## **RÉSUMÉ DIGEST**

## ACT 409 (HB 68)

## **2016 Regular Session**

Bacala

<u>Existing law</u> provides for the use of electronic signatures. <u>Prior law</u> prohibited the application of laws governing the use of electronic signatures from applying to adoptions, divorces, or other matters of family law.

<u>New law</u> retains <u>prior law</u> except it allows electronic signatures for petitions for temporary restraining orders issued pursuant to the Domestic Abuse Assistance Act (R.S. 46:2131 et seq.) or the Protection from Dating Violence Act (R.S. 46:2151).

<u>Existing law</u> defines the crime of violation of protective orders as the willful disobedience of a preliminary or permanent injunction or protective order issued pursuant to certain provisions of <u>existing law</u> if the defendant was given notice of the order by service of process.

Existing law also provides that a defendant may be properly served if tendered a certified copy of a temporary restraining order or ex parte protective order by any law enforcement officer who has been called to any scene where the name defendant is present.

<u>New law</u> retains <u>existing law</u> and adds that a defendant may be properly served if tendered a faxed or electronic copy of a temporary restraining order or ex parte protective order received directly from the issuing magistrate, commissioner, hearing officer, judge, or court.

Effective August 1, 2016.

(Amends R.S. 9:2603(B)(4)(a) and R.S. 14:79(A)(1)(b))