

RÉSUMÉ DIGEST

ACT 64 (HB 67)

2020 Regular Session

Fontenot

Existing law defines battery of a police officer as a battery committed without the consent of the victim when the offender has reasonable grounds to believe the victim is a police officer acting in the performance of his duty.

Existing law provides for the following penalties for those who commit the offense:

- (1) A fine of not more than \$500 and imprisonment for not less than 15 days nor more than six months without benefit of suspension of sentence.
- (2) If the offender is incarcerated at the time of the commission of the offense - a fine of not more than \$1,000 and imprisonment with or without hard labor without benefit of parole, probation, or suspension of sentence for not less than one year nor more than five years. Present law further provides that such sentence shall be consecutive to any other sentence imposed for violation of the provisions of any state criminal law.
- (3) If the battery produces an injury that requires medical attention - a fine of not more than \$1,000, imprisonment with or without hard labor for not less than one year nor more than five years, or both. At least 30 days of the sentence imposed shall be served without benefit of parole, probation, or suspension of sentence.

New law retains existing law and adds the following penalties:

- (1) For a second or subsequent offense, the offender shall be fined not more than \$1,000 and be imprisoned with or without hard labor for not less than one nor more than three years. At least 15 days shall be served without benefit of parole, probation, or suspension of sentence.
- (2) If the battery produces an injury that requires medical attention and the offense is a second or subsequent offense, the offender shall be fined not more than \$2,000 and shall be imprisoned with or without hard labor for not less than two years nor more than five years. At least 60 days of the sentence imposed shall be served without benefit of parole, probation, or suspension of sentence.

Effective Aug. 1, 2020.

(Amends R.S. 14:34.2(B)(1) and (3))