 2024.

(Amends R.S. 14:95.1(B) and (D))