The original instrument and the following digest, which constitutes no part of the legislative instrument, were prepared by Brandi Cannon.

DIGEST 2021 Regular Session

SB 218 Original

Fred Mills

<u>Present law</u> provides for the payment for prescription drugs, other products and supplies, and pharmacist services submitted by a pharmacist or pharmacy under a contract for the provision of covered benefits with a health insurance issuer.

<u>Present law</u> provides that health insurance issuers that limit the period of time that a pharmacist or pharmacy has to submit claims for payment shall have the same limited period of time following payment of the claims to reconsider the validity of the claims. <u>Proposed law</u> provides that the time period shall not exceed one year from the date a claim was adjudicated to perform any review, reconsideration, or any other audit of the claim.

<u>Present law</u> provides for the audit of pharmacy records and prohibits the conducting of an audit at a particular pharmacy more than one time annually. <u>Proposed law</u> also prohibits an audit for more than one hundred prescriptions annually.

<u>Present law</u> provides for the review of a pharmacy claim to determine if the claim is payable or paid correctly which may require the submission of prescription copies and other documentation related to the specific claim under review but shall not require the pharmacy to provide any additional information not related to the specific claim. <u>Proposed law</u> repeals <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides that the entity which conducts the initial audit shall give the pharmacy notice at least two weeks before conducting the initial audit except in cases of alleged fraud or willful misrepresentation when notice before the initial audit could impede the audit, review, or investigation. <u>Proposed law</u> adds the requirement for the auditor to provide a comprehensive list of claims by prescription number to be audited and removes the notice exception for cases of alleged fraud or willful misrepresentation.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that the auditor shall not receive payment nor be compensated based on the amount directly or indirectly recovered.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that the auditor shall provide notice of any investigation initiated based upon fraud to the division of insurance fraud of the Department of Insurance prior to auditing the pharmacy. <u>Proposed law</u> requires the commissioner of insurance to take appropriate enforcement action.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that no pharmacy benefit manager (PBM) or pharmacy services administration organization (PSAO) shall make or allow any direct or indirect reduction of payment to a pharmacist or pharmacy for a drug, device, or service under a reconciliation process to an effective rate of reimbursement.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that no PBM shall reimburse a pharmacy or pharmacist in this state an amount less than the amount that the PBM bills to the health plan provider for the same claim.

<u>Present law</u> provides that a PBM is prohibited from conducting or participating in spread pricing in this state unless written notice is provided to the policyholders. <u>Proposed law</u> removes the written notice exception and prohibits spread pricing.

<u>Present law</u> provides that a PBM has the duties of good faith, honesty, trust, confidence, and candor and provides for the standard for the fulfillment of the PBM's duties. <u>Proposed law</u> adds a fiduciary duty and provides for a PBM to notify a health insurance issuer in writing of any activity, policy, or practice of the PBM that directly or indirectly presents a conflict of interest.

<u>Present law</u> provides that a PBM may obtain and maintain a permit from the La. Board of Pharmacy if the PBM provides certain pharmacy services. <u>Proposed law</u> requires a PBM to obtain and maintain the permit.

<u>Present law</u> provides for certain prohibited acts or unfair and deceptive trade practices by PBMs. <u>Proposed law</u> adds the action of causing or knowingly permitting the use of any advertisement, promotion, solicitation, representation, proposal, or offer that is untrue, deceptive, or misleading.

<u>Proposed law</u> repeals the pharmacy benefit manager monitoring advisory council.

Effective upon signature of the governor or lapse of time for gubernatorial action.

(Amends R.S. 22:1856(B), 1856.1(B)(intro para), 1856.1(B)(2), (3), and (4)(a), (D)(1)(b), (E)(5), and (G), 1860.3(C) and (D), 1863(2), and 1867(A), R.S. 37:1256(B), and R.S. 40:2864, 2868(A)(intro para), and 2870(A)(4); adds R.S. 22:1856.1(H) and 1860.3(E) and (F) and R.S. 40:2870(A)(21); repeals R.S. 22:1865.1(D)(1)(c) and 1867(B) and R.S. 40:2869)