

ACT No. 265

2018 Regular Session

HOUSE BILL NO. 125

BY REPRESENTATIVE JEFFERSON

(On Recommendation of the Louisiana State Law Institute)

1 AN ACT

2 To amend and reenact Civil Code Articles 103(5), 112, 113, 114, and 115, and to repeal
3 Civil Code Article 118, relative to marriage; to provide for grounds for divorce; to
4 provide for interim spousal support; to provide for final periodic support; to provide
5 for modification of support; to provide for extinguishment of support; and to provide
6 for related matters.

7 Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:

8 Section 1. Civil Code Articles 103(5), 112, 113, 114, and 115 are hereby amended
9 and reenacted to read as follows:

10 Art. 103. Judgment of divorce; other grounds

11 Except in the case of a covenant marriage, a divorce shall be granted on the
12 petition of a spouse upon proof that:

13 * * *

14 (5) After a contradictory hearing or consent decree, a protective order or an
15 injunction was issued during the marriage, ~~in accordance with law~~, against the other
16 spouse to protect the spouse seeking the divorce or a child of one of the spouses from
17 abuse.

18 Revision Comments - 2018

19 The protective order referenced in Subparagraph (5) of this Article may be
20 either a criminal or civil protective order. See, e.g., R.S. 14:40.2, R.S. 46:2136, and
21 Children's Code Articles 618 and 1570.

22 * * *

1 Art. 112. Determination of final periodic support

2 A. When a spouse has not been at fault prior to the filing of a petition for
 3 divorce and is in need of support, based on the needs of that party and the ability of
 4 the other party to pay, that spouse may be awarded final periodic support in
 5 accordance with Paragraph ~~C~~ B of this Article.

6 ~~B. When a spouse has not been at fault prior to the filing of a petition for
 7 divorce and the court determines that party was the victim of domestic abuse
 8 committed during the marriage by the other party, that spouse shall be awarded final
 9 periodic support or a lump sum award, at the discretion of the court, in accordance
 10 with Paragraph C of this Article.~~

11 ~~C.~~ The court shall consider all relevant factors in determining the amount
 12 and duration of final support, including:

13 (1) The income and means of the parties, including the liquidity of such
 14 means.

15 (2) The financial obligations of the parties, including any interim allowance
 16 or final child support obligation.

17 (3) The earning capacity of the parties.

18 (4) The effect of custody of children upon a party's earning capacity.

19 (5) The time necessary for the claimant to acquire appropriate education,
 20 training, or employment.

21 (6) The health and age of the parties.

22 (7) The duration of the marriage.

23 (8) The tax consequences to either or both parties.

24 (9) The existence, effect, and duration of any act of domestic abuse
 25 committed by the other spouse upon the claimant or a child of one of the spouses,
 26 regardless of whether the other spouse was prosecuted for the act of domestic
 27 violence.

28 C. When a spouse is awarded a judgment of divorce pursuant to Article
 29 103(2), (3), (4), or (5), or when the court determines that a party or a child of one of

1 the spouses was the victim of domestic abuse committed by the other party during
 2 the marriage, that spouse is presumed to be entitled to final periodic support.

3 D. The sum awarded under this Article shall not exceed one-third of the
 4 obligor's net income; ~~however, where.~~ Nevertheless, when support is awarded
 5 ~~pursuant to Paragraph B of this Article~~ after a judgment of divorce is rendered
 6 pursuant to Article 103(4) or (5), or when the court determines that a party or a child
 7 of one of the spouses was the victim of domestic abuse committed by the other party
 8 during the marriage, the sum awarded may exceed one-third of the obligor's net
 9 income and may be awarded as a lump sum.

10 Revision Comments - 2018

11 (a) The 2018 revision is intended to clarify the relevance of need, ability to
 12 pay, and pre-filing fault to spousal support in the domestic violence and fault-based
 13 divorce context. Victims of domestic violence and others who obtain fault-based
 14 divorces benefit from a presumption of entitlement to final periodic support, but that
 15 presumption may be overcome by evidence regarding need, ability to pay, or
 16 pre-filing fault. Likewise, the court remains obligated to consider the factors set out
 17 in Paragraph B of this Article in determining whether support is appropriate when
 18 the claimant has obtained a fault-based divorce or is a victim of domestic violence.

19 (b) The burden shifting mechanism articulated in this Article was developed
 20 by the Louisiana Supreme Court in *Lagars v. Lagars*, 491 So. 2d 5 (La. 1986), in the
 21 adultery context. Here, it is explicitly made applicable when a judgment of divorce
 22 is rendered on other fault-based grounds.

23 (c) The court is required to consider the existence, effect, and duration of
 24 acts of domestic violence in making the spousal support evaluation under both
 25 Paragraph B of this Article and R.S. 9:327 (regarding the effect of criminal
 26 convictions for domestic violence). Further, the Louisiana jurisprudence has
 27 indicated that in evaluating fault in the spousal support context, justifiable responsive
 28 behavior may not rise to the level of fault that precludes a spouse from receiving
 29 final periodic support. See, e.g., *Bourg v. Bourg*, 701 So. 2d 1378 (La. App. 1 Cir.
 30 1997) (fault must be a proximate cause of the dissolution of the marriage, rather than
 31 a "justifiable response to initial fault"). In the domestic violence context in
 32 particular, the court should consider the potentially responsive nature of a victim's
 33 actions.

34 Art. 113. Interim spousal support ~~allowance pending final spousal support award~~

35 A. Upon motion of a party ~~or when a demand for final spousal support is~~
 36 ~~pending,~~ the court may award a party ~~an~~ interim spousal support ~~allowance~~ based on
 37 the needs of that party, the ability of the other party to pay, any interim ~~allowance~~
 38 or final child support obligation, and the standard of living of the parties during the
 39 marriage, ~~which.~~ An award of interim spousal support ~~allowance~~ shall terminate
 40 upon one hundred eighty days from the rendition of a judgment of divorce, except

1 Revision Comments - 2018

2 The 2018 revision makes it clear that awards of both interim spousal support
3 and final periodic support are modifiable in accordance with the modification
4 standards provided by law.

5 Art. 115. Extinguishment of ~~spousal~~ support obligation

6 The obligation of ~~spousal~~ interim spousal support or final periodic support
7 is extinguished upon the remarriage of the obligee, the death of either party, or a
8 judicial determination that the obligee has cohabited with another person of either
9 sex in the manner of married persons.

10 Revision Comments - 2018

11 The 2018 revision is not intended to change the law. The language of this
12 Article has always been broad enough to cover awards of both interim spousal
13 support and final periodic support. This revision simply makes the domain of the
14 Article more clear.

15 Section 2. Civil Code Article 118 is hereby repealed in its entirety.

SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE

GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF LOUISIANA

APPROVED: _____