

birth.

Proposed law provides that whoever violates the provisions of proposed law is to be prosecuted pursuant to the effective provisions of present law relative to criminal abortion and is to be fined up to \$1,000 per incidence or occurrence, or imprisoned for up to two years, or both, in accordance with the penalties contained in present law relative to unlawful abortion.

Proposed law provides that, in addition to any other grounds provided by law, it will be grounds for the nonissuance, suspension, revocation, or restriction of a license, or the denial of reinstatement or renewal of a license, issued by the Louisiana State Board of Medical Examiners, that the applicant or licensee has performed an abortion in violation of proposed law.

Proposed law provides that proposed law cannot be construed to repeal any other provision of present law that restricts or regulates the performance of an abortion by a particular method or during a particular stage of a pregnancy.

Proposed law provides that the provisions of proposed law are repealed in favor of the provisions of present law banning all elective abortions immediately upon and to the extent that either:

- (1) A decision of the U.S. Supreme Court upholds the authority of each of the several states of the United States or Louisiana to prohibit elective abortions.
- (2) An amendment to the U.S. Constitution is adopted that restores to each of the several states of the United States or to Louisiana the authority to prohibit elective abortions.

Effective upon signature of the governor or lapse of time for gubernatorial action.

(Adds R.S. 40:1061.1.3)