DIGEST

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HB 102 Reengrossed

2022 Regular Session

Muscarello

Abstract: Provides relative to the time period for parole rehearings for certain prisoners.

<u>Present law</u> requires parole hearings to be conducted in a formal manner and in accordance with the rules formulated by the committee on parole and with provisions of <u>present law</u>. Further requires prisoners to appear before and be interviewed by the committee on parole before parole is considered.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that the committee on parole shall not consider a parole rehearing of any prisoner who is serving a sentence for any of the following offenses until at least four years after the denial of parole:

- (1) Any crime of violence or sex offense, for which the prisoner is serving a life sentence and for which the prisoner is eligible for parole.
- (2) Any crime that is both a crime of violence and a sex offense, for which the prisoner is serving a fixed term of years and for which the prisoner is eligible for parole.
- (3) Manslaughter, for which the prisoner is eligible for parole.

Effective Aug. 1, 2024.

(Amends R.S. 15:574.4.1(A)(1))

Summary of Amendments Adopted by House

The Committee Amendments Proposed by <u>House Committee on Administration of Criminal</u> Justice to the original bill:

1. Provide that the committee on parole shall not consider a parole rehearing of any prisoner serving a sentence for the following offenses until at least four years after the denial of

parole:

- (a) Any crime of violence or sex offense, for which the prisoner is serving a life sentence and for which the prisoner is eligible for parole.
- (b) Any crime that is both a crime of violence and a sex offense, for which the prisoner is serving a fixed term of years and for which the prisoner is eligible for parole.
- (c) Manslaughter, for which the prisoner is eligible for parole.

The House Floor Amendments to the engrossed bill:

1. Provide that proposed law shall become effective Aug. 1, 2024.