2021 Regular Session

HOUSE BILL NO. 181

BY REPRESENTATIVE DUSTIN MILLER

Prefiled pursuant to Article III, Section 2(A)(4)(b)(i) of the Constitution of Louisiana.

NURSES/REGISTERED: Provides relative to admitting privileges for psychiatric mental health nurse practitioners

1	AN ACT		
2	To amend and reenact R.S. 28:51.1(A)(3)(introductory paragraph), 52(B), (E), and (G)(1),		
3	52.2(A), 52.3(B), and 53(L)(2) and (P)(1)(b), relative to psychiatric mental health		
4	practitioners; to provide that psychiatric mental health nurse practitioners shall be		
5	allowed to prepare and execute orders for the admission of patients to licensed		
6	psychiatric hospitals; and to provide for related matters.		
7	Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:		
8	Section 1. R.S. 28:51.1(A)(3)(introductory paragraph), 52(B), (E), and (G)(1),		
9	52.2(A), 52.3(B), and 53(L)(2) and (P)(1)(b) are hereby amended and reenacted to read as		
10	follows:		
11	§51.1. Treatment facility; staff membership and institutional privileges; certain		
12	healthcare providers		
13	А.		
14	* * *		
15	(3) Staff membership, specifically delineated institutional privileges, which		
16	may include the ability to prepare and execute orders for the admission of patients		
17	to a treatment facility, or both, granted to a psychiatric mental health nurse		
18	practitioner shall be conditioned upon all of the following requirements:		
19	* * *		

Page 1 of 5

CODING: Words in struck through type are deletions from existing law; words <u>underscored</u> are additions.

1	§52. Voluntary admissions; general provisions
2	* * *
3	B. Admitting physicians and psychiatric mental health nurse practitioners are
4	encouraged to admit persons who have a mental illness or persons suffering from a
5	substance-related or addictive disorder to treatment facilities on voluntary admission
6	status whenever medically feasible.
7	* * *
8	E. Each person admitted on a voluntary basis shall be informed of any other
9	medically appropriate alternative treatment programs and treatment facilities known
10	to the admitting physician or psychiatric mental health nurse practitioner and be
11	given an opportunity to seek admission to alternative treatment programs or
12	facilities.
13	* * *
14	G.(1) No admission may be deemed voluntary unless the admitting physician
15	or psychiatric mental health nurse practitioner determines that the person to be
16	admitted has the capacity to make a knowing and voluntary consent to the admission.
17	* * *
18	§52.2. Formal voluntary admission
19	A. Any person who has a mental illness or person who is suffering from a
20	substance-related or addictive disorder desiring admission to a treatment facility for
21	diagnosis or treatment of a psychiatric disorder or a substance-related or addictive
22	disorder and who is deemed suitable for formal voluntary admission by the admitting
23	physician or psychiatric mental health nurse practitioner may be so admitted upon
24	his written request.
25	* * *
26	§52.3. Noncontested admission
27	* * *
28	B. A noncontested admission may be made by a physician or psychiatric
29	mental health nurse practitioner to a treatment facility in order to initiate a complete

1	diagnostic and evaluative study. The diagnosis and evaluation shall include		
2	complete medical, social, and psychological studies and, when medically indicated,		
3	any other scientific study which may be necessary in order to make decisions relative		
4	to the treatment needs of the patient. In the absence of specified medical reasons, the		
5	diagnostic studies shall be completed in fourteen days. Alternative community-		
6	based services shall be thoroughly considered.		
7	* * *		
8	§53. Admission by emergency certificate; extension; payment for services rendered		
9	* * *		
10	L.		
11	* * *		
12	(2) Upon arrival at the treatment facility, the escorting peace officer shall		
13	then be relieved of any further responsibility and the person shall be immediately		
14	examined by a physician, preferably a psychiatrist, or a psychiatric mental health		
15	nurse practitioner who shall determine if the person shall be voluntarily admitted,		
16	admitted by emergency certificate, or discharged.		
17			
17	* * *		
17	P.(1) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no claim for		
18	P.(1) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no claim for		
18 19	P.(1) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no claim for payment for inpatient behavioral health services provided to a person while admitted		
18 19 20	P.(1) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no claim for payment for inpatient behavioral health services provided to a person while admitted and detained in a facility that provides mental health services under an emergency		
18 19 20 21	P.(1) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no claim for payment for inpatient behavioral health services provided to a person while admitted and detained in a facility that provides mental health services under an emergency certificate, issued in accordance with the provisions of this Section, shall be denied		
18 19 20 21 22	P.(1) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no claim for payment for inpatient behavioral health services provided to a person while admitted and detained in a facility that provides mental health services under an emergency certificate, issued in accordance with the provisions of this Section, shall be denied by Medicaid, an entity contracted with the state for the provision of Medicaid		
18 19 20 21 22 23	P.(1) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no claim for payment for inpatient behavioral health services provided to a person while admitted and detained in a facility that provides mental health services under an emergency certificate, issued in accordance with the provisions of this Section, shall be denied by Medicaid, an entity contracted with the state for the provision of Medicaid services, or any hospital, health, or medical expense insurance policy, hospital or		
 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 	P.(1) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no claim for payment for inpatient behavioral health services provided to a person while admitted and detained in a facility that provides mental health services under an emergency certificate, issued in accordance with the provisions of this Section, shall be denied by Medicaid, an entity contracted with the state for the provision of Medicaid services, or any hospital, health, or medical expense insurance policy, hospital or medical service contract, employee welfare benefit plan, contract or other agreement		
 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	P.(1) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no claim for payment for inpatient behavioral health services provided to a person while admitted and detained in a facility that provides mental health services under an emergency certificate, issued in accordance with the provisions of this Section, shall be denied by Medicaid, an entity contracted with the state for the provision of Medicaid services, or any hospital, health, or medical expense insurance policy, hospital or medical service contract, employee welfare benefit plan, contract or other agreement with a health maintenance organization or a preferred provider organization, health		
 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	P.(1) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no claim for payment for inpatient behavioral health services provided to a person while admitted and detained in a facility that provides mental health services under an emergency certificate, issued in accordance with the provisions of this Section, shall be denied by Medicaid, an entity contracted with the state for the provision of Medicaid services, or any hospital, health, or medical expense insurance policy, hospital or medical service contract, employee welfare benefit plan, contract or other agreement with a health maintenance organization or a preferred provider organization, health and accident insurance policy, or any other insurance contract of this type in this		
 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 	P.(1) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no claim for payment for inpatient behavioral health services provided to a person while admitted and detained in a facility that provides mental health services under an emergency certificate, issued in accordance with the provisions of this Section, shall be denied by Medicaid, an entity contracted with the state for the provision of Medicaid services, or any hospital, health, or medical expense insurance policy, hospital or medical service contract, employee welfare benefit plan, contract or other agreement with a health maintenance organization or a preferred provider organization, health and accident insurance policy, or any other insurance contract of this type in this state, including a group insurance plan, a self-insurance plan, and the Office of		

30 *

Page 3 of 5

*

*

CODING: Words in struck through type are deletions from existing law; words <u>underscored</u> are additions.

1	(b) The admitting physician or psychiatric mental health nurse practitioner
2	and the evaluating psychiatrist or medical psychologist shall offer the subject of the
3	emergency certificate the opportunity for voluntary admission pursuant to R.S.
4	28:53.
5	* * *

DIGEST

The digest printed below was prepared by House Legislative Services. It constitutes no part of the legislative instrument. The keyword, one-liner, abstract, and digest do not constitute part of the law or proof or indicia of legislative intent. [R.S. 1:13(B) and 24:177(E)]

HB 181 Engrossed	2021 Regular Session	Dustin Miller
U	6	

Abstract: Provides admitting privileges to psychiatric mental health nurse practitioners for preparing and executing orders for the admission of patients to licensed psychiatric treatment facilities.

<u>Present law</u> provides that the governing body of a treatment facility may grant staff membership, specifically delineated institutional privileges, or both, to a psychiatric mental health nurse practitioner conditioned upon the nurse practitioner meeting certain requirements pursuant to <u>present law</u>.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and adds that specifically delineated privileges may include the ability to prepare and execute orders for the admission of a patient to a treatment facility.

<u>Present law</u> provides that any person who has a mental illness or person who is suffering from a substance-related or addictive disorder may apply for voluntary admissions to a treatment facility. Further provides that admitting physicians are to admit persons suffering from a substance-related or addictive disorder to treatment facilities.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and adds that psychiatric mental health nurse practitioners may admit persons with mental illness or suffering from a substance-related or addictive disorder pursuant to <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides that each patient admitted on a voluntary basis shall be informed of any other medically appropriate alternative treatment programs and facilities known to the admitting physician to seek admission to such programs or facilities.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and adds that a psychiatric mental health nurse practitioner may also inform the patient of any treatment programs or facilities.

<u>Present law</u> provides that no admission by a patient shall be deemed voluntary unless the admitting physician determines the patient has the capacity to make such admission.

<u>Proposed law retains present law</u> and adds that a psychiatric mental health nurse practitioner shall also be able to determine if an admission by a patient is deemed voluntary based upon the patients capacity to make such admission.

<u>Present law</u> provides that upon the arrival of a patient to a treatment facility, the person shall be immediately examined by a physician, preferably a psychiatrist, who will determine if the person shall be voluntarily admitted, admitted by emergency certificate, or discharged.

Page 4 of 5

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and adds that a psychiatric mental health nurse practitioner may also examine the person and determine if he shall be voluntarily admitted pursuant to <u>present law</u>.

(Amends R.S. 28:51.1(A)(3)(intro. para.), 52(B), (E), and (G)(1), 52.2(A), 52.3(B), and 53(L)(2) and (P)(1)(b))

Summary of Amendments Adopted by House

The Committee Amendments Proposed by <u>House Committee on Health and Welfare</u> to the <u>original</u> bill:

1. Deletes <u>proposed law</u> revising a definition of "advanced practice registered nursing" in <u>present law</u>.