

RÉSUMÉ DIGEST

ACT 154 (HB 503)

2017 Regular Session

Thibaut

Prior law provided the following fees for insurance producer licenses:

Life, health, and accident producer; variable annuity producer	
First time applicant.	\$75.00
Additional or renewal company appointment (yearly)..	\$20.00
Producer renewal fee (every two years)..	\$50.00
Property and casualty producer	
First time applicant.	\$75.00
Additional or renewal company appointment (yearly)..	\$20.00
Producer renewal fee (every two years)..	\$50.00
Limited lines producer	
First time applicant.	\$75.00
Each additional line of authority.	\$35.00
Additional or renewal company appointment (yearly)..	\$20.00
Renewal fee (every two years)..	\$50.00
Limited lines credit insurance producer	
First time applicant.	\$75.00
Additional or renewal company appointment (yearly)..	\$20.00
Renewal fee (every two years)..	\$50.00
Surplus lines broker	
First time applicant.	\$250.00
Renewal fee (every two years)..	\$350.00
Fee for failure to file producer license renewal timely (per license).	\$50.00
Fee for duplicate producer license.	\$15.00

New law retains the current fees for surplus lines producers and the fee for failure to timely file a producer license renewal.

New law creates an "all other lines" category of insurance producers for the purpose of unifying the fee structure and renewal periods for the following insurance producer licenses: life, health, and annuities; property and casualty; limited lines; and limited lines credit insurance. New law retains the fee structure for producers in these categories.

New law creates the following fee structure for all other lines of producer licenses:

First time applicant.	\$75.00
Application to add lines.	\$50.00
Initial or renewal company appointment (yearly).	\$20.00
Producer renewal fee (every two years):	
One line.	\$50.00
Two or more lines.	\$55.00

Existing law provides that a business entity acting as an insurance producer is required to obtain an insurance producer license and that any person who directly or indirectly controls 10% or more of such entity shall be registered with the Department of Insurance under such business entity's license.

New law limits the requirement to register controlling persons to resident business entities. New law adds a requirement for non-resident business entities to provide that information to the commissioner of insurance upon request.

Effective January 1, 2018.

(Amends R.S. 22:821(B)(3) and 1546(B)(1)(a))