

Existing law requires the La. State Uniform Construction Code Council (LSUCCC) to review, evaluate, and update the state uniform construction code. Prior law required the review, evaluation, and update be prior to the second regular legislative session after the release of the latest edition of the appropriate code.

New law requires the LSUCCC to review, evaluate, and update the state uniform construction code no later than five years from the date of publication of the appropriate code.

Existing law requires the LSUCCC to evaluate, adopt, and amend, as part of the state uniform construction code, only the latest editions of the International Residential Code, not including Parts I-Administrative, V-Mechanical, VII-Plumbing and VIII-Electrical.

New law retains existing law but repeals the exception for Part V-Mechanical.

Prior law required the LSUCCC to adopt the latest edition of Part IV-Energy Conservation of the International Residential Code. Existing law amends that Part to require that supply and return ducts be insulated to a minimum of R-6.

New law requires the adoption of the 2009 edition of Part IV-Energy Conservation of the International Residential Code instead of the latest edition.

New law requires all plumbing and sanitary references in Part V-Mechanical in the International Residential Code to be replaced with the applicable provisions of the La. State Plumbing Code, Part XIV (Plumbing) of the State Sanitary Code.

Prior law provided that, excluding the applicable requirements of the La. State Plumbing Code, the state uniform construction code shall not apply to the construction or improvement of the following types of industrial facilities that are engaged in activities defined or classified under one or more of the following subsectors, industry groups, or industries of the 1997 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS):

- (1) 22111 electric power generation.
- (2) 321 wood products manufacturing.
- (3) 322 paper manufacturing.
- (4) 324 petroleum and coal products manufacturing.
- (5) 325 chemical manufacturing.
- (6) 326 plastics and rubber products manufacturing.
- (7) 331 primary metals manufacturing.
- (8) 562211/562212 hazardous and solid waste landfills.
- (9) 422710 bulk stations and materials.
- (10) 486110 crude oil pipelines.
- (11) 486910 refined petroleum products pipelines.
- (12) 486210 natural gas pipelines.
- (13) 486990 other pipelines.
- (14) 211112 natural gas processing plants.

New law provides that, excluding the applicable requirements of the La. State Plumbing Code, the state uniform construction code shall not apply to the construction or improvement

inside the secured or fenced confines of the following types of industrial facilities that are engaged in activities defined or classified under one or more of the following:

- (1) 22111 electric power generation.
- (2) 3211 saw mills and wood preservation.
- (3) 322 paper manufacturing.
- (4) 324 petroleum and coal products manufacturing.
- (5) 325 chemical manufacturing.
- (6) 326 plastics and rubber products manufacturing.
- (7) 331 primary metals manufacturing.
- (8) 562211 hazardous waste treatment and disposal.
- (9) 562212 solid waste landfill.
- (10) 424710 petroleum bulk stations and terminals.
- (11) 486110 pipeline transportation of crude oil.
- (12) 486910 pipeline transportation of refined petroleum products.
- (13) 486210 pipeline transmission of natural gas.
- (14) 486990 all other pipeline transportation.
- (15) 211112 natural gas liquid extraction.
- (16) 211 oil and gas extraction.
- (17) 3212 veneer, plywood, and engineered wood product manufacturing.
- (18) 486 pipeline transportation.
- (19) 213 support activities for mining.

New law authorizes the LSUCCC to adopt by rule compatible NAICS code designations updates.

Effective January 1, 2014.

(Amends R.S. 40:1730.26(2), 1730.28(A)(3)(a)(intro. para.) and (e), and 1730.29; Adds R.S. 40:1730.28(A)(3)(h))