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## DIGEST

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HB 907 Engrossed

2026 Regular Session

Miller

**Abstract:** Provides for civil and criminal immunity for the distribution or use of opioid antagonists beyond their shelf-life end dates and prohibits disciplinary actions by professional licensing boards for healthcare professionals granted civil and criminal immunity.

Proposed law prohibits civil and criminal liability for the use of Naloxone and other opioid antagonists solely on the basis that any labeled shelf-life end date for such product has passed.

Proposed law prohibits civil or criminal liability for any person acting in good faith who furnishes or administers Naloxone or another opioid antagonist to an individual reasonably believed to be undergoing an opioid-related drug overdose except in the event of gross negligence or willful or wanton misconduct.

Proposed law prohibits healthcare professionals from disciplinary action by professional licensing boards when granted civil and criminal immunity under the proposed provisions.

Proposed law defines the term "shelf-life end date".

Proposed law mandates that a federally certified health care provider, facility, or entity comply with federal regulations and requirements regarding prohibiting the prescribing, dispensing, distributing, furnishing, or administering drugs whose shelf-life end date has passed.

Effective upon signature of governor or lapse of time for gubernatorial action.

(Adds R.S. 40:978.2.3)

### Summary of Amendments Adopted by House

The Committee Amendments Proposed by House Committee on Health and Welfare to the original bill:

1. Make technical changes.