DIGEST

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HB 22 Original	2018 First Extraordinary Session	Shadoin
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Abstract: Repeals the sunset for various reductions in corporate income tax exclusions and deductions thereby making the reductions permanent.

<u>Previous Act of the legislature</u> (Act No. 123 of 2015 R.S.) temporarily reduced certain allowable exclusions and deductions from corporate income tax. <u>Present law</u> provides that those exclusions and deductions return to their former rates effective July 1, 2018.

<u>Proposed law</u> removes provision for return to the former rates, thereby making the following 2015 reductions permanent:

- (1) Exclusion of funds received by a corporation from a governmental entity to subsidize the operation and maintenance of a public transportation system; 72% exclusion is retained rather than return to 100%. (R.S. 47:51)
- (2) Deduction of net operating loss of a corporation; 72% deduction is retained rather than return to 100%. (R.S. 47:246)
- (3) Exclusion of funds received from a governmental entity to subsidize the operation and maintenance of a public transportation system; 72% deduction is retained rather than return to 100%. (R.S. 47:287.71)
- (4) Deduction of various corporate expenses that are not allowed as deductions by I.R.C. Section 280C; 72% deduction is retained rather than return to 100%.
 (R.S. 47:287.73)
- (5) Deduction of net operating loss incurred in La.; 72% deduction is retained rather than return to 100%. (R.S. 47:287.86)
- (6) Deduction of an amount equal to interest and dividend income included on the federal income tax return; 72% deduction is retained rather than return to 100%. (R.S. 47:287.738)
- Exemption from corporation income and franchise taxes for certain La. Community Development Institutions; a four-year exemption is retained rather than return to five years. (R.S. 51:3092)

Present law provides that the allowance for depletion for oil and gas wells is 15.8% of the gross

income from the property during the taxable year. <u>Proposed law</u> changes that rate <u>from</u> 15.8% to 16%. <u>Present law</u>, effective now, provides that 80% of rents or royalties paid by the taxpayer are excluded from income in calculating the depletion and that this allowance shall not exceed 36% of the net income of the taxpayer. <u>Present law</u>, effective July 1, 2018, provides that: the depletion allowance is 22%; 100% of rents or royalties paid by the taxpayer are excluded from income; and this allowance shall not exceed 50% of the net income of the taxpayer. <u>Proposed law</u> repeals <u>present</u> <u>law</u> that would become effective July 1, 2018, thereby retaining <u>present law</u> as currently effective. (R.S. 47:158(C))

<u>Proposed law</u>, relative to the allowance for depletion for certain mines, changes the rate for coal mines from 3.6% to 4%; for metal mines from 10.8% to 11%; and for sulphur mines from 15.8% to 16%. Present law, effective now, provides that 72% of rents or royalties paid by the taxpayer are excluded from income in calculating the depletion and that this allowance shall not exceed 36% of the net income of the taxpayer. Present law, effective July 1, 2018, provides that: the depletion allowances are 5% for coal mines, 15% for metal mines, and 23% for sulphur mines; 100% of rents or royalties paid by the taxpayer are excluded from income; and this allowance shall not exceed 50% of the net income of the taxpayer. Proposed law repeals present law that would become effective July 1, 2018, thereby retaining present law as currently effective. (R.S. 47:158(D))

<u>Present law</u> provides that the deduction from gross income tax for depletion for oil and gas wells is 15.8% of the gross income from the property during the taxable year. <u>Proposed law</u> changes that rate from 15.8% to 16%. <u>Present law</u>, effective now, provides that 72% of rents or royalties paid by the taxpayer are excluded from income in calculating the depletion and that this allowance shall not exceed 36% of the net income of the taxpayer. <u>Present law</u>, effective July 1, 2018, provides that: the depletion deduction is 22%; 100% of rents or royalties paid by the taxpayer are excluded from income; and that this allowance shall not exceed 50% of the net income of the taxpayer. <u>Proposed law</u> repeals present law that would become effective July 1, 2018, thereby retaining present law as currently effective. (R.S. 47:287.745(B))

Effective upon signature of governor or lapse of time for gubernatorial action.

(Amends R.S. 47:158(C) and (D) and 287.745(B) and §6 of Act No. 123 of 2015 R.S.; Repeals §§3 and 4 of Act No. 123 of 2015 R.S.)