

1 as those persons are authorized to access similar protected health information under
2 federal and state law and regulation:

3 * * *

4 (5) A medical examiner or coroner, or a delegate thereof, for the purpose
5 of investigating an individual's death.

6 (6) A licensed substance abuse addiction counselor providing services as
7 part of a state licensed substance abuse addiction treatment program.

8 (7) A probation or parole officer for the purpose of monitoring an
9 offender's compliance with participation in a drug diversion program or with
10 other conditions of probation or parole related to monitored drugs.

11 F. The board may provide a report containing prescription monitoring
12 information upon application of local, state, out-of-state, and federal law
13 enforcement or prosecutorial officials, including judicially supervised specialty
14 courts within the criminal justice system that are authorized by the Louisiana
15 Supreme Court, engaged in the administration, investigation, or enforcement of the
16 laws governing controlled substances or other drugs of concern in compliance with
17 and as limited by the relevant requirements of any of the following:

18 * * *

19 I. The board may provide prescription monitoring information to ~~an~~
20 ~~individual who requests his personal prescription monitoring information in~~
21 ~~accordance with procedures established by board regulation.~~ the following in
22 accordance with procedures established by board regulation:

23 (1) An individual who requests his personal prescription monitoring
24 information.

25 (2) A parent, legal guardian, or legal health care agent, for the purpose
26 of reviewing the history of dispensed monitored drugs to a child or an individual
27 for whom the agent makes health care decisions, to the extent consistent with
28 federal and state confidentiality laws and regulations.

29 (3) An executor of a will, or a court-appointed executor of an estate, for

1 the purpose of reviewing the history of dispensed monitored drugs to a deceased
2 individual.

3 J. ~~The board and the advisory council shall be immune from civil liability~~
4 ~~arising from inaccuracy of any of the information submitted to the board pursuant~~
5 ~~to this Part.~~ The board may disclose audit trail information to individuals
6 identified in Subsection (E)(2), (F), and (I) for use in an active investigation of
7 an individual who submitted requests for prescription monitoring information.

8 K.(1) The board and advisory council shall not be subject to civil
9 liability, administrative action, or other legal or equitable relief for the:

10 (a) Failure to possess prescription monitoring information that was not
11 reported to the board.

12 (b) Release of prescription monitoring information or audit trail
13 information that was factually incorrect.

14 (c) Release of prescription monitoring information or audit trail
15 information to the wrong person or entity.

16 (d) Unlawful access to prescription monitoring information by an
17 individual, or unlawful disclosure or use of prescription monitoring information
18 by an individual who requested and received prescription monitoring
19 information pursuant to this Section.

20 (2) A dispenser or reporting agent shall not be subject to civil liability,
21 administrative action, or other legal or equitable relief for reporting
22 prescription monitoring information to the board.

23 (3) A prescriber, dispenser, or other individual, agency, or entity in
24 proper possession of prescription monitoring information or audit trail
25 information pursuant to this Part shall not be subject to civil liability,
26 administrative action, or other legal or equitable relief for accessing, using, or
27 disclosing prescription monitoring information or audit trail information
28 pursuant to the provisions of this Section.

29 §1008. Education and treatment

1 Section 2. This Act shall become effective upon signature by the governor or, if not
2 signed by the governor, upon expiration of the time for bills to become law without signature
3 by the governor, as provided by Article III, Section 18 of the Constitution of Louisiana. If
4 vetoed by the governor and subsequently approved by the legislature, this Act shall become
5 effective on the day following such approval.

The original instrument and the following digest, which constitutes no part
of the legislative instrument, were prepared by Christine Arbo Peck.

DIGEST

SB 96 Engrossed

2017 Regular Session

Johns

Present law provides for access to prescription monitoring information.

Proposed law establishes a definition for "audit trail information".

Proposed law provides for access to prescription monitoring information and audit trail information.

Present law provides statutory authority for certain specific individuals to have access to prescription monitoring program information including persons authorized to prescribe or dispense controlled dangerous substances, designated representatives from health professional licensing boards that regulate prescribers and dispensers, designated representatives from Louisiana Medicaid, and the designated vendor managing the prescription monitoring program for the Board of Pharmacy.

Proposed law adds medical examiners, coroners, licensed substance abuse addiction counselors, and probation and parole officers to those who may access prescription monitoring program information in certain circumstances.

Proposed law adds judicially supervised specialty courts within the criminal justice system that are authorized by the Louisiana Supreme Court to the list of law enforcement and judicial entities that may obtain limited data in report form from the prescription monitoring program.

Proposed law provides that the board may provide prescription monitoring program information in limited circumstances to individuals, parents, legal guardians, legal health care agents, and executors of a will or estate.

Proposed law provides that audit trail information may be disclosed to certain individuals in the course of an investigation.

Present law provides a limitation of liability to the board and advisory council arising from inaccuracy of any information submitted to the board.

Proposed law expands and clarifies the limitation of liability to include failure to possess prescription monitoring information that was not reported to the board, release of information that was factually incorrect and release of information to the wrong person.

Present law provides for an orientation course during implementation of the prescription monitoring program and a course for those who missed orientation.

Proposed law repeals references to orientation training but retains other trainings on

prescribing practices.

Present law provides penalties for a dispenser who fails to submit prescription monitoring information to the board and who knowingly discloses prescription monitoring information in violation of the law.

Proposed law expands the penalties to also include instances where a dispenser fails to correct or amend data after notification by the board and where he knowingly accesses prescription monitoring information in violation of the law.

Effective upon signature of the governor or upon lapse of gubernatorial action.

(Amends R.S. 40:1007(A), (B), (E)(intro para), (F)(intro para), (I), and (J), 1008(A), and 1009(A) and (B); adds R.S. 40:1003(15) and 1007(E)(5), (6), and (7), and (K))

Summary of Amendments Adopted by Senate

Committee Amendments Proposed by Senate Committee on Health and Welfare to the original bill

1. Provides that audit trail information shall not include any information produced or requested by the Louisiana legislative auditor.
2. Provides that judicially supervised specialty courts within the criminal justice system that are authorized by the Louisiana Supreme Court are included in the list of law enforcement and judicial entities that may obtain limited data in report form from the prescription monitoring program.