2017 Regular Session
HOUSE BILL NO. 130

## BY REPRESENTATIVE DEVILLIER

Prefiled pursuant to Article III, Section 2(A)(4)(b)(i) of the Constitution of Louisiana.
STUDENTS: Provides that economically disadvantaged students shall be included as a factor for purposes of teacher evaluations and requirements for enrollment of at-risk students in charter schools

AN ACT
To amend and reenact R.S. 17:3902(B)(5), 3991(B)(1)(a)(i) and (b)(i), and 3997(D)(2), to enact R.S. 17:3973(4), and to repeal R.S. 17:3973(1), relative to students; to provide that economically disadvantaged students shall be included as a factor in determining teacher evaluations and requirements for enrollment of at-risk students in certain charter schools; to remove references to students eligible for free and reduced price meals as factors used in such teacher evaluations and charter school enrollment requirements; to provide relative to determinations and identification of economically disadvantaged students; and to provide for related matters.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:
Section 1. R.S. 17:3902(B)(5), 3991(B)(1)(a)(i) and (b)(i), and 3997(D)(2) are
hereby amended and reenacted and R.S. 17:3973(4) is hereby enacted to read as follows:
§3902. Evaluation program; process
B. The elements of evaluation and standards for effectiveness shall be defined by the board pursuant to rules and regulations promulgated for such purpose. Such rules and regulations shall require that, at a minimum, local evaluation plans contain the following elements:

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CODING: Words in struek through type are deletions from existing law; words underscored are additions.
(5) Measure of effectiveness. Fifty percent of such evaluations shall be based on evidence of growth in student achievement as determined by the board. Data derived from a value-added assessment model, as determined by the state board, shall be a factor in determining evidence of student growth for grade levels and subjects for which value-added data is available and shall comprise thirty-five percent of the overall evaluation. For grade levels and subjects for which valueadded data is not available and for personnel for whom value-added data is not available, the board shall establish measures of student growth. The model shall take into account important student factors, including but not limited to special education, eligibility for free or reduced price meats economic disadvantage as determined by the board, student attendance, and student discipline. However, neither the valueadded model nor the measures of student growth for grade levels and subjects for which value-added data are not available shall, in any given year, include a test score or data of a student who has ten or more unexcused absences in any school semester in that year. The state board shall develop and adopt a policy to invalidate such student growth data for any teacher for any school year in which there is a natural disaster or any other unexpected event that results in the temporary closure of the school.
§3973. Definitions
As used in this Chapter, the following words, terms, and phrases shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this Section except when the context clearly indicates a different meaning:
(4) "Economically disadvantaged" means any one of the following characteristics of a student:
(a) Eligible for Louisiana's food assistance program for low-income families.
(b) Eligible for Louisiana's disaster food assistance program.
(c) Eligible for Louisiana's program for assistance to needy families with children to assist parents in becoming self-sufficient.
(d) Eligible for Louisiana's healthcare program for families and individuals with limited financial resources.
(e) Eligible for reduced price meals based on the latest available data.
(f) Is an English Language Learner.
(g) Identified as homeless or migrant pursuant to the McKinney-Vento Homeless Children and Youth Assistance Act and the Migrant Education Program within the Elementary and Secondary Education Act.
(h) Is incarcerated with the office of juvenile justice or in an adult facility.
(i) Has been placed into the custody of the state.
§3991. Charter schools; requirements; limitations; renewal; amendment; revocation
B. Each proposed charter shall contain or make provision for the following:
(1)(a)(i) That for Type 1 and Type 2 charter schools created as new schools, and charter schools created as a result of a conversion after the 2011-2012 school year, the percentage of the total number of pupits students enrolled in the charter school based on the October first pupit student membership who are at-risk, in the manner provided in R.S. 17:3973(1)(a) and (e), economically disadvantaged and students with exceptionalities as defined in R.S. 17:1942, not including gifted and talented, shall be equal to not less than eighty-five percent of the average percentage of pupits students enrolled in the local public school districts from which the charter school enrolls its students who are eligible to partieipate in the federal free and redureed luneh program economically disadvantaged, and shall be equal to not less than eighty-five percent of the average percentage of pupits students enrolled in the local public school districts from which the charter school enrolls its students who have been identified as a student with an exceptionality as defined in R.S. 17:1942, not including gifted and talented. The remaining number of pupits enrolled in the


#### Abstract

eharter sehool which would be required to have the same pereentage of at-risk pupits as the pereentage of pupits in the distriet who are eligible to participate in the federal free and redueed eost luneh program or who have been identified as a student with anrexeeptionality as defined in R.S. 17:1942, not ineluding gifted and talented, may be comprised of pupits who are at-risk as is otherwise provided in R.S. 17:3973(1). For the purposes of fulfilling the provisions of this Section, the at-risk economically disadvantaged and students with exceptionalities percentage for the eity or parisht sehool system local public school district shall remain fixed during the term of the approved charter at the percentage which existed during the school year that the charter proposal was approved, untess otherwise speciffed in the eharter that the eharter sehool will reflect the eurrent year's at-risk pereentage. or renewed.


(b)(i) That for Type 2 charter schools created as a result of a conversion; Fype 3 and Type 4 eharter sehoots, during or prior to the 2011-2012 school year, the percentage of the total number of pupits students enrolled in the charter school based on the October first pupit student membership who are at-risk, in the manner provided in R.S. 17:3973(1)(a) and (e), economically disadvantaged and students with exceptionalities as defined in R.S. 17:1942, not including gifted and talented, unless otherwise agreed to as part of the charter agreement, by the chartering authority, shall be equal to not less than the percentage of the total of pupits students enrolled in the school in the school year prior to the establishment of the charter school that who were eligible to participate in the federal free and redureed cost luneh program economically disadvantaged, and shall be equal to not less than the percentage of the total of pupits students enrolled in the school in the school year prior to the establishment of the charter school who were identified as a student with an exceptionality as defined in R.S. 17:1942, not including gifted and talented.

## §3997. Charter school employees

D.
(2) Fifty percent of each teacher and administrator evaluation conducted pursuant to Paragraph (1) of this Subsection shall be based on evidence of growth in student achievement as determined by the state board. Data derived from a valueadded assessment model, as determined by the state board, shall be a factor in determining evidence of student growth for grade levels and subjects for which value-added data is available and shall comprise thirty-five percent of the overall evaluation. For grade levels and subjects for which value-added data is not available, the state board shall establish measures of student growth. The model shall take into account important student factors, including but not limited to special education, eligibility for free or redueed price meats economic disadvantage as determined by the state board, student attendance, and student discipline. The state board shall develop and adopt a policy to invalidate such student growth data for any teacher for any school year in which there is a natural disaster or any other unexpected event that results in the temporary closure of the school.

Section 2. R.S. 17:3973(1) is hereby repealed in its entirety.
Section 3. The State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education shall ensure that all indicators used to determine and identify economically disadvantaged students as provided in Section 1 of this Act are substantially the same as those used to certify student eligibility for the federal free and reduced price meals program.

## DIGEST

The digest printed below was prepared by House Legislative Services. It constitutes no part of the legislative instrument. The keyword, one-liner, abstract, and digest do not constitute part of the law or proof or indicia of legislative intent. [R.S. 1:13(B) and 24:177(E)]

HB 130 Engrossed 2017 Regular Session DeVillier
Abstract: Changes certain references to students who are eligible for free and reduced price meals to students who are economically disadvantaged for purposes of teacher evaluation and charter school enrollment; defines economically disadvantaged.

Proposed law changes certain present law references to students eligible for the federal free and reduced price meals program to students who are economically disadvantaged as follows:

## Teacher Evaluation

Present law (R.S. 17:3902(B)(5) and 3997(D)(2)) relative to teacher evaluations, provides for the use of a value-added assessment model to determine evidence of student growth as a basis for such evaluations. Provides that the model take into account certain student factors, including but not limited to special education, eligibility for free or reduced price meals, student attendance, and student discipline. Proposed law changes references to students who are eligible for free or reduced price meals to students who are economically disadvantaged as determined by the state Bd. of Elementary and Secondary Education (BESE). Otherwise retains present law.

## Charter School Enrollment

Present law (R.S. 17:3973(1)(a) and 3991(B)(1)(a)(i) and (b)(i)) relative to requirements for enrollment of at-risk students in charter schools, provides that a student who is eligible to participate in the federal free or reduced lunch program is an at-risk student for purposes of present law. Provides specific requirements for enrollment of at-risk students (by reason of being eligible to participate in the federal free and reduced lunch program) in Type 1 and Type 2 charter schools created as new schools, Type 2 schools created as a result of a conversion, Type 3, and Type 4 schools. Proposed law changes references to students who are eligible for free or reduced price meals to students who are economically disadvantaged by reason of meeting any one of the following characteristics:
(1) Eligible for La.'s food assistance program for low-income families.
(2) Eligible for La.'s disaster food assistance program.
(3) Eligible for La.'s program for assistance to needy families with children to assist parents in becoming self-sufficient.
(4) Eligible for La.'s healthcare program for families and individuals with limited financial resources.
(5) Eligible for reduced price meals based on the latest available data.
(6) Is an English Language Learner.
(7) Identified as homeless or migrant pursuant to the McKinney-Vento Homeless Children and Youth Assistance Act and the Migrant Education Program within the Elementary and Secondary Education Act.
(8) Is incarcerated with the Office of Juvenile Justice or in an adult facility.
(9) Has been placed into the custody of the state.

Proposed law applies the enrollment requirements to charter schools created as conversions before, during, or after the 2011-2012 school year instead of the types of charter schools specified in present law. Otherwise retains present law.

Proposed law requires BESE to ensure that the indicators used to determine and identify economically disadvantaged students for purposes of proposed law are substantially the same as those used to certify student eligibility for the federal free and reduced price meals program.
(Amends R.S. 17:3902(B)(5), 3991(B)(1)(a)(i) and (b)(i), and 3997(D)(2); Adds R.S. 17:3973(4); Repeals R.S. 17:3973(1))

Summary of Amendments Adopted by House
The Committee Amendments Proposed by House Committee on Education to the original bill:

1. Define "economically disadvantaged" for purposes of present law and proposed law relative to charter school enrollment.
2. Remove requirement that BESE determine the students who are economically disadvantaged for purposes of charter school enrollment.
3. Change applicability of charter school enrollment requirements to charter schools created as conversions before, during, or after the 2011-2012 school year instead of to the types of charter schools specified in present law.
4. Remove present law definition of "at-risk" student relative to charter schools.
