
DIGEST

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CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT DIGEST

HB 755

2018 Regular Session

Dustin Miller

Keyword and oneliner of the instrument as it left the House

SCHOOLS: Authorizes each public and nonpublic school governing authority to adopt a policy relative to the supply and administration of naloxone and other opioid antagonists

Report adopts Senate amendments to:

1. Require general training on administration of opioid antagonists, including training on emergency administration, instead of requiring that training be both general and child-specific.

Report rejects Senate amendments which would have:

1. Removed inclusion of school nurses among those school employees for whom training is required.

Report amends the bill to:

1. Explicitly except school nurses from training requirement.
2. Add that instruction provided pursuant to present law relative to substance abuse prevention and education include the information that mixing opioids and alcohol can cause accidental death.

Digest of the bill as proposed by the Conference Committee

Present law requires alcohol, tobacco, drug, and substance abuse prevention and education to be taught at all elementary and secondary schools. Proposed law requires that any instruction provided pursuant to present law include the information that mixing opioids and alcohol can cause accidental death.

Present law provides for requirements and restrictions relative to the administration of medication to students. Proposed law authorizes the governing authority of each public and nonpublic

elementary and secondary school to adopt a policy authorizing a school to maintain a supply of naloxone or any other opioid antagonist and authorizing a school nurse or other school employee to administer naloxone or other opioid antagonist to any student or other person on school grounds in the event of an actual or perceived opioid emergency. Provides that such a policy shall require that school employees other than school nurses receive at least six hours of general training, including training on emergency administration, from a registered nurse or a licensed medical physician prior to being authorized to perform such administration. Provides that a school governing authority that does not adopt such a policy shall not be subject to civil liability for failing to authorize such supply or administration.

(Amends R.S. 17:154(A); Adds R.S. 17:436.1(M))