

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL OFFICE
Fiscal Note



Fiscal Note On: **SB 334** SLS 20RS 583
 Bill Text Version: **ENGROSSED**
 Opp. Chamb. Action:
 Proposed Amd.:
 Sub. Bill For.:

Date: May 15, 2020	10:17 AM	Author: ALLAIN
Dept./Agy.: LA Dept. of Revenue		Analyst: Zachary Rau
Subject: LDR Funding, Penalty Amounts, Dispositions of Penalties		

REVENUE DEPARTMENT EG SEE FISC NOTE GF RV See Note Page 1 of 2
 Provides for the funding of the operations of the Department of Revenue. (2/3 - CA7s2.1(A)) (7/1/20)

Proposed law retains present law's maximum penalty of 25% of the tax for combined failure to file and/or pay, but inserts provisions for a penalty of 0.5% per month when a taxpayer pays the amount shown on the face of the return, but not the full amount required. Proposed law further allows for additional 0.5% penalties on the amount owed may be levied if the tax is left unpaid for 30 days, and allows for additional penalties after every 30 day period. Proposed law amends penalty waiver provisions. Proposed law increases penalties for false/fraudulent returns by 25%, from 50% of the tax due to 75%. Proposed law amends negligence penalties, decreasing penalties for large tax deficiencies by 10%, from 20% of the deficiency owed to 10%. Proposed law creates a new "willful disregard penalty" of 40% of the tax deficiency owed, including the presumption of willful disregard in any case where a taxpayer fails to timely remit tax withheld or collected. Proposed law dedicates 1% of all individual income, sales, and corporate income/franchise taxes to the Dept. of Revenue, less dedications. Proposed law dedicates all penalties less those in RS 47:1602.1, 1602.4, 1605, and 1606 to the State General Fund. Proposed law sets interest accruals on certain credits and refunds at three percentage points above the judicial rate. Proposed law suspends interest accruals on refunds when they are delayed due to taxpayers' failure to submit required information. Effective July 1, 2020.

EXPENDITURES	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25	5 -YEAR TOTAL
State Gen. Fd.	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Agy. Self-Gen.	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Ded./Other	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Federal Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Local Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Annual Total	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

REVENUES	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25	5 -YEAR TOTAL
State Gen. Fd.	SEE BELOW	SEE BELOW	SEE BELOW	SEE BELOW	SEE BELOW	
Agy. Self-Gen.	SEE BELOW	SEE BELOW	SEE BELOW	SEE BELOW	SEE BELOW	
Ded./Other	SEE BELOW	SEE BELOW	SEE BELOW	SEE BELOW	SEE BELOW	
Federal Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Local Funds	SEE BELOW	SEE BELOW	SEE BELOW	SEE BELOW	SEE BELOW	
Annual Total						

EXPENDITURE EXPLANATION

The LA Dept. of Revenue anticipates a one-time expenditure of \$103,000 in FY 20 associated with computer system development, modification, and testing to comply with proposed law's effective date of 7/1/2020.

REVENUE EXPLANATION

Proposed law will have an indeterminable net effect on SGF revenues and SGR collections for the LA Dept. of Revenue (LDR) beginning in FY 21 and subsequent fiscal years. Furthermore, provisions revising interest accruals on refunds and credits will decrease statutorily dedicated/restricted funds and local revenues by an indeterminable amount beginning in FY 21 (see narratives below).

I - Revisions to Penalties and Fees

The aggregate revenue effect of revisions to the Late Payment Penalty, Negligence Penalty, and Fraud Penalty is indeterminable in the aggregate, though any increase or decrease in revenues would accrue to the SGF rather than the SGR as a result of this measure (See Section III below). Revenue from these sources totaled \$39.7 M (\$25.4 M - Late Payment Penalty, \$11.9 - Basic Negligence Penalty, \$2.4 M - Understatement Penalty) in FY 19. To the extent willful disregard is assumed in all cases of the negligence penalty and the 40% penalty is assessed, the SGF would receive indeterminable additional collections in FY 21 and subsequent fiscal years. Furthermore, based on FY 19 collections of the Fraud Penalty (\$118,000), increasing the fraud penalty by 25%, from 50% to 75%, would increase revenues by an estimated \$59,000.

II - Dedication of SGF Revenues from Sales, Individual Income, Corporate Income/Franchise to LDR Self-Generated

Proposed law dedicates 1% of SGF revenue collections from the sales, individual income, and corporate income/franchise taxes less dedications to LDR beginning on July 1, 2020. This would decrease SGF collections and increase LDR's SGR collections by an indeterminable amount. Based upon the REC forecast adopted in May 2020, this would result in LDR receiving revenues in the following amounts by fiscal year: FY 21 - \$72.1 M; FY 22 - \$74.7 M; FY 23 - \$80.7 M, FY 24 - \$86.6 M. However, the exact amount of revenue being dedicated to LDR in a given year is dependent upon forecasted revenues for the aforementioned lines of taxation and will vary annually, especially with regard to corporate collections. Repeated material adjustments to forecasts are possible for the foreseeable future.

III - Dedication of LDR Self-Generated Revenue from Penalties to SGF

Proposed law reclassifies all penalty revenue except those collected pursuant to LA R.S. 47:1602.1, 1604.2, 1605, and 1606 from LDR SGR to SGF beginning on July 1, 2020. Therefore, SGF revenues from this source will increase and SGR collections for the department will decrease by a like amount. LDR estimates that all penalties from this source totaled \$70 M in FY 19. However, SGF deposits from this source may vary from year-to-year and are dependent upon violations by taxpayers in a given fiscal year.

(Revenue Explanation cont. on Page 2)

<u>Senate</u>	<u>Dual Referral Rules</u>	<u>House</u>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 13.5.1 >= \$100,000 Annual Fiscal Cost {S & H}		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 6.8(F)(1) >= \$100,000 SGF Fiscal Cost {H & S}
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 13.5.2 >= \$500,000 Annual Tax or Fee Change {S & H}		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 6.8(G) >= \$500,000 Tax or Fee Increase or a Net Fee Decrease {S}

Gregory V. Albrecht
Chief Economist

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CONTINUED EXPLANATION from page one:
(Revenue Explanation cont. from Page 1)

IV - Revenue Loss Associated with Revisions to Interest on Refunds/Credits

Provisions of proposed law associated with interest on refunds and credits will decrease revenues for the SGF, restricted funds, and local revenues by the following estimated amounts in the aggregate: FY 21 - \$780,000; FY 22 - \$2.0 M; FY 23 - \$2.8 M; FY 24 - \$3.3 M; FY 25 - \$3.6 M. Proposed law increases interest paid on refunds and credits to three percentage points above the judicial rate. The aforementioned estimates are derived from using the FY 19 refund interest paid (\$6.6 M) and adding three percentage points to the rates paid in CY 18 and 19. For reference, the current judicial rate is 5.75%

V - Suspension of Interest Accruals on Refunds When Taxpayers Fail to Include Necessary Information

Provisions of proposed law suspending interest accruals on refunds when taxpayers fail to submit necessary information or documentation required by statute or regulation will result in an indeterminable SGF savings. However, because the number of taxpayers who will fail to submit required information is unknown, as well as the length of time the interest would accrue in the absence of the required information, the savings on accrued interest is presently indeterminable.

Senate Dual Referral Rules
 13.5.1 >= \$100,000 Annual Fiscal Cost {S & H}
 13.5.2 >= \$500,000 Annual Tax or Fee Change {S & H}

House
 6.8(F)(1) >= \$100,000 SGF Fiscal Cost {H & S}
 6.8(G) >= \$500,000 Tax or Fee Increase or a Net Fee Decrease {S}

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