House Bill 9 HLS 18RS-241 Engrossed with House Retirement Committee Amendments #1170

Author: Representative Ivey Date: March 20, 2018 LLA Note HB 9.02

Organizations Affected: Firefighters' Retirement System

EG NO IMPACT APV

This Note has been prepared by the Actuarial Services Department of the Legislative Auditor with assistance from either the Fiscal Notes staff of the Legislative Auditor or staff of the Legislative Fiscal Office. The attachment of this Note provides compliance with the requirements of R.S. 24:521 as amended by Act 353 of the 2016 Regular Session.

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<u>Bill Header:</u> RETIREMENT/FIREFIGHTERS: Provides for definitions relative to rollovers of sums to the Firefighters' Retirement System from other qualified plans under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code.

#### **Cost Summary:**

The estimated actuarial and fiscal impact of HB 9 on the retirement systems and their plan sponsors is summarized below. Actuarial costs pertain to estimated changes in the *actuarial present value of future benefit payments*. Fiscal costs or savings pertain to changes to all cash flows over the next five year period including retirement system cash flows, OPEB cash flows, or cash flows related to other government entities.

An increase in actuarial costs is denoted throughout the actuarial note by "Increase" or a positive number. Actuarial savings are denoted by "Decrease" or a negative number. An increase in expenditures or revenues (fiscal impact) is denoted by "Increase" or a positive number. A decrease in expenditures or revenues is denoted by "decrease" or a negative number.

#### **Estimated Actuarial Impact:**

The top part of the following chart shows the estimated change in the *actuarial present value of future benefit payments and expenses*, if any, attributable to the proposed legislation. The bottom part shows the effect on cash flows.

Actuarial Costs Pertaining to:		Actuarial Cost
The Retirement Systems		\$0
Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB		0
Other Government Entities		<u>0</u>
Total		\$0
Five Year Fiscal Cost Pertaining to:	<u>Expenses</u>	Revenues
The Retirement Systems	\$0	\$0
Other Post Employment Benefits	0	0
Other Government Entities	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Total	\$0	\$0

## **Bill Information**

#### **Current Law**

Current law authorizes the system to permit direct rollovers of sums from other qualified plans, and to make direct rollovers of distributions from this system to other qualified plans, as provided by the Internal Revenue Code.

#### **Proposed Law**

HB 9 expands the rules and definitions of applicable terms as required by the Internal Revenue Code.

In addition it includes a provision allowing the plan administrator to set up an IRA to receive any mandatory distribution from this plan greater than \$1,000 if the distributee does not make an election as to where the distribution is to be sent. This provision is also required by the Internal Revenue Service.

# **Implications of the Proposed Changes**

The language in HB 9 is required by the Internal Revenue Service. It has no actuarial or financial impact.

#### I. ACTUARIAL ANALYSIS SECTION

#### A. Analysis of Actuarial Costs (Prepared by the LLA)

This section of the actuarial note pertains to actuarial costs or savings associated with the retirement systems, with OPEB, and with other government entities.

#### **Retirement Systems**

The actuarial cost or savings of HB 9 associated with the retirement systems is estimated to be \$0. The actuary's analysis is summarized below.

HB 9 adds language required by the Internal Revenue Service.

- It provides definitions for (a) direct rollovers, (b) eligible rollover distributions, (c) eligible retirement plan, and (d) distributee.
- It also adds a provision allowing the plan administrator to set up an IRA to receive a mandatory distribution greater than \$1,000 in the unlikely event that such is required and the distributee does not make an election about where the distribution is to be sent.

It does not change benefits or procedures in any other way.

#### 1. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

The actuarial cost or savings of HB 9 associated with OPEB, including retiree health insurance premiums, is estimated to be \$0. The actuary's analysis is summarized below.

The liability for post-retirement medical insurance protection provided to retirees remains the same regardless of technical definitions and language concerning mandatory distributions required by the Internal Revenue Service to be in the retirement plan.

#### 2. Other Government Entities

The actuarial cost or savings of HB 9 associated with government entities other than those identified in HB 9, is estimated to be \$0.

#### B. Actuarial Data, Methods and Assumptions

(Prepared by the LLA)

Unless indicated otherwise, the actuarial note for HB 9 was prepared using actuarial data, methods, and assumptions as disclosed in the most recent actuarial valuation report adopted by PRSAC. The data, methods and assumptions are being used to provide consistency with the actuary for the retirement system who may also be providing testimony to the Senate and House retirement committees.

# C. Actuarial Caveat

(Prepared by the LLA)

There is nothing in HB 9 that will compromise the signing actuary's ability to present an unbiased statement of actuarial opinion.

### II. FISCAL ANALYSIS SECTION

This section of the actuarial note pertains to fiscal costs or savings associated with the retirement systems (Table A), with OPEB (Table B), and with other fiscal costs or savings associated with government entities not associated with either the retirement systems or OPEB (Table C). Fiscal costs or savings in Table A include administrative costs associated with the retirement systems and the sponsoring government entities. The total effect of HB 9 on fiscal costs, fiscal savings, or cash flows is presented in Table D.

# A. <u>Estimated Fiscal Impact – Retirement Systems</u> (Prepared by the LLA)

#### 1. Narrative

Table A shows the estimated fiscal impact of the proposed legislation on the retirement systems and the government entities that sponsor them. A fiscal cost is denoted by "Increase" or a positive number. Fiscal savings are denoted by "Decrease" or a negative number. A revenue increase is denoted by "Increase" or a positive number. A revenue decrease is denoted by "Decrease" or a negative number.

Retirement System Fiscal Cost: Table A

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EXPENDITURES	2018-19	2019-2020		2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-23	5 Year Total
State General Fund	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Agy Self Generated	0	0		0	0	0	0
Stat Deds/Other	0	0		0	0	0	0
Federal Funds	0	0		0	0	0	0
Local Funds	0	 0		0	0	0	0
Annual Total	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0

REVENUES	2018-19	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-23	5 Year Total
State General Fund	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Agy Self Generated	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stat Deds/Other	0	0	0	0	0	0
Federal Funds	0	0	0	0	0	0
Local Funds	0	0	0	0	0	0
Annual Total	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0

HB 9 has no effect on retirement related fiscal costs and revenues during the five year measurement period.

# B. Estimated Fiscal Impact – OPEB (Prepared by the LLA)

#### 1. Narrative

Table B shows the estimated fiscal impact of HB 9 on actuarial costs or savings associated with OPEB and the government entities that sponsor these benefit programs. Fiscal costs or savings in Table B include administrative costs associated with the government entity sponsoring the OPEB program. A fiscal cost is denoted by "Increase" or a positive number. Fiscal savings are denoted by "Decrease" or a negative number. A revenue increase is denoted by "Increase" or a positive number. A revenue decrease is denoted by "Decrease" or a negative number.

**OPEB Fiscal Cost: Table B** 

EXPENDITURES	20	018-19	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-23	5 Year Total
State General Fund	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Agy Self Generated		0	0	0	0	0	0
Stat Deds/Other		0	0	0	0	0	0
Federal Funds		0	0	0	0	0	0
Local Funds		0	0	 0	 0	0	 0
Annual Total	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0

REVENUES	2018-19	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-23	5 Year Total
State General Fund	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Agy Self Generated	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stat Deds/Other	0	0	0	0	0	0
Federal Funds	0	0	0	0	0	0
Local Funds	0	0	0	0	0	0
Annual Total	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0

HB 9 has no effect on OPEB related fiscal costs and revenues during the five-year measurement period.

# C. <u>Estimated Fiscal Impact: Other Government Entities (unrelated to the retirement systems or OPEB)</u> (Prepared by Bradley Cryer, Assistant Legislative Auditor.)

# 1. Narrative

From time to time, legislation is proposed that has an indirect effect on cash flows associated with other government entities, unrelated to the retirement systems or OPEB. Table C shows the estimated fiscal impact of HB 9 on such government entities. A fiscal cost is denoted by "Increase" or a positive number. Fiscal savings are denoted by "Decrease" or a negative number.

Fiscal Costs for Other Government Entities: Table C

EXPENDITURES	2018-19	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-23	5 Year Total
State General Fund	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Agy Self Generated	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stat Deds/Other	0	0	0	0	0	0
Federal Funds	0	0	0	0	0	0
Local Funds	0	 0	 0	0	0	0
Annual Total	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0

REVENUES	2018-19	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-23	5 Year Total
State General Fund	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Agy Self Generated	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stat Deds/Other	0	0	0	0	0	0
Federal Funds	0	0	0	0	0	0
Local Funds	0	 0	 0	0	0	 0
Annual Total	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0

HB 9 will have the following effects on fiscal costs and revenues related to other government entities during the five year measurement period.

### 2. Expenditures:

This bill is not expected to have a fiscal impact.

#### 3. Revenues:

This bill is not expected to have a fiscal impact.

# D. <u>Estimated Fiscal Impact – All Retirement Systems, OPEB, and All Government Entities</u> (Prepared by the LLA)

#### 1. Narrative

Table D shows the estimated fiscal impact of HB 9 on all government entities within the state of Louisiana. Cell values in Table D are the sum of the respective cell values in Table A, Table B, and Table C. A fiscal cost is denoted by "Increase" or a positive number. Fiscal savings are denoted by "Decrease" or a negative number. A revenue increase is denoted by "Increase" or a positive number. A revenue decrease is denoted by "Decrease" or a negative number.

Total Fiscal Cost: Table D (Cumulative Costs from Tables A, B, & C)

EXPENDITURES	2018-19	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-23	5 Year Total
State General Fund	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Agy Self Generated	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stat Deds/Other	0	0	0	0	0	0
Federal Funds	0	0	0	0	0	0
Local Funds	0	0	0	0	0	0
Annual Total	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 5 0	\$ 0	\$ 0

REVENUES	2018-19	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-23	5 Year Total
State General Fund	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Agy Self Generated	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stat Deds/Other	0	0	0	0	0	0
Federal Funds	0	0	0	0	0	0
Local Funds	0	 0	 0	 0	0	 0
Annual Total	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0

# **Credentials of the Signatory Staff:**

Paul T. Richmond is the Manager of Actuarial Services for the Louisiana Legislative Auditor. He is an Enrolled Actuary, a member of the American Academy of Actuaries, a member of the Society of Actuaries and has met the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries necessary to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Bradley Cryer, Assistant Legislative Auditor has supervised the preparation of the fiscal analyses contained herein.

#### Information Pertaining to Article (10)(29(F) of the Louisiana Constitution HB 9 contains a retirement system benefit provision having an actuarial cost. No member of the Firefighters' Retirement System will receive a larger benefit with the enactment of HB 9 than what he would have received without HB 9. **Dual Referral Relative to Total Fiscal Costs or Total Cash Flows:** The information presented below is based on information contained in Table D for the first three years following the 2018 regular session. **Senate House** 13.5.1 Applies to Senate or House Instruments. 6.8F Applies to Senate or House Instruments. If an annual fiscal cost $\geq$ \$100,000, then bill is If an annual General Fund fiscal cost $\geq$ dual referred to: \$100,000, then the bill is dual referred to: **Dual Referral: Senate Finance Dual Referral to Appropriations** 13.5.2 6.8G Applies to Senate or House Instruments. Applies to Senate Instruments only. If an annual tax or fee change $\geq$ \$500,000, If a net fee decrease occurs or if an increase in then the bill is dual referred to: annual fees and taxes $\geq$ \$500,000, then the bill is dual referred to:

**Dual Referral: Revenue and Fiscal Affairs** 

**Dual Referral: Ways and Means**