

# LEGISLATIVE FISCAL OFFICE <br> Fiscal Note 

Fiscal Note On: HB 12 HLS 161ES
89

Proposed Amd.:
Sub. Bill For.:

Date: February 16, 2016 5:33 PM
Dept./Agy.: Revenue
Subject: Repeal of discounts for tobacco tax and stamps

Author: COX
Analyst: Deborah Vivien
TAX/TOBACCO TAX OR $+\$ 2,300,000$ GF RV See Note Page 1 of 1

Repeals the discounts to licensed tobacco dealers for accurately reporting and remitting excise taxes on certain tobacco products and for stamping cigarettes (Item \#22)
Current law requires tobacco tax stamps to be affixed on cigarettes received by a tobacco dealer. Registered tobacco dealers with gross stamp purchases greater than $\$ 100$ are provided a $6 \%$ discount as vendor compensation for expenses related to tax collection and as a volume discount. Registered tobacco dealers with a direct purchasing contract with the manufacturer and who file timely and accurate tax reports are also offered a $6 \%$ as vendor compensation for expenses related to tax collection and as an incentive to timely file. A wholesaler located out of state is limited to the lesser of $6 \%$ or the discount offered in that state.

Proposed law eliminates the discount for timely payment as well as the discount for bulk purchases of tobacco stamps. The bill removes the language limiting the discount to that of the wholesalers' domicile state.

| EXPENDITURES | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 | 2020-21 | 5 -YEAR TOTAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| State Gen. Fd. | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Agy. Self-Gen. | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Ded./Other | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Federal Funds | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Local Funds | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Annual Total | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| REVENUES | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 | 2020-21 | 5 -YEAR TOTAL |
| State Gen. Fd. | \$2,300,000 | \$2,300,000 | \$2,300,000 | \$2,300,000 | \$2,300,000 | \$11,500,000 |
| Agy. Self-Gen. | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Ded./Other | \$10,700,000 | \$10,700,000 | \$10,700,000 | \$10,700,000 | \$10,700,000 | \$53,500,000 |
| Federal Funds | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Local Funds | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Annual Total | \$13,000,000 | \$13,000,000 | \$13,000,000 | \$13,000,000 | \$13,000,000 | \$65,000,000 |

## EXPENDITURE EXPLANATION

There is no anticipated direct material effect on governmental expenditures as a result of this measure. The Department indicates that any implementation costs will be absorbed in the current budget. Though the cost of this bill is minimal, the aggregate impact of all session bills may require additional resources. With the bill effective upon signature, implementation complications may arise if the rate change becomes effective in the middle of a month.

## REVENUE EXPLANATION

According to the Tax Exemption Budget, tobacco discounts of $\$ 8.2 \mathrm{M}$ were allowed in FY 15 , with $\$ 6.8 \mathrm{M}$ from the bulk stamp discount and $\$ 1.5 \mathrm{M}$ from the timely filing and payment discount. However, since FY 15, the tobacco tax rate was increased. With additional tobacco tax remittances, it is expected that corresponding discounts will also increase.

The fiscal note estimate is based on the current REC forecast for tobacco tax in FY 16 and FY 17, imposing the three year average effective discount rate of $4.4 \%$ to get a total discount cost of $\$ 13.0 \mathrm{M}$. The typical distribution is $82 \%$ due to the bulk stamp discount (or $\$ 10.6 \mathrm{M}$ ) and $18 \%$ (or $\$ 2.3 \mathrm{M}$ ) due to the timely filing and payment discount. If these discounts are eliminated entirely, the savings to the state would be this total discount cost. These amounts would be reflected in greater net remittances of the tobacco tax, about $63 \%$ of which is dedicated to the Health Excellence Fund, the Tobacco Tax Healthcare Fund, the Tobacco Regulation Enforcement Fund, and the Tobacco Tax Medicaid Match Fund. The table above reflects this breakdown with $63 \%$ of the $\$ 13 \mathrm{M}$ estimated impact or $\$ 10.7 \mathrm{M}$ increasing the various statutory dedications and $37 \%$ of the estimated impact or $\$ 2.3 \mathrm{M}$ increasing the state general fund.

The bill becomes effective upon signature of the governor, which would allow the rate changes to become effective during FY 16. If implementation occurs without delay, it is assumed that the increase will be in effect for the final quarter of FY 16 and is estimated to increase total net tobacco tax collections by about $\$ 3.2 \mathrm{M}$, with the means-of-finance impact split between a $\$ 2.7 \mathrm{M}$ increase in statutory dedications and a $\$ 600,000$ increase in the state general fund.

| Senate | Dual Referral Rules | House |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13.5.1 > = \$100,000 Annual Fiscal Cost $\{\mathrm{S} \& \mathrm{H}\}$ |  |  | $6.8(\mathrm{~F})(1)>=\$ 100,000$ SGF Fiscal Cost $\{\mathrm{H} \& \mathrm{~S}\}$ |
|  | 500,000 Annual Tax or hange \{S\&H\} |  | 6.8(G) $>=\$ 500,000$ Tax or Fee Increase or a Net Fee Decrease \{S\} |

