

2022 Regular Session

HOUSE BILL NO. 856

BY REPRESENTATIVE GEYMANN

INSURANCE/PROPERTY: Provides for an appraisal clause in residential property insurance policies

1 AN ACT

2 To amend and reenact R.S. 22:1892(G), relative to the appraisal clause required in all
3 residential property insurance policies; to provide notice that lawsuits regarding a
4 policy will not be held in abatement during the appraisal process; to provide for the
5 courts' discretion in setting a deadline for timely demanding appraisal or completion
6 of an appraisal; to provide for effectiveness; and to provide for related matters.

7 Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:

8 Section 1. R.S. 22:1892(G) is hereby amended and reenacted to read as follows:

9 §1892. Payment and adjustment of claims, policies other than life and health and
10 accident; vehicle damage claims; extension of time to respond to claims
11 during emergency or disaster; penalties; arson-related claims suspension

12 * * *

13 G. ~~On or after January 1, 2022~~ Beginning July 1, 2022, residential property
14 insurance policies shall contain the following provision, (with permission to
15 substitute the words "this company" with a more accurate descriptive term for the
16 insurer):

17 "Appraisal. If you and this Company fail to agree as to the amount of loss,
18 either party may demand that the amount of the loss be set by appraisal. If either
19 party makes a written demand for appraisal, each party shall select a competent
20 appraiser and notify the other party of their appraiser's identity within twenty days

1 of receipt of the written demand for appraisal. The appraisers shall select a
 2 competent and impartial umpire; but, if after fifteen days the appraisers have not
 3 agreed upon who will serve as umpire, the umpire shall be appointed by a judge of
 4 the court of record in which the property is located. The appraisers shall then
 5 appraise the loss. If the appraisers submit written notice of an agreement as to the
 6 amount of the loss to this Company, the amount agreed upon shall set the amount of
 7 the loss. If the appraisers fail to agree within thirty days, the appraisers shall submit
 8 their differences along with any supporting documentation to the umpire, who shall
 9 appraise the loss. The appraisers may extend the time to sixty days for which they
 10 must agree upon the amount of loss or submit their differences and supporting
 11 documents to the umpire, if the extension is agreed to by the appraisers from both
 12 parties. A written agreement signed by the umpire and either party's appraiser shall
 13 set the amount of the loss, pursuant to the appraisal process, but shall not preclude
 14 either party from exercising its rights under the policy or the law. Each appraiser
 15 shall be paid by the party selecting that appraiser. Other expenses of the appraisal
 16 and the expenses of the umpire shall be divided and paid in equal shares by you and
 17 this Company. If there is an appraisal award, all applicable policy terms, limits,
 18 deductibles, and conditions will still apply. If you file a lawsuit relative to this
 19 policy against this Company prior to a demand for appraisal, the lawsuit will not be
 20 held in abatement ~~until~~ pending the execution of an appraisal award, and the court
 21 of record in which the property is located may set a deadline for timely demanding
 22 appraisal or completion of an appraisal."

23 Section 2. This Act shall become effective July 1, 2022.

DIGEST

The digest printed below was prepared by House Legislative Services. It constitutes no part of the legislative instrument. The keyword, one-liner, abstract, and digest do not constitute part of the law or proof or indicia of legislative intent. [R.S. 1:13(B) and 24:177(E)]

HB 856 Original

2022 Regular Session

Geymann

Abstract: Provides for an appraisal clause in residential property insurance policies.

Present law provides that beginning Jan. 1, 2022, residential property insurance policies shall contain a provision that outlines a process whereby the amount of a loss may be set through appraisal, if an insurer and insured do not agree on the amount of the loss and the insurer or insured makes a demand for such.

Present law provides that the appraisal provision shall provide that if an insured files a lawsuit against an insurer, relative to a residential property insurance policy, prior to a demand for appraisal, the lawsuit will be held in abatement until the execution of an appraisal award.

Proposed law changes the date that the appraisal provision shall begin to be included in residential property insurance policies from Jan. 1, 2022 to July 1, 2022.

Proposed law provides that the appraisal provision shall provide that if an insured files a lawsuit against an insurer, relative to a residential property insurance policy, prior to a demand for appraisal, the lawsuit will not be held in abatement pending the execution of an appraisal award, and the court of record in which the property is located may set a deadline for timely demanding appraisal or completion of the appraisal.

Effective July 1, 2022.

(Amends R.S. 22:1892(G))