DIGEST

The digest printed below was prepared by House Legislative Services. It constitutes no part of the legislative instrument. The keyword, one-liner, abstract, and digest do not constitute part of the law or proof or indicia of legislative intent. [R.S. 1:13(B) and 24:177(E)]

HB 702 Original	2020 Regular Session	Bagley
IID 702 Oliginal	2020 Regular Session	Dagicy

Abstract: Provides for physician assistants who oversee the duties of a licensed practical nurse and for physician assistants to collaborate with physicians.

<u>Present law</u> provides that a licensed practical nurse shall administer their job duties under the direction of a licensed physician, optometrist, or dentist acting individually or in his capacity as a member of the medical staff or registered nurse.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and adds physician assistant as an individual who may provide direction to a licensed practical nurse to perform their necessary duties.

<u>Present law</u> provides that physician assistants are healthcare professionals licensed by the La. State Board of Medical Examiners (board) to provide healthcare services at the direction and supervision of a physician or a group of physicians approved by the board as a supervising physician.

<u>Proposed law</u> modifies <u>present law</u> and adds that physician assistants provide health services in a collaboration with a physician or a group of physicians approved by the board.

<u>Present law</u> provides that <u>present law's</u> intent is to encourage and permit the utilization of physician assistants by physicians and assist in the development of the physician assistant profession and allow for innovative developments of programs for the education of physician assistants. Further provides that <u>present law</u> is created to provide a system of licensing physician assistants and regulate their relationship with supervising physicians to ensure high quality service is delivered to patients.

<u>Proposed law</u> deletes references to supervising physicians; otherwise retains <u>present law</u> and adds that physicians shall collaborate with physician assistants to help with the development of the physician assistant profession and assuring a high quality of service is delivered to patients.

Present law defines physician as a person who is licensed to practice medicine in this state.

<u>Proposed law</u> changes <u>present law</u> and defines physician or collaborating physician as a person who is licensed to practice medicine in this state and who has been approved by the board to collaborate with a physician assistant or group of physicians.

<u>Present law</u> defines physician assistant as a health professional qualified by academic and clinical education and licensed by the board to provide healthcare services at the direction and supervision of a physician or group of physicians who are approved by the board as a supervising physician.

<u>Proposed law</u> modifies <u>present law</u> to provide that the physician assistant shall furnish healthcare services in a collaboration with a physician or group of physicians approved by the board.

<u>Present law</u> defines supervision to mean responsible direction and control with the supervising physician assuming legal liability for the services rendered by the physician assistant in the course and scope of the physician's employment. Further provides that the supervising physician and physician assistant shall be in contact with each other to provide informed concurrence of the action of a physician assistant. The level of supervision shall be at the physician and physician assistant level and shall be documented and reviewed annually to reflect the acuity of the patient care and nature of the procedure.

<u>Proposed law</u> deletes <u>present law</u> and defines collaboration to mean the physician assistant shall consult with the collaborating physician, or refer to the appropriate physician or healthcare profession in consideration of the patient's condition, the education, competencies and experience of the physician assistant, and the appropriate standard of care. Further provides that the physician and physician assistant shall be in contact with each other at all times. <u>Proposed law</u> also provides that the collaboration between the physician and physician assistant shall be documented and reviewed annually.

<u>Present law</u> provides for the powers and duties of the board to make rules and regulations pertaining to the approval and regulation of physician assistants and the approval and regulation of physicians applying to become supervising physicians.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and adds that the board shall regulate those physicians applying to collaborate with physician assistants.

<u>Present law</u> provides that the board shall have the authority to approve or reject an application by a licensed physician or physicians to act as a supervising physician. Further provides that the board shall make and enforce orders, rules, and regulations for physician assistant licenses and for the revocation or suspension of approving supervising physicians.

<u>Proposed law</u> changes <u>present law</u> and adds that the board shall have authority to approve or reject an application by a licensed physician or physicians to collaborate with a physician and enforce orders, rules, and regulation of approving a physician assistant license and for the revocation and suspension of physicians.

<u>Present law</u> provides that a supervising physician may be the primarily supervising physician for up to eight physician assistants. Further provides that a physician assistant may be employed by a group practice, partnership of physicians, or a professional medical corporation authorized by <u>present law</u> as long as physician assistants are supervised by a physician.

<u>Proposed law</u> deletes references to supervising physicians; otherwise retains <u>present law</u> and adds that a physician may collaborate with a physician assistant and may do so for up to eight physician assistants. Further provides that the physician assistants shall be collaborating with a board approved collaborating physician.

<u>Present law</u> provides that supervision of a physician assistant shall be continuous but does not require the physical presence of the physician at all times.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and changes supervision of a physician to collaboration with a physician assistant.

<u>Present law</u> provides for qualifications and registration by the board to be a supervising physician of a physician assistant.

<u>Proposed law</u> changes <u>present law</u> and adds that the qualifications and registration by the board are required to collaborate with a physician assistant.

<u>Present law</u> provides that a physician assistant shall notify the board of any change in or additions to his supervising physicians within 15 days of the date of such change or addition.

<u>Proposed law</u> changes <u>present law</u> and adds that any change or additions shall be those of the collaborating physicians.

<u>Present law</u> provides that a physician assistant performs medical services and may prescribe, order, and administer drugs under the supervision of a supervising physician. Further provides that the level of supervision shall be at the physician and physician assistant level. <u>Proposed law</u> also provides that the physician assistant may provide medication-assisted treatment authorized by the United States Department of Health and Human Services and the supervising physician shall authorize in compliance with federal law.

<u>Proposed law</u> deletes references to supervising physicians; otherwise retains <u>present law</u> and adds that the physician assistant shall perform such medical services pursuant to <u>present law</u> in collaboration with the physician. Further provides that the collaborating physician shall authorize the physician assistant to provide medication-assisted treatment in compliance with federal law.

<u>Present law</u> provides that a physician supervised by a physician or healthcare organization, shall be supervised by and be the legal responsibility of the supervising physician or healthcare organization.

<u>Proposed law</u> deletes <u>present law</u> and provides that the legal responsibility for the physician assistants patient care activities, including care and treatment that is provided in healthcare facilities, shall be that of the physician assistant. Further provides that a physician assistant shall not represent that he is qualified to provide medical or surgical care that he knows or reasonable believes is not with his scope of care or prohibited by law.

(Amends R.S. 37:961(4), 1360.21(B) and (D), 1360.22(4), (5), and (8), 1360.23(A), (C), (D), and (G), 1360.28(A) and (B)(intro. para.) and (3), 1360.29(A)(intro. para.), (2)-(4), and (B), 1360.30(B), 1360.31(A), (B), (C)(1), (2)(a)(iii) and (iv), (4) and (D), and 1360.32; Repeals R.S. 37:1360.22(7), 1360.23(I), and 1360.24(C) and (D))