RÉSUMÉ DIGEST

ACT 146 (HB 253) 2017 Regular Session

Smith

<u>New law</u> revises terminology in <u>existing law</u> referring to the deaf and persons who are hard of hearing by deleting and making substitutions for derogatory, inaccurate, and obsolete terms.

<u>New law</u> provides for the following changes in terminology throughout <u>existing law</u>:

- (1) <u>New law</u> changes "deaf person" and "hearing-impaired person" <u>to</u> "the deaf and hard of hearing".
- (2) <u>New law</u> changes "the hearing-impaired" to "the deaf or hard of hearing".
- (3) <u>New law</u> changes "hearing impairment" to "hearing loss".

<u>New law</u> provides for the following changes to terminology in <u>existing law</u> relative to identification of hearing loss in infants:

- (1) <u>New law</u> changes "infants at risk" to "infants susceptible to a hearing disability".
- (2) <u>New law</u> changes "at-risk", when referring to a person, to "susceptible".
- (3) <u>New law</u> changes "at-risk questionnaire" and "at-risk registry" to "susceptibility questionnaire" and "susceptibility registry", respectively.

<u>New law</u> provides for revision of terminology relative to the deaf and hard of hearing in administrative rules, policy documents, professional resources, reference materials, manuals, and other governmental publications.

<u>New law</u> sets forth the following legislative findings and declarations of intent:

- (1) Language used to refer to persons with disabilities and other persons with exceptionalities shapes and reflects attitudes toward and perceptions of those persons by society.
- (2) The legislature intends to delete from <u>existing law</u> terms that convey negative or derogatory perceptions of persons with disabilities and other persons with exceptionalities, and to provide through <u>new law</u> for appropriate terminology which conveys no indignity toward persons with hearing loss.
- (3) The legislature intends that no provision of <u>new law</u> shall alter or affect in any way the substance, interpretation, or application of <u>existing law</u> or <u>existing administrative</u> <u>code</u>.

<u>New law</u> stipulates that nothing in <u>new law</u> shall be construed to expand or diminish any right of or benefit for any person provided by <u>existing law</u> or <u>existing administrative code</u>.

Effective August 1, 2017.

(Amends R.S. 4:715(B)(2), R.S. 14:32(D)(3) and 39(D)(3), R.S. 17:43(B)(2) and 1942(B), R.S. 21:51(C) and 52(A) and (B), R.S. 22:245, 1027(A), and 1038(C)(2)(a) and (E), R.S. 36:259(N), R.S. 37:2446.1(B)(7) and 2651(7)(b)(v)(hh), R.S. 40:1580.1(A) and 2208, R.S. 42:1119(B)(2)(a)(i), R.S. 45:1355(A), the heading of Ch. 30-A of Title 46 of the La. Revised Statutes of 1950, R.S. 46:2261, 2262(A) and (C), 2262.1(intro. para.), (4), and (12), 2263(3), (4), and (6)-(8), 2264(A), (C), and (D), 2265(A)(intro. para.), (9), and (10), 2266(1) and (3)-(5), 2352(7)(a) and (10)(a)(intro. para.), 2361, 2362(2)-(6), 2363-2365, 2367, 2368(B), and 2372, R.S. 47:6301(A)(3), the heading of Part X of Ch. 1 of Title 49 of the La. Revised Statutes of 1950, R.S. 49:181(A), and C.Cr.P. Art.401.1(B)(intro. para.))