DIGEST

The digest printed below was prepared by House Legislative Services. It constitutes no part of the legislative instrument. The keyword, one-liner, abstract, and digest do not constitute part of the law or proof or indicia of legislative intent. [R.S. 1:13(B) and 24:177(E)]

HB 13 Engrossed

2018 Second Extraordinary Session

Jackson

Abstract: Extends the sunset date for various reductions in corporate income tax exclusions and deductions from June 30, 2018 to June 30, 2023.

<u>Previous Act of the legislature</u> (Act No. 123 of 2015 R.S.) temporarily reduced certain allowable exclusions and deductions from corporate income tax. <u>Present law</u> provides that those exclusions and deductions return to their former rates effective July 1, 2018.

<u>Proposed law</u> extends the sunset date of the 2015 reductions <u>from</u> June 30, 2018 <u>to</u> June 30, 2023 for the following:

- (1) Exclusion of funds received by a corporation from a governmental entity to subsidize the operation and maintenance of a public transportation system; 72% exclusion is retained through June 30, 2023. (R.S. 47:51)
- (2) Deduction of net operating loss of a corporation; 72% deduction is retained through June 30, 2023. (R.S. 47:246)
- (3) Exclusion of funds received from a governmental entity to subsidize the operation and maintenance of a public transportation system; 72% deduction is retained through June 30, 2023. (R.S. 47:287.71)
- (4) Deduction of various corporate expenses that are not allowed as deductions by I.R.C. Section 280C; 72% deduction is retained through June 30, 2023. (R.S. 47:287.73)
- (5) Deduction of net operating loss incurred in La.; 72% deduction is retained through June 30, 2023. (R.S. 47:287.86)
- (6) Deduction of an amount equal to interest and dividend income included on the federal income tax return; 72% deduction is retained through June 30, 2023. (R.S. 47:287.738)
- (7) Exemption from corporation income and franchise taxes for certain La. Community Development Institutions; a four-year exemption is retained through June 30, 2023. (R.S. 51:3092)

<u>Present law</u> provides that the allowance for depletion for oil and gas wells is 15.8% of the gross income from the property during the taxable year. <u>Proposed law</u> changes that rate <u>from</u> 15.8% to

16%. Present law, effective now, provides that 80% of rents or royalties paid by the taxpayer are excluded from income in calculating the depletion and that this allowance shall not exceed 36% of the net income of the taxpayer. Present law, effective July 1, 2018, provides that: the depletion allowance is 22%; 100% of rents or royalties paid by the taxpayer are excluded from income; and this allowance shall not exceed 50% of the net income of the taxpayer. Proposed law changes present law by extending the sunset date on the present law rates through June 20, 2023. (R.S. 47:158(C))

<u>Proposed law</u>, relative to the allowance for depletion for certain mines, changes the rate for coal mines <u>from</u> 3.6% <u>to</u> 4%; for metal mines <u>from</u> 10.8% <u>to</u> 11%; and for sulphur mines <u>from</u> 15.8% <u>to</u> 16%. <u>Present law</u>, effective now, provides that 72% of rents or royalties paid by the taxpayer are excluded from income in calculating the depletion and that this allowance shall not exceed 36% of the net income of the taxpayer. <u>Present law</u>, effective July 1, 2018, provides that: the depletion allowances are 5% for coal mines, 15% for metal mines, and 23% for sulphur mines; 100% of rents or royalties paid by the taxpayer are excluded from income; and this allowance shall not exceed 50% of the net income of the taxpayer. <u>Proposed law</u> changes <u>present law</u> by extending the sunset date on the present law rates through June 20, 2023. (R.S. 47:158(D))

Present law provides that the deduction from gross income tax for depletion for oil and gas wells is 15.8% of the gross income from the property during the taxable year. Proposed law changes that rate from 15.8% to 16%. Present law, effective now, provides that 72% of rents or royalties paid by the taxpayer are excluded from income in calculating the depletion and that this allowance shall not exceed 36% of the net income of the taxpayer. Present law, effective July 1, 2018, provides that: the depletion deduction is 22%; 100% of rents or royalties paid by the taxpayer are excluded from income; and that this allowance shall not exceed 50% of the net income of the taxpayer. Proposed law changes present law by extending the sunset date on the present law rates through June 20, 2023. (R.S. 47:287.745(B))

<u>Proposed law</u> relative to the increase in depletion rates shall be applicable to taxable periods beginning on and after Jan. 1, 2018.

Effective upon signature of governor or lapse of time for gubernatorial action.

(Amends R.S. 47:158(C) and (D), 287.73(C)(4), and 287.745(B) and §6 of Act No. 123 of 2015 R.S.)

Summary of Amendments Adopted by House

The Committee Amendments Proposed by <u>House Committee on Ways and Means</u> to the <u>original</u> bill:

- 1. Delete provisions making the reduction in the amount of the tax credit permanent.
- 2. Continue effectiveness of the reduction in the amount of certain corporate income tax deductions and exclusions through June 30, 2023.