## DIGEST

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HB 483 Original	2022 Regular Session	Travis Johnson
11D 405 Oliginal	2022 Regular Session	Travis Johnson

Abstract: Changes the amount of time required to lapse before a person with a felony conviction is allowed to possess a concealed weapon or apply for a concealed handgun permit from 10 years to five years.

<u>Present law</u> prohibits persons convicted of certain felony offenses from possessing firearms or carrying concealed weapons.

<u>Present law</u> further provides an exception to the prohibition of possessing a firearm for any person who has not been convicted of any felony for a period of 10 years from the date of completion of sentence, probation, parole, or suspension of sentence.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and changes the time period <u>from</u> 10 years to five years with regard to the time elapsed since the person's probation, parole, or suspended sentence.

<u>Present law</u> provides that a person is ineligible for a concealed handgun permit if he has been convicted of a felony offense even if the conviction has been expunged.

<u>Present law</u> further provides that to qualify for a concealed handgun permit, a La. resident shall not have been convicted of, have entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to, or not be charged under indictment or a bill of information for any crime of violence or any crime punishable by imprisonment for a term of one year or greater.

<u>Present law</u> provides that a person who has obtained an expungement for a felony conviction shall not be considered ineligible to obtain a concealed handgun permit if:

- (1) The person's felony conviction was not for a crime of violence and 10 years have elapsed since the completion of the person's probation, parole, or suspended sentence.
- (2) The person has been pardoned by the governor and the pardon does not expressly prohibit the person from shipping, transporting, possessing, or receiving firearms.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and changes the time period <u>from</u> 10 years to five years with regard to the time elapsed since the completion of the person's probation, parole, or suspended sentence.

(Amends R.S. 14:95.1(C) and R.S. 40:1379.3(C)(6) and (10))