2021 Regular Session

1

HOUSE BILL NO. 705 (Substitute for House Bill No. 151 by Representative Riser)

BY REPRESENTATIVE RISER AND SENATORS ALLAIN, BARROW, BOUDREAUX, BOUIE, CONNICK, FIELDS, HEWITT, JACKSON, LUNEAU, PRICE, SMITH, TARVER, AND WARD

AN ACT

2 To amend and reenact R.S. 23:1711(G)(1) and to enact R.S. 23:1711.1, relative to 3 unemployment compensation; to provide for the classification of employees; to 4 increase the administrative penalties for the misclassification of employees; to 5 provide relative to the failure to pay contributions; to provide criteria for classifying 6 employees as independent contractors; to provide for applicability; and to provide 7 for related matters. 8 Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana: 9 Section 1. R.S. 23:1711(G)(1) is hereby amended and reenacted and R.S. 23:1711.1 10 is hereby enacted to read as follows: 11 §1711. False statements or representations; failure to file reports or maintain 12 records; duties of officers and agents; presumptive proof; penalties 13 14 G. Misclassification of employees as independent contractors. 15 (1)(a) Written warning. If the administrator determines, after investigation, 16 that an employer, or any officer, agent, superintendent, foreman, or employee of the 17 employer, failed to properly classify an individual as an employee in accordance 18 with this Chapter, and failed to pay contributions required by this Chapter, but the 19 failure was not knowing or willful, the employer shall be issued a written warning 20 as evidence that the employer has been cited for a first offense of misclassification.

Such warning shall constitute a determination that any workers identified therein are employees, and all resulting contributions, interest and penalties shall be due, and shall be appealable as provided in this Section. However, no administrative penalties shall be due.

- (b) Administrative penalties. If the administrator determines, after investigation, that an employer, or any officer, agent, superintendent, foreman, or employee of the employer, after June 30, 2013, and subsequent to the issuance of a written warning, failed to properly classify an individual as an employee and failed to pay contributions in accordance with this Chapter, then, in addition to any contributions, interest, and penalties otherwise due, the administrator may assess an administrative penalty of not more than two hundred fifty five hundred dollars per each such individual. If the employer becomes compliant within sixty days of the citation, the penalty shall be waived for the first offense.
- (b) After the first offense, the administrator shall assess an administrative penalty of one thousand dollars per individual misclassified.
- (c) Thereafter, any such failure by an employer to properly classify an individual as an employee and pay contributions due shall be subject to an administrative penalty of not more than five hundred two thousand five hundred dollars per each such individual. In determining the amount of the administrative penalty imposed, the administrator shall consider factors including previous violations by the employer, the seriousness of the violation, the good faith of the employer, and the size of the employer's business.
- (c) If, after an employer has been issued a written warning and is subsequently found, on two or more separate occasions, to have failed to properly classify an individual as an employee, the employer may also be subject to an additional fine of not less than one hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars, or imprisoned for not less than thirty days nor more than ninety days, or

both. For the purpose of this Subsection, each employee so misclassified shall constitute a separate offense.

(d) No such determination shall be final or effective, and no resulting administrative penalty shall be assessed, unless the administrator first provides the employer with written notification by certified mail of the determination, including the amount of the proposed contributions, interest, and penalties determined to be due and of the opportunity to request a fair hearing, of which a record shall be made within thirty days of the mailing of such notice. The hearing request may be made by mail, as evidenced by the official postmarked date, or by otherwise timely delivering such appeal. If the employer does not request a hearing within the thirty-day period the determination shall become final and effective, and the contributions, interest, and penalties due shall be assessed.

(e) All administrative penalties assessed pursuant to this Section shall be deposited into the state's unemployment trust fund.

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§1711.1. Independent contractor; rebuttable presumption

- A.(1) Notwithstanding any provision of this Chapter to the contrary, there shall be a rebuttable presumption of an independent contractor relationship with the contracting party for whom the independent contractor performs work, if an individual or entity controls the performance, methods, or processes used to perform services and meets at least six of the following criteria:
- (a) The individual or entity operates an independent business that provides services for or in connection with the contracting party.
- (b) The individual or entity represents the provided services as selfemployment available to others, including through the use of a platform application to obtain work opportunities or as a lead generation service.
- (c) The individual or entity accepts responsibility for all tax liability associated with payments received from or through the contracting party.

1	(d) The individual or entity is responsible for obtaining and maintaining any
2	required registration, licenses, or other authorization necessary for the legal
3	performance of the services rendered by him as the contractor.
4	(e) The individual or entity is not insured under the contracting party's health
5	insurance or workers' compensation insurance coverage and is not covered for
6	unemployment insurance benefits.
7	(f) The individual or entity has the right to accept or decline requests for
8	services by or through the contracting party and is able to perform services for or
9	through other parties or can accept work from and perform work for other businesses
10	and individuals besides the contracting party even if the individual voluntarily
11	chooses not to exercise this right or is temporarily restricted from doing so.
12	(g) The contracting party has the right to impose quality standards or a
13	deadline for completion of services performed, or both, but the individual or entity
14	determines the days worked and the time periods of work.
15	(h) The individual or entity furnishes the major tools or items of equipment
16	needed to perform the work.
17	(i) The individual or entity is paid a fixed or contract rate for the work
18	performed and the contracting party does not pay the individual or entity a salary or
19	wages based on an hourly rate.
20	(j) The individual or entity is responsible for the majority of expenses
21	incurred in performing the services, unless the expenses are reimbursed under an
22	express provision of a written contract between the parties or the expenses
23	reimbursed are commonly reimbursed under industry practice.
24	(k) The individual or entity can use assistants as deemed proper for the
25	performance of the work and is directly responsible for supervision and
26	compensation.
27	(2) Any contracting party or independent contractor may rely on the
28	provisions of this Section for the purpose of establishing an employment or
29	independent contractor relationship.

1	B. The provisions of this Section shall not apply to any of the following:
2	(1) A motor carrier who pursuant to a contract with an owner operator as
3	defined in R.S. 23:1021(10) undertakes the performance of services as a motor
4	carrier.
5	(2) Any service excluded from the term "employment" as provided in R.S.
6	<u>23:1472(12)(H).</u>
7	(3) Any service performed in the employ of a state, any political subdivision
8	of the state, or of an Indian tribe, or any instrumentality of the state, any political
9	subdivision of the state, or any Indian tribe, which is wholly owned by one or more
10	states, political subdivisions, or Indian tribes, but only if the service is excluded from
11	employment as defined in the Federal Unemployment Tax Act.
12	(4) Any service performed by an individual in the employ of a religious,
13	charitable, educational, or other organization, but only if the service is excluded from
14	employment as defined in the Federal Unemployment Act.
15	Section 2. The legislature finds and declares the following:
16	(A) It is in the best interests of workers, businesses, and government entities to have
17	clear and certain criteria in identifying an independent contractor relationship as compared
18	to an employment relationship.
19	(B) These criteria will reduce unnecessary and costly litigation, as well as confusion
20	in the workforce industry, amongst agencies, and within the court systems.
21	(C) To this end, this Act is to ensure that employees will be properly classified as
22	such and afforded the legal protections and obligations that apply to that status while
23	workers who desire to be independent contractors know the criteria for that designation.
24	Section 3. The provisions of this Act shall not apply to any person or organization
25	licensed by the Department of Insurance, any securities broker-dealer, or any investment
26	adviser or their agents and representatives who are registered with the Securities and
27	Exchange Commission, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, or licensed by the state
28	of Louisiana.

1		Section 4.	This Act shall be known and may be cited as "The Ernest C. Stephens
2	Act".		
			SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
			PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE
			GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF LOUISIANA
	APPR	OVED:	

ENROLLED

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