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## **STATE OF LOUISIANA**

# **DRUG AND SPECIALTY COURT COMMISSION**

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Meeting of the Commission Thursday, December 3, 2020 – 1:30 PM Louisiana Department of Justice, Baton Rouge, Louisiana Livingston Building, 1st Floor Conference Room

#### **MEETING AGENDA**

- I. Call to Order
- II. Roll Call
- III. Adoption of the Agenda for the December 3, 2020 Commission Meeting
- IV. Approval of Minutes of the November 19, 2020 Commission Meeting
- V. Public Comments
- VI. Continued Discussion and Review of the Proposed Draft Legislation Based Upon All Prior Commission Discussions in Anticipation of Upcoming Commission Submission Deadlines
- VII. Continued Discussion of the Current and Anticipated Funding and Operations of the Various Stakeholders Related to Drug and Specialty Court Programs and the Proposed Draft Legislation
- VIII. Any Other Business Before the Commission
  - IX. Adjournment

Zoom ID: 868 6509 4349

Public Comments: 225-326-6077 / dscc@ag.louisiana.gov

SLS <u>ORIGINAL</u>

2021 Regular Session

SENATE BILL NO.

BY SENATOR WARD

COURTS. Provides relative to mandatory drug testing, screening, and/or assessment for drug and specialty court participation for certain offenders.

1 AN ACT

To amend and reenact Code of Criminal Procedure Article 228, 320(D) & (E) and Article 893 and 2 to enact Subpart U of Part II-A of Chapter 1 of Subtitle I of Title 39 of the Louisiana 3 Revised Statutes of 1950, comprised of R.S. 39:100.160 through 100.161 and Code of 4 Criminal Procedure Article 904, relative to requirements of drug screening of arrestees and 5 participation in drug or specialty court programs; to provide for participation in a drug or 6 specialty court program for non-violent offenders with a history of substance abuse or 7 8 addiction; to establish the Drug and Specialty Court Fund; to provide for the administration of the fund; to provide for specific uses of the fund; and to provide for reporting 9 10 requirements.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:

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Section 1. Code of Criminal Procedure Article 228, 320(D) & (E) and Article 893 are hereby amended and reenacted and Code of Criminal Procedure Article 904 is hereby enacted to read as follows:

Art. 228. Booking of arrested person, submission of booking information summary

16 \* \* \*

### D. Required Drug Testing of Persons Arrested and Booked

(1) Every person arrested and booked for a felony offense shall be drug tested within twenty-four hours of booking to determine the presence of any controlled dangerous substance identified in the Uniform Controlled Substances Law.

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1	(2) All persons testing positive for the presence of one or more designated
2	substances set forth in Subparagraph (1) of this Paragraph shall be screened utilizing
3	a validated screening tool for the purpose of determining whether the person suffers
4	from alcoholism or drug abuse or addiction.
5	(3) All persons who receive a positive test result pursuant to Subparagraph (1)
6	of this Paragraph and are deemed suitable pursuant to the screening process set forth
7	in Subparagraph (2) of this Paragraph shall be subject to the provisions set forth in
8	Code of Criminal Procedure Article 904.
9	(4) Any and all records and information provided or obtained pursuant to
10	Subparagraphs (1) & (2) of this Paragraph shall be deemed confidential and shall not
11	be disclosed to any person not connected with the district attorney, counsel for the
12	person, a treatment professional, or the court, without the consent of the person tested
13	or screened, and such records and information shall not be admissible in any civil or
14	criminal action or proceeding, except for the purposes of determining suitability
15	and/or eligibility of the person for any drug or specialty court program.
16	(5) The expenses and costs of the drug testing requirements set forth in
17	Subparagraph (1) and the screening process set forth in Subparagraph (2) shall be
18	eligible for reimbursement from the Drug and Specialty Court Fund as set forth in
19	R.S. 39:100.160.
20	(6) The provisions set forth within this Paragraph requiring mandatory drug
21	testing and/or drug screening shall be mandatorily enforced to the extent that
22	sufficient funds exist in the Drug and Specialty Court Fund to reimburse the expenses
23	and costs of such mandatory requirements. If the administrator of the Drug and
24	Specialty Court Fund certifies that sufficient funds do not exist for the reimbursement
25	of the expenses and costs of such mandatory requirements, the provisions set forth
26	within this Paragraph shall cease to be mandatory but may still be enforced at the
27	discretion of the governing authority responsible for funding such provisions.
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	D. Drug offenses and crimes of violence Offenses Requiring Submission for
<u>I</u>	Pretrial Drug Testing. Every person arrested for a violation of the Uniform Controlled
Ŧ	Dangerous Substances Law or a crime of violence as provided in R.S. 14:2(B) a felony
<u>c</u>	offense shall be required to submit to a pretrial drug test for the presence of designated
S	substances in accordance with the provisions of this Article and rules of court governing
S	such testing. Every person arrested for any other felony may be required to submit to a
f	pretrial drug test for the presence of designated substances in accordance with the
f	provisions of this Article and rules of court governing such testing. Every person arrested
f	For a misdemeanor may be required to submit to a pretrial drug test for the presence of
Ċ	designated substances in accordance with the provisions of this Article and rules of court
٤	governing such testing.
	E. Pretrial drug testing program. The court may implement a pretrial drug testing
ŗ	program. All persons released under the provisions of the pretrial drug testing program

program. All persons released under the provisions of the pretrial drug testing program must submit to continued random testing and refrain from the use or possession of any controlled dangerous substance or any substance designated by the court. A pretrial drug testing program shall provide for the following:

(1) Mandatory participation for all persons arrested for violations of state law.

Additionally, all All persons testing positive for the presence of one or more of the designated substances set forth in Subparagraph (2) of this Paragraph, who are not otherwise required to participate, shall submit to a pretrial drug testing program.

Art. 893. Suspension and deferral of sentence and probation in felony cases

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A. (1)(a) When it appears that the best interest of the public and of the defendant will be served, the court, after a first, second, or third conviction of a noncapital felony, may suspend, in whole or in part, the imposition or execution of either or both sentences, where suspension is allowed under the law, and in either or both cases place the defendant on probation under the supervision of the division of probation and parole. The court shall not suspend the sentence of a second or third conviction of R.S. 14:73.5. Except as provided Page 3 of 9

1	in Paragraph $G\underline{\mathbf{H}}$ of this Article, the period of probation shall be specified and shall not be
2	more than three years, except as provided by Paragraph $H\underline{I}$ of this Article.
3	* * *
4	B. (1)
5	(2) When suspension is allowed under this Paragraph, the defendant shall be placed or
6	probation under the supervision of the division of probation and parole. If the defendant
7	has been sentenced to complete a treatment program, the defendant may be placed
8	on probation under the supervision of a probation office, agency, or officer designated
9	by the court. The period of probation shall be specified and shall not be more than three
10	years, except as provided in Paragraph $G\underline{H}$ of this Article. The suspended sentence shall
11	be regarded as a sentence for the purpose of granting or denying a new trial or appeal.
12	* * *
13	F. (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, when it appears
14	that the best interest of the public and of the defendant will be served, the court, after
15	a conviction of a defendant deemed suitable pursuant to Code of Criminal Procedure
16	Article 904, may only suspend, in whole or in part, the imposition or execution of the
17	sentence when all of the following conditions are met:
18	(a) The district attorney consents to the suspension of the sentence.
19	(b) There is an available specialty court program recognized by the Louisiana
20	Supreme Court.
21	(c) The court orders the defendant to enter and complete any specialty court program
22	recognized by the Louisiana Supreme Court.
23	(2) If the district attorney does not consent to the suspension of the sentence, the
24	district attorney shall file his or her objection with written reasons into the record.
25	(3) If the district attorney files an objection into the record or the court determines
26	that a specialty court program is not available for the defendant, the court may
27	sentence the defendant upon conviction to any legal sentence in accordance with law
28	(4) When suspension is allowed under this Paragraph, the defendant may be placed
29	on probation under the supervision of the division of probation and parole or under
30	the supervision of a probation office, agency, or officer designated by the court. The
31	period of probation shall be specified and shall not be more than three years, except
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1	as provided in Paragraph H of this Article. The suspended sentence shall be regarded
2	as a sentence for the purpose of granting or denying a new trial or appeal.
3	(5) Upon motion of the defendant, if the court finds at the conclusion of the
4	probationary period that the probation of the defendant has been satisfactory, the
5	court may set the conviction aside and dismiss the prosecution. The dismissal of the
6	prosecution shall have the same effect as acquittal, except that the conviction may be
7	considered as a prior offense and provide the basis for subsequent prosecution of the
8	party as a habitual offender except as provided in R.S. 15:529.1(C)(3). The conviction
9	may be considered as a prior offense for purposes of any other law or laws relating to
10	cumulation of offenses. Dismissal under this Paragraph shall occur only once with
11	respect to any person.
12	<u>(F)(G)</u>
13	<del>(G)</del> (H)
14	<del>(H)</del> (I)
15	* * * * *
16	Art. 904. Mandatory Screening and Assessment For Suitability of Defendants for
17	Drug or Specialty Court Programs
18	A. Every defendant shall be assessed for suitability for participation in a drug
19	
	or specialty court program, if all of the following criteria are met:
20	(1) The defendant meets the minimum statutory eligibility requirements for
20	(1) The defendant meets the minimum statutory eligibility requirements for
20 21	(1) The defendant meets the minimum statutory eligibility requirements for participation in any drug or specialty court program;
20 21 22	(1) The defendant meets the minimum statutory eligibility requirements for participation in any drug or specialty court program;  (2) There is a relationship between the use of alcohol or drugs and the crime
20 21 22 23	(1) The defendant meets the minimum statutory eligibility requirements for participation in any drug or specialty court program;  (2) There is a relationship between the use of alcohol or drugs and the crime before the court;
20 21 22 23 24	(1) The defendant meets the minimum statutory eligibility requirements for participation in any drug or specialty court program;  (2) There is a relationship between the use of alcohol or drugs and the crime before the court;  (3) The defendant has tested positive on a drug test and has been screened and
220 221 222 223 224 225	(1) The defendant meets the minimum statutory eligibility requirements for participation in any drug or specialty court program;  (2) There is a relationship between the use of alcohol or drugs and the crime before the court;  (3) The defendant has tested positive on a drug test and has been screened and determined suitable as set forth in the Code of Criminal Procedure Article 228(D), or
220 221 222 223 224 225 226	(1) The defendant meets the minimum statutory eligibility requirements for participation in any drug or specialty court program;  (2) There is a relationship between the use of alcohol or drugs and the crime before the court;  (3) The defendant has tested positive on a drug test and has been screened and determined suitable as set forth in the Code of Criminal Procedure Article 228(D), or the defendant has been screened and determined suitable upon request of the
220 221 222 223 224 225 226	(1) The defendant meets the minimum statutory eligibility requirements for participation in any drug or specialty court program;  (2) There is a relationship between the use of alcohol or drugs and the crime before the court;  (3) The defendant has tested positive on a drug test and has been screened and determined suitable as set forth in the Code of Criminal Procedure Article 228(D), or the defendant has been screened and determined suitable upon request of the defendant or the court.

1	or addictions, or both, or mental illness, and shall be credentialed or licensed by the
2	state of Louisiana.
3	C. The designated treatment professional shall perform an assessment of the
4	defendant, utilizing validated assessment tools, to determine whether the defendant
5	is suitable for a treatment program, and shall report to the court, the district attorney,
6	and the defendant the results of the assessment and evaluation along with a
7	recommendation as to whether or not the individual is a suitable candidate for a drug
8	or specialty court program.
9	D. The court shall inform the defendant that the designated treatment
10	professional may request that the defendant provide the following information to the
11	court:
12	(1) Information regarding prior criminal charges;
13	(2) Education, work experience, and training;
14	(3) Family history, including residence in the community;
15	(4) Medical and mental history, including any psychiatric or psychological
16	treatment or counseling; and
17	(5) Any other information reasonably related to the success of the treatment
18	program.
19	F. (1) Any and all records and information provided by the defendant to the
20	designated treatment professional for the purposes of any screening or assessment
21	shall be deemed confidential and shall not be disclosed to any person not connected
22	with the treatment professional, any treatment facility, the district attorney, or the
23	court, without the consent of the defendant.
24	(2) The provisions of Paragraph (1) of this Subsection shall not restrict the use
25	of such records and information for the purpose of research and/or evaluation of these
26	mandatory screening procedures and/or the effectiveness of any drug or specialty
27	court program, provided that such information or records shall not be published or
28	disclosed in a way that discloses the defendant's name or identifying information.
29	G. No statement, or any information procured therefrom, with respect to the
30	specific offenses with which the defendant is charged, which is made to any designated
31	treatment professional shall be admissible in any civil or criminal action or Page 6 of 9

1	proceeding, except for the purposes of determining suitability and/or eligibility of the
2	defendant for any drug or specialty court program.
3	Section 2. Subpart U of Part II-A of Chapter 1 of Subtitle I of Title 39 of the Louisiana
4	Revised Statutes of 1950, comprised of R.S. 39:100.160 through 100.161 is hereby enacted to read
5	as follows:
6	§100.160. Drug and Specialty Court Fund
7	A. There is hereby created in the state treasury, as a special fund, the "Drug
8	and Specialty Court Fund", hereinafter referred to as the "fund".
9	B. After compliance with the requirements of Article VII, Section 9(B) of the
10	Constitution of Louisiana relative to the Bond Security and Redemption Fund, all
11	monies received by the state from any judgment, settlement, assessment of a civil or
12	criminal penalty, or otherwise collected as a result of a case or cause of action against
13	a manufacturer of opioids or any other responsible person brought to recover monies
14	expended or anticipated to be expended by the state or damages incurred by the state
15	in connection with the manufacturing, marketing, distribution, or sale of opioids shall
16	be deposited into the fund.
17	C. Monies in the fund shall be invested in the same manner as monies in the
18	general fund. Interest earned on investment of monies in the fund shall be credited to
19	the fund. Unexpended and unencumbered monies in the fund at the end of the fiscal
20	year shall remain in the fund.
21	D. The Louisiana Supreme Court Drug and Specialty Court Office shall be the
22	administrator of the fund, hereinafter referred to as the "administrator". Monies in
23	the fund shall be appropriated to the Louisiana Supreme Court Drug and Specialty
24	Court Office to administer the funds in accordance with this statute.
25	E. Monies in the fund shall be disbursed by the administrator to eligible
26	applicants, through the award of grants. Any and all monies disbursed from the fund
27	shall only be awarded as deemed appropriate in the administrator's discretion and
28	based upon the individual needs of each entity with respect to compliance with the
29	provisions in this Act. Such acceptable uses of the monies in this fund shall include,
30	but not be limited to:

1	(1) expenses related to the creation, maintenance, operation, expansion, or
2	improvement of any drug or specialty court within the district courts in this state.
3	including expenses incurred by the district courts, district attorneys' offices, public
4	defenders' offices, parish and local governing authorities, and sheriffs' offices related
5	to participants or potential participants of any drug or specialty court in this state
6	including expenses incurred for the purpose of supervision of participants;
7	(2) expenses related to administering mandatory drug testing and/or drug
8	screening by sheriffs' offices, in accordance with the mandates set forth in Louisiana
9	Code of Criminal Procedure Article 228(D);
10	(3) expenses related to drug screening and/or testing of participants or
11	potential candidates for participation in a drug or specialty court programs in this
12	state;
13	(4) expenses related to the services provided by drug or specialty court
14	programs or services received by participants or potential participants of drug and
15	specialty court programs in this state, including services provided directly or through
16	contractual arrangement, that directly or indirectly relates to the determination of
17	suitability or eligibility for and/or participation in a drug or specialty court programs
18	(5) expenses related to the creation, maintenance, operation, expansion, or
19	improvement of any drug or alcohol treatment facilities, programs, or services for
20	individuals in the custody of the Department of Public Safety and Corrections or in
21	the custody of any local or parish correctional facility in this state; and
22	(6) any other expenses directly or indirectly related to or incurred due to
23	compliance with the provisions of this Act.
24	F. Any funds disbursed to an entity by the administrator that remain
25	unexpended or unencumbered at the end of the fiscal year shall be available for use
26	in the subsequent fiscal year by the entity, subject to the provisions of the grant
27	agreement.
28	§100.161. Reporting Requirements
29	A. In accordance with Part II of Chapter 13 of Title 24 of the Louisiana
30	Revised Statutes of 1950, the administrator of the Drug and Specialty Court Fund
31	shall submit an annual report to the Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget no Page 8 of 9

1	later than August 1st of each year. The report shall include, at a minimum,
2	information from the previous fiscal year on the number of grant applications
3	received, amounts of grant funding distributed, and recipients of the funding.
4	B. The administrator of the Drug and Specialty Court Fund shall also submit
5	a notice to the Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget, the Speaker of the
6	Louisiana House of Representatives, the President of the Louisiana Senate, and the
7	Governor at least three years prior to the exhaustion or anticipated exhaustion of all
8	monies received or to be received in the Drug and Specialty Court Fund.
9	C. If, at any point in time, the amount of monies in the fund is determined to
10	be insufficient to satisfy the expenses and costs of compliance with this Act, the
11	administrator shall certify the existence of this insufficiency and shall immediately
12	provide notice of such certification to Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget, the
13	Speaker of the Louisiana House of Representatives, the President of the Louisiana
14	Senate, and the Governor. Upon certification and notice of this insufficiency,
15	compliance with the provisions in this Act shall cease to be mandatory but may
16	continue to be enforced at the discretion of the governing authority responsible for
17	funding such provisions.
18	
19	Section 3. The provisions of Section 1 of this Act shall become effective one year from the
20	date of the receipt and deposit of at least ten million dollars into the Drug and Specialty Court
21	Fund.