2021 Regular Session

HOUSE BILL NO. 400

1

BY REPRESENTATIVE COUSSAN

2	To amend and reenact Civil Code Article 811 and Code of Civil Procedure Articles 4607,
3	4622, 4624, and 4625, relative to property; to provide for partitions by private sale;
4	to provide relative to absentee or non-consenting co-owners; to provide for petition
5	requirements; to provide for sale requirements; to provide for an effective date; and
6	to provide for related matters.
7	Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:
8	Section 1. Civil Code Article 811 is hereby amended and reenacted to read as
9	follows:
10	Art. 811. Partition by licitation or by private sale
11	A. When the thing held in indivision is not susceptible to partition in kind,
12	the court shall decree a partition by licitation or, as provided in Paragraph B of this
13	Article, by private sale and the proceeds shall be distributed to the co-owners in
14	proportion to their shares.
15	B. In the event that one or more of the co-owners are absentees or have not
16	consented to a partition by private sale, the court may set the terms of the sale and
17	shall order a partition by private sale and shall give first priority to the private sale
18	between the existing co-owners, over the sale by partition by licitation or private sale
19	to third parties. The court shall order the partition by private sale between the
20	existing co-owners as identified in the conveyance records as of the date of filing for
21	the petition for partition by private sale. The petition for partition by private sale

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shall be granted first priority, and the sale shall be executed under Title IX of Book

VII of the Code of Civil Procedure.

Section 2. Code of Civil Procedure Articles 4607, 4622, 4624, and 4625 are hereby amended and reenacted to read as follows:

Art. 4607. Partition by licitation or by private sale

When a partition is to be made by licitation, the sale shall be conducted at public auction and after the advertisements required for judicial sales under execution. When a partition is to be made at private sale without the consent of all co-owners, the sale shall be for not less than two-thirds of the appraised value of the property, and documents required pursuant to a court order shall be made executed on behalf of the absentee or non-consenting co-owner by a court-appointed representative, who may be a co-owner, after the advertisements required for judicial sales under execution are made. All counsel of record, including curators appointed to represent absentee defendants, and persons appearing in proper person shall be given notice of the sale date. At any time prior to the sale, the parties may agree upon a nonjudicial partition.

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Art. 4622. Petition

<u>A.</u> The petition for the partition of property in which an absentee owns an interest, under the articles of this Chapter, shall allege the facts showing that the absent and unrepresented defendant is an absentee, as defined in Article 5251, shall describe the property sought to be partitioned and allege the ownership interests thereof, and shall be supported by an affidavit of the petitioner or of his counsel that the facts alleged in the petition are true.

<u>B.(1)</u> If the partition is to be made by private sale, the petition <u>for partition</u> <u>between the co-owners shall have first priority status by the court and shall describe include all of the following:</u>

- (a) the The primary terms of the proposed sale,
- (b) The name of the proposed purchaser and whether the proposed purchaser is a co-owner or third party in accordance with Civil Code Article 811(B). identify

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the proposed purchaser, if any, disclose whether the proposed purchaser is related to any co-owner,

- (c) The source or location of funds to be used in the sale.
- (d) If the proposed purchaser is a juridical entity, including but not limited to corporations, limited liability companies, partnerships, and sole proprietorships, and whether that entity has a relationship with any co-owner. and disclose to the petitioning co-owners
- (e) whether Whether any costs associated with the sale will be paid to any person related to the petitioning co-owners within the fourth degree or a juridical entity in which the co-owner has a direct or indirect financial interest.
- (2) Upon judgment of the court ordering the sale, payment shall be made within twenty-four hours using cash or certified funds.

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Art. 4624. Publication of notice

Notice of the institution of the proceeding shall be published at least once in the parish where the partition proceeding is instituted, in the manner provided by law. This notice shall set forth the title and docket number of the proceeding, the name and address of the court, a description of the property sought to be partitioned, and the <u>primary</u> terms of the private sale and shall notify the absent defendant that the plaintiff is seeking to have the property partitioned by licitation or by private sale <u>under Civil Code Article 811 and Chapters 1 and 2 of this Title</u>, and that the absent defendant has fifteen days from the date of the publication of notice, or of the initial publication of notice if there is more than one publication, to answer the plaintiff's petition.

Art. 4625. Trial; judgment ordering sale

A. Except as otherwise provided in Article 4630, if the petitioner proves on the trial of the proceeding that he is a co-owner of the property and entitled to the partition thereof and that the defendant is an absentee who owns an interest therein, the court shall render judgment ordering either the public sale of the property for cash by the sheriff to effect a partition, after the advertisement required by law for

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1	a sale under execution or the private sale of the property for eash by the court-
2	appointed representative to effect a partition, executed on behalf of the absentee or
3	non-consenting co-owner by a court-appointed representative, who may be a co-
4	owner, under Chapters 1 and 2 of this Title, and after the advertisement required by
5	law for a sale under execution.
6	B. The judgment shall determine the absentee's share in the proceeds of the
7	sale, and award a reasonable fee to the attorney appointed to represent him to be paid
8	from the absentee's share of the proceeds of the sale.
9	Section 3. This Act shall become effective upon signature by the governor or, if not
10	signed by the governor, upon expiration of the time for bills to become law without signature
11	by the governor, as provided by Article III, Section 18 of the Constitution of Louisiana. If
12	vetoed by the governor and subsequently approved by the legislature, this Act shall become
13	effective on the day following such approval.
	SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
	PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE
	GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF LOUISIANA

APPROVED: