
HOUSE COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS

2018 Regular Session

Substitute for Original House Bill No. 575 by Representative Norton as proposed by the House Committee on Education

This document reflects the content of a substitute bill but is not in a bill form; page numbers in this document DO NOT correspond to page numbers in the substitute bill itself.

To enact R.S. 17:280.1 and 3399.16, relative to instruction in school safety in public schools and public postsecondary education institutions; to permit school and campus security officers to provide information to students regarding potential threats to public safety exhibited through online content; to provide for elements to be included in such instruction; to provide a process for students to report online content deemed potentially dangerous; to provide for confidentiality of personal information about students who report such matters; and to provide for related matters.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:

Section 1. This Act shall be known as and may be cited as the "Louisiana We Must Save Our Children Act".

Section 2. R.S. 17:280.1 and 3399.16 are hereby enacted to read as follows:

§280.1. Safety education; recognition and reporting of potential threats to safety

A. Each public school, in consultation with local law enforcement agencies, shall develop and distribute age and grade appropriate information to each student in grades nine through twelve regarding internet and cell phone safety and online content that is a potential threat to school safety. Such information shall include how to recognize and report potential threats to school safety that are posted on the internet, including but not limited to posts on social media.

B. The information shall include the following:

(1) Instruction on how to detect potential threats to school safety exhibited online, including on any social media platform.

(2) Visual examples of possible threats.

(3) The reporting process, as provided in Subsection C of this Section.

C. Public school administrators shall develop procedures for reporting potential threats to school safety. The school shall develop forms which shall be used either by students reporting or by school officials memorializing a conversation about the potential threat. A student reporting online content pursuant to this Subsection may complete the form or provide the information by anonymous call and provide the following information:

- (1) School of attendance.
- (2) Information about the incident being reported including but not limited to:
 - (a) Name of student, individual, or group who posted potentially dangerous content.
 - (b) Date and time the post or website was viewed.
 - (c) Social media outlet or website on which content was posted.
 - (d) Type of threat to school safety that the content indicates.
- (3) A student reporting such a threat may submit photographic evidence of the online content. Such evidence may include any of the following:
 - (a) A printed screenshot of the post and presenting hard copy.
 - (b) Evidence of the post on a cell phone, tablet, or laptop computer.
 - (4) A student in a grade below nine may report online content that he suspects is potentially dangerous.
- (5) Personal information a student who reports such a threat shall be kept confidential.
- (6) For every threat reported, a school administrator shall record, on the form provided by this Subsection, the action taken by the school.

D. If information presented to a school pursuant to Subsection C of this Section is deemed a potential threat to school safety, the school shall present the form and evidence to local law enforcement agencies. If the information poses an immediate threat, school administrators shall follow procedures provided in R.S. 17:416.16.

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§3399.16. Safety education; recognition and reporting of potential threats to safety

A. The campus security officers of each institution, in consultation with local law enforcement agencies, shall develop and distribute information to students on the campus regarding internet and cell phone safety and online content that is a potential threat to school safety. Such information shall include how to recognize and report potential threats to school safety that are posted on the internet including but not limited to posts on social media.

B. The information shall include the following:

(1) Instruction on how to detect potential threats to school safety exhibited online, including on any social media platform.

(2) Visual examples of possible threats.

(3) The reporting process, as provided in Subsection C of this Section.

C. Institution administrators shall develop procedures for reporting potential threats to school safety. The school shall develop forms which shall be used either by students reporting or by campus officials memorializing a conversation about the potential threat. A student reporting online content pursuant to this Subsection may complete the form or provide the information by anonymous call and provide the following information:

(1) School of attendance.

(2) Information about the incident being reported including but not limited to:

(a) Name of student, individual, or group who posted potentially dangerous content.

(b) Date and time the post or website was viewed.

(c) Social media outlet or website on which content was viewed.

(d) Type of threat to campus safety that the content indicates.

(3) A student reporting such a threat may submit photographic evidence of the online content. Such evidence may include any of the following:

(a) A printed screenshot of the post and presenting hard copy.

(b) Evidence of the post on a cell phone, tablet, or laptop computer.

(4) Personal information about a student who reports such a threat shall be kept confidential.

(5) For every threat reported, an administrator shall record, on the form provided for by this Subsection, the action taken by the institution.

D. If information presented to a campus security officer on a form submitted pursuant to Subsection C of this Section is deemed a potential threat to school safety or public safety, the campus security officer shall present the form and evidence to local law enforcement agencies or campus police.

E. Each institution shall adopt a policy for implementation for this Section.

DIGEST

The digest printed below was prepared by House Legislative Services. It constitutes no part of the legislative instrument. The keyword, one-liner, abstract, and digest do not constitute part of the law or proof or indicia of legislative intent. [R.S. 1:13(B) and 24:177(E)]

HB Draft

2018 Regular Session

Abstract: Provides relative to guidelines and instruction in public schools and public postsecondary education institutions on potential threats to school safety and reporting of such threats.

Proposed law requires public schools and public postsecondary education institutions to offer information on recognizing and reporting potential threats to school safety that are posted on the internet. School and campus security officers or other persons deemed appropriate by the schools, in consultation with local law enforcement agencies, shall develop age and grade appropriate curriculum for students in grades nine and above.

Proposed law requires school officials and campus security officers to address the following, at a minimum, in the information distributed:

- (1) The ability to detect potential online threats to school safety.
- (2) The reporting system at the school or campus.

Proposed law requires school officials and campus security officers to further report online content to local law enforcement agencies, when it is deemed potentially dangerous. If content poses immediate threat at a public school, school administrators shall follow procedures provided by present law regarding school crisis management.

(Adds R.S. 17:280.1 and 3399.16)