

## RÉSUMÉ DIGEST

ACT 2 (SB 1)

2024 Third Extraordinary Session

Morris

Existing constitution grants the supreme court exclusive original jurisdiction of disciplinary proceedings against a member of the bar.

New constitutional amendment retains existing constitution provision but further grants the court original jurisdiction for proceedings against any lawyer specially admitted by a court of this state for a particular proceeding, and any lawyer not admitted in this state who practices law or renders or offers to render any legal services in this state.

Prior constitution authorized the legislature to establish trial courts of limited jurisdiction having parishwide territorial jurisdiction and subject matter jurisdiction throughout the state.

New constitutional amendment authorizes establishment of trial courts of limited or specialized jurisdiction by law enacted by two-thirds of the elected members of each house of the legislature.

Existing constitution provides that district courts have exclusive original jurisdiction of felony cases and cases involving title to immovable property, except family court jurisdiction involving movable and immovable property cases related to partition of community property and settlement of claims arising from matrimonial regimes in divorce or annulment proceedings.

New constitutional amendment retains existing constitution provision but specifically provides that except as authorized in the constitution, the district court has exclusive original jurisdiction involving felony cases and cases involving immovable property as provided in the existing constitution.

Specifies submission of the amendment to the voters at the statewide election to be held on March 29, 2025, or at another statewide election authorized by law, whichever occurs first.

(Amends Const. Art. V, Sec. 5(B), 15(A), and 16(A))