DIGEST

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HB 181 Reengrossed

2021 Regular Session

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Abstract: Provides admitting privileges to psychiatric mental health nurse practitioners for preparing and executing orders for the admission of patients to licensed psychiatric treatment facilities.

<u>Present law</u> provides that the governing body of a treatment facility may grant staff membership, specifically delineated institutional privileges, or both, to a psychiatric mental health nurse practitioner conditioned upon the nurse practitioner meeting certain requirements pursuant to <u>present</u> law.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and adds that specifically delineated privileges may include the ability to prepare and execute orders for the admission of a patient to a treatment facility.

<u>Present law</u> provides that any person who has a mental illness or person who is suffering from a substance-related or addictive disorder may apply for voluntary admissions to a treatment facility. Further provides that admitting physicians are to admit persons suffering from a substance-related or addictive disorder to treatment facilities.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and adds that psychiatric mental health nurse practitioners may admit persons with mental illness or suffering from a substance-related or addictive disorder pursuant to present law.

<u>Present law</u> provides that each patient admitted on a voluntary basis shall be informed of any other medically appropriate alternative treatment programs and facilities known to the admitting physician to seek admission to such programs or facilities.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and adds that a psychiatric mental health nurse practitioner may also inform the patient of any treatment programs or facilities.

<u>Present law</u> provides that no admission by a patient shall be deemed voluntary unless the admitting physician determines the patient has the capacity to make such admission.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and adds that a psychiatric mental health nurse practitioner shall also be able to determine if an admission by a patient is deemed voluntary based upon the patients capacity to make such admission.

Present law provides that upon the arrival of a patient to a treatment facility, the person shall be

immediately examined by a physician, preferably a psychiatrist, who will determine if the person shall be voluntarily admitted, admitted by emergency certificate, or discharged.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and adds that a psychiatric mental health nurse practitioner may also examine the person and determine if he shall be voluntarily admitted pursuant to present law.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that if a peace officer transports a person to a treatment facility and no emergency certificate for that person has been issued in accordance with the provisions of this Section, then only a psychiatrist may admit the person to the facility.

(Amends R.S. 28:51.1(A)(3) (intro. para.), 52(B), (E), and (G)(1), 52.2(A), 52.3(B), and 53(L)(2) and (P)(1)(b))

Summary of Amendments Adopted by House

The Committee Amendments Proposed by <u>House Committee on Health and Welfare</u> to the original bill:

1. Deletes <u>proposed law</u> revising a definition of "advanced practice registered nursing" in present law.

The House Floor Amendments to the engrossed bill:

- 1. Provide that if a peace officer transports a person to a treatment facility and no emergency certificate for that person has been issued in accordance with the provisions of <u>present law</u>, then only a psychiatrist may admit the person to the facility.
- 2. Make technical changes.