

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL OFFICE
Fiscal Note



Fiscal Note On: **SB 93** SLS 15RS 470

Bill Text Version: **ORIGINAL**

Opp. Chamb. Action:

Proposed Amd.:

Sub. Bill For.:

Date: April 30, 2015	1:19 PM	Author: ADLEY
Dept./Agy.: Revenue		Analyst: Greg Albrecht
Subject: Prohibits \$25/child Credit if tuition deduction taken		

TAX/INCOME/PERSONAL OR +\$2,300,000 GF RV See Note Page 1 of 1

Prohibits the \$25 credit for educational expenses for each child attending elementary and secondary school if the tax deduction for payment of tuition and fees is taken. (gov siq)

Current law provides a \$25 per dependent child nonrefundable tax credit for educational expenses on personal income tax returns; available for all K-12 children. Current law also allows a deduction from income of K-12 nonpublic school tuition expenses, as well as expenses for uniforms and school supplies for all students, up to \$5,000 per dependent student.

Proposed law will allow the \$25 pr child tax credit only if the tuition expense deduction is not taken.

Effective upon governor's signature. Applicable to tax years beginning on and after January 1, 2015.

EXPENDITURES	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	5 -YEAR TOTAL
State Gen. Fd.	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Agy. Self-Gen.	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Ded./Other	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Federal Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Local Funds	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	\$0
Annual Total	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

REVENUES	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	5 -YEAR TOTAL
State Gen. Fd.	\$2,300,000	\$2,300,000	\$2,300,000	\$2,300,000	\$2,300,000	\$11,500,000
Agy. Self-Gen.	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Ded./Other	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Federal Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Local Funds	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	\$0
Annual Total	\$2,300,000	\$2,300,000	\$2,300,000	\$2,300,000	\$2,300,000	\$11,500,000

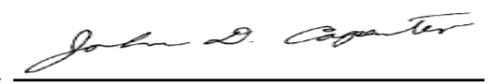
EXPENDITURE EXPLANATION

The Department of Revenue (LDR) will incur costs for computer system modification and testing, tax form redesign, and tax payer inquiries. These costs are typically small for individual tax law changes such as this (several thousands of dollars) and are typically absorbed within existing resources until cumulative changes necessitate additional resources be provided.

REVENUE EXPLANATION

According to the Department of Revenue, in FY14 there were 105,676 returns filed that claimed the tuition deduction for approximately 93,600 students (\$468 million of expenses deducted with \$21.7 million of tax collections foregone). Assuming the \$25 per child credit were also taken for all of those students, the bill would result in \$2.3 million of additional net tax receipts per year by disallowing the tax credit if the expense deduction is taken. In FY14, \$17 million of tax credit was associated with the \$25 per child educational credit.

- | | | | |
|--|----------------------------|--------------|---|
| <u>Senate</u> | <u>Dual Referral Rules</u> | <u>House</u> | <input type="checkbox"/> 6.8(F)(1) >= \$100,000 SGF Fiscal Cost {H & S} |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 13.5.1 >= \$100,000 Annual Fiscal Cost {S&H} | | | <input type="checkbox"/> 6.8(F)(2) >= \$500,000 Rev. Red. to State {H & S} |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 13.5.2 >= \$500,000 Annual Tax or Fee Change {S&H} | | | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 6.8(G) >= \$500,000 Tax or Fee Increase or a Net Fee Decrease {S} |


John D. Carpenter
Legislative Fiscal Officer