## **DIGEST**

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HB 233 Original

2022 Regular Session

Edmonston

**Abstract:** Provides for regulations regarding the licensure of applicants with certain felony convictions under the Life Safety and Property Licensing Act.

<u>Present law provides that an applicant for property protection licensure with a felony conviction, plea of guilty or nolo contendere, or first-time offender pardon is ineligible for licensure.</u>

<u>Present law</u> further provides that <u>present law</u> does not apply to a conviction dismissed pursuant to certain <u>present law</u> provisions (C.Cr.P. Art. 893), unless the felony is a felony crime of violence enumerated in <u>present law</u> (R.S. 14:2(B)); a sex offense as defined in <u>present law</u> (R.S. 15:541(24)(a)), except certain <u>present law</u> sex offenses (R.S. 14:92(A)(7) and 14:80); or a felony crime against property enumerated in <u>present law</u> (R.S. 14:51-62.8).

<u>Proposed law</u> repeals <u>present law</u> as it relates to a conviction for a felony crime of violence and a felony crime against property.

<u>Present law</u> provides that an applicant will not be automatically disqualified as required by <u>present law</u> if 10 or more years have elapsed since the successful completion or service of any sentence, deferred adjudication, or period of probation or parole.

<u>Present law</u> also provides that, regardless of how much time has elapsed, an applicant is ineligible for licensure if convicted of a felony crime of violence enumerated in <u>present law</u> (R.S. 14:2(B)); a sex offense as defined in <u>present law</u> (R.S. 15:541(24)(a)), with the exception of certain <u>present law</u> sex offenses (R.S. 14:92(A)(7) and 14:80); or a felony crime against property enumerated in <u>present law</u> (R.S. 14:51-62.8).

<u>Proposed law</u> amends <u>present law</u> as it relates to the ineligibility of an applicant convicted of a felony crime of violence and a felony crime against property to provide that an applicant will not be automatically disqualified as required by <u>present law</u> if 15 or more years have elapsed since the successful completion or service of any sentence, deferred adjudication, or period of probation or parole.

(Amends R.S. 40:1664.8(C), (D), and (E))