
DIGEST

The digest printed below was prepared by House Legislative Services. It constitutes no part of the legislative instrument. The keyword, one-liner, abstract, and digest do not constitute part of the law or proof or indicia of legislative intent. [R.S. 1:13(B) and 24:177(E)]

HB 67 Original

2016 Regular Session

Bacala

Abstract: Prohibits the possession and consumption of alcoholic beverages by persons under the age of 18 years except in certain circumstances.

Present law (R.S. 14:93.12) prohibits the "public possession" of any alcoholic beverage by persons under 21 years of age and defines "public possession" as the possession of any alcoholic beverage for any reason including consumption, on any street, highway, or waterway or in any public place or any place open to the public, including a club which is de facto open to the public. However, present law provides that "public possession" does not include the possession or consumption of any alcoholic beverage:

- (1) For an established religious purpose.
- (2) When a person under 21 years of age is accompanied by a parent, spouse, or legal guardian 21 years of age or older.
- (3) For medical purposes when purchased as an over the counter medication, or when prescribed or administered by a licensed physician, pharmacist, dentist, nurse, hospital, or medical institution.
- (4) In a private residence, which shall include a residential dwelling and up to twenty contiguous acres, on which the dwelling is located, owned by the same person who owns the dwelling.

Proposed law retains present law as it pertains to persons who are at least 18 years of age but not yet 21 years. For those under the age of 18 years, proposed law provides the following exceptions to the general prohibition of public possession of alcohol:

- (1) The person is under the direct supervision of a parent or legal guardian who is 21 years of age or older.
- (2) An established religious purpose.
- (3) Medical purposes when purchased as an over the counter medication, or when prescribed or administered by a licensed physician, pharmacist, dentist, nurse, hospital, or medical institution.
- (4) When possession is pursuant to employment by a duly licensed manufacturer, wholesaler,

or retailer of alcoholic beverages.

Proposed law provides penalties of a fine of not more than \$100, imprisonment for not more than 10 days, or both.

(Adds R.S. 14:93.12.1)