SLS 22RS-1128

ENGROSSED

2022 Regular Session

SENATE BILL NO. 483

BY SENATOR CATHEY

FEES/LICENSES/PERMITS. Provides relative to occupational licenses. (gov sig)

1	AN ACT	
2	To enact Chapter 1-E of Title 37 of the Louisiana Revised Statues of 1950, to be comprised	
3	of R.S. 37:51 through 59, relative to occupational licenses; to provide for licensure;	
4	to provide for certain criteria; to provide for an appeals process; to provide for a	
5	rulemaking process; to provide for exceptions; to provide for definitions; and to	
6	provide for related matters.	
7	Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:	
8	Section 1. Chapter 1-E of Title 37 of the Louisiana Revised Statues of 1950,	
9	comprised of R.S. 37:51 through 59, is hereby is to read as follows:	
10	CHAPTER 58-A. PROFESSIONAL OR OCCUPATIONAL LICENSING	
11	§51. Definitions	
12	A. As used in this Chapter, the following terms shall have the following	
13	meaning:	
14	(1) "Lawful occupation" means a course of conduct, pursuit, or	
15	profession that includes the sale of goods or services that are not illegal to sell	
16	regardless of whether the individual selling the goods or services is subject to	
17	an occupational license.	

Page 1 of 8 Coding: Words which are struck through are deletions from existing law; words in **boldface type and underscored** are additions.

1	(2) "Military" means the United States Armed Forces, including the Air
2	Force, Army, Coast Guard, Marine Corps, Navy, Space Force, National Guard,
3	and all reserve components and auxiliaries. "Military" shall also include the
4	military reserves and militia of any United States territory or state.
5	(3) "Occupational license" is a nontransferable authorization in law for
6	an individual to perform exclusively a lawful occupation based on meeting
7	personal qualifications, including a military occupational specialty. In an
8	occupation for which a license is required, it is illegal for an individual who does
9	not possess a valid occupational license to perform the occupation.
10	(4) "Other state" or "another state" means any United States territory
11	or state in the United States other than this state. It also means any branch or
12	unit of the military.
13	(5) "Person" means a natural person who is a legal resident of the state.
14	For the purposes of this Chapter, proof of residency shall be indicated by either
15	a valid Louisiana voter registration card or a valid Louisiana driver's license or
16	identification card.
17	(6) "Private certification" is a voluntary program in which a private
18	organization grants nontransferable recognition to an individual who meets
19	personal qualifications and standards relevant to performing the occupation as
20	determined by the private organization. The individual may use the designated
21	title of "certified," as permitted by the private organization.
22	(7) "Professional or occupational licensing board" means any state
23	agency, board, commission, department, or substantially similar entity involved
24	in the licensing, certification, or registration of any regulated profession or
25	occupation within this state.
26	(8) "Scope of practice" means the procedures, actions, processes, and
27	work that a person may perform under an occupational license issued in this
28	state.
29	§52. Licensure by another state; recognition

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1	Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, the board shall issue an
2	occupational license to a person upon application, if all of the following apply:
3	(1) The person holds a current and valid occupational license in another
4	state for a lawful occupation with a similar scope of practice, as determined by
5	the professional or occupational licensing board in this state.
6	(2) The person has held the occupational license in the other state for at
7	least one year.
8	(3) The person was required by the other state to pass an examination or
9	to meet education, training, or experience standards.
10	(4) The board in the other state holds the person in good standing.
11	(5) The person does not have a disqualifying criminal record under the
12	laws of this state as determined by the professional or occupational licensing
13	board.
14	(6) No board in another state has revoked the person's occupational
15	license because of negligence or intentional misconduct related to the person's
16	work in the occupation.
17	(7) The person did not surrender his occupational license because of
18	negligence or intentional misconduct related to his work in the occupation in
19	another state.
20	(8) The person does not have a complaint, allegation, or investigation
21	pending before a board in another state which relates to unprofessional conduct
22	or an alleged crime. The professional or occupational licensing board may
23	require, when applicable, the applicant to furnish a signed affidavit or notarized
24	letter from the other state board or certifying agency of the relevant jurisdiction
25	confirming the applicant is in good standing.
26	(9) The person pays all applicable fees in this state, including any board
27	required background checks.
28	§53. Licensure based on work experience
29	Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, the professional or

1	occupational licensing board shall issue an occupational license to a person	
2	based on work experience in another state, if all of the following apply:	
3	(1) The person worked in a state that does not use an occupational license	
4	to regulate a lawful occupation, but this state requires the issuance of an	
5	occupational license to engage in a lawful occupation with a similar scope of	
6	practice, as determined by the professional or occupational licensing board.	
7	(2) The person worked for at least three years in the lawful occupation.	
8	(3) The person meets all the criteria provided in R.S. 37:52.	
9	§54. Private certification	
10	Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, the professional or	
11	occupational licensing board shall issue an occupational license to a person	
12	based on holding a private certification and work experience in another state,	
13	if all the following apply:	
14	(1) The person holds a private certification and worked in a state that	
15	does not use an occupational license to regulate a lawful occupation, but this	
16	state uses an occupational license to regulate a lawful occupation with a similar	
17	scope of practice, as determined by the professional or occupational licensing	
18	board.	
19	(2) The person worked for at least two years in the lawful occupation.	
20	(3) The person holds a current and valid private certification in the	
21	lawful occupation.	
22	(4) The private certification organization holds the person in good	
23	standing.	
24	(5) The person meets all the criteria provided in R.S. 37:52.	
25	§55. State examination	
26	Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, a	
27	professional or occupational licensing board may require a person to pass a	
28	jurisprudential examination specific to relevant state laws that regulate the	
29	occupation if an occupational license in this state requires a person to pass a	

1	jurisprudential examination specific to relevant state statutes and		
2	administrative rules that regulate the occupation.		
3	§56. State laws and jurisdiction; exceptions		
4	A. Any person who obtains an occupational license pursuant to thi		
5	Chapter is subject to the laws regulating the occupation in this state and the		
6	jurisdiction of the professional or occupational licensing board that issued t		
7	occupational license.		
8	B. This Chapter shall not apply to an occupation regulated by the		
9	Louisiana Supreme Court.		
10	§57. Limitations		
11	A. Nothing in this Chapter shall prohibit a person from applying for an		
12	occupational license under another statute or rule in state law.		
13	B. An occupational license issued pursuant to this Chapter is valid only		
14	in this state and possession of an occupational license shall not make the person		
15	eligible to work in another state under an interstate compact or reciprocity		
16	agreement unless otherwise provided in law.		
17	C. Nothing in this Chapter shall prevent the state from entering into a		
18	licensing compact or reciprocity agreement with another state, foreign province,		
19	foreign country, international organization or other entity.		
20	D. Nothing in this Chapter shall prevent the state from recognizing		
21	occupational credentials issued by a private certification organization, foreig		
22	province, foreign country, international organization, or other entity.		
23	E. Nothing in this Chapter shall require a private certification		
24	organization to grant or deny private certification to any individual.		
25	F. The provisions of this Chapter shall not apply to the Louisiana State		
26	Board of Medical Examiners, the State Board of Certified Public Accountants		
27	of Louisiana, the State Board of Architectural Examiners, the Louisiana Real		
28	Estate Commission, the State Board of Veterinary Medicine Examiners, the		
29	Louisiana Professional Engineering and Land Surveying Board, the Louisiana		

1	State Board of Dentistry, and the State Board of Nursing.
2	<u>§58. Preemption</u>
3	This Chapter preempts any law by a local municipality, parish, and any
4	other governing authority in this state that regulates occupational licenses.
5	§59. Decisions and appeals
6	A. The professional or occupational licensing board shall provide the
7	person with a written decision regarding the application within forty-five days
8	after receiving a complete application.
9	B. Each professional or occupational licensing board shall adopt rules in
10	<u>accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act to implement the provisions</u>
10 11	<u>accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act to implement the provisions</u> <u>of this Chapter.</u>
11	of this Chapter.
11 12	of this Chapter. Section 2. This Act shall become effective upon signature by the governor or, if not
11 12 13	of this Chapter. Section 2. This Act shall become effective upon signature by the governor or, if not signed by the governor, upon expiration of the time for bills to become law without signature

The original instrument and the following digest, which constitutes no part of the legislative instrument, were prepared by Xavier I. Alexander.

SB 483 Engrossed	DIGEST 2022 Regular Session	Cathey			
<u>Proposed law</u> defines "lawful occupation", "military", "occupational license", "other state", "person", "private certification", "professional or occupational licensing board", and "scope of practice".					

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that the professional or occupational licensing board (board) shall issue an occupational license if all of the following apply:

- (1) The person holds a current and valid occupational license in another state in a lawful occupation with a similar scope of practice, as determined by the board.
- (2) The person has held the occupational license in the other state for at least one year.
- (3) The board in the other state required the person pass an examination or to meet education, training, or experience standards.
- (4) The board in the other state holds the person in good standing.
- (5) The person does not have a disqualifying criminal record as determined by the board under state law.

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- (6) No board in another state has revoked the person's occupational license because of negligence or intentional misconduct related to the person's work in the occupation.
- (7) The person did not surrender his occupational license because of negligence or intentional misconduct related to his work in the occupation in another state.
- (8) The person does not have a complaint, allegation, or investigation pending before a board in another state which relates to unprofessional conduct or an alleged crime. The professional or occupational licensing board may require, when applicable, the applicant to furnish a signed affidavit or notarized letter from the out of state board or certifying agency of the relevant jurisdiction confirming the applicant is in good standing.
- (9) The person pays all applicable fees in this state including any board required background checks.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that the board shall issue an occupational license to a person based on work experience in another state if all of the following apply:

- (1) The person worked in a state that does not use an occupational license to regulate a lawful occupation, but this state uses an occupational license to regulate a lawful occupation with a similar scope of practice, as determined by the board.
- (2) The person worked for at least three years in the lawful occupation.
- (3) The person satisfies all requirements under proposed law.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that the board shall issue an occupational license to a person based on holding a private certification and work experience in another state if all of the following apply:

- (1) The person holds a private certification and worked in a state that does not use an occupational license to regulate a lawful occupation, but this state uses an occupational license to regulate a lawful occupation with a similar scope of practice, as determined by the board.
- (2) The person worked for at least two years in the lawful occupation.
- (3) The person holds a current and valid private certification in the lawful occupation.
- (4) The private certification organization holds the person in good standing.
- (5) The person satisfies all requirements under proposed law.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that the board may require a person to pass an examination specific to the occupation if the license issued in this state requires an examination.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that a person who obtains an occupational licence is subject to all laws regulating the occupation and jurisdiction of this state.

Proposed law provides for exceptions.

Proposed law provides for the following limitations:

- (1) Nothing in <u>proposed law</u> shall prohibit a person from applying for an occupational license under another statute or rule in state law.
- (2) An occupational license issued pursuant to proposed law is valid only in Louisiana.

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It does not make the person eligible to work in another state under an interstate compact or reciprocity agreement unless otherwise provided in law.

- (3) Nothing in <u>proposed law</u> shall prevent Louisiana from entering into a licensing compact or reciprocity agreement with another state, foreign province, foreign country, international organization, or other entity.
- (4) Nothing in <u>proposed law</u> shall prevent Louisiana from recognizing occupational credentials issued by a private certification organization, foreign province, foreign country, international organization, or other entity.
- (5) Nothing in <u>proposed law</u> shall require a private certification organization to grant or deny private certification to any individual.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that the board will provide the person with a written decision regarding the application within 45 days of receiving a completed application.

<u>Proposed law</u> excludes the Louisiana State Board of Medical Examiners, the State Board of Certified Public Accountants of Louisiana, the State Board of Architectural Examiners, the Louisiana Real Estate Commission, the State Board of Veterinary Medicine Examiners, the Louisiana Professional Engineering and Land Surveying Board, the Louisiana State Board of Dentistry, and the State Board of Nursing.

Effective upon signature of the governor or lapse of time for gubernatorial action.

(Adds R.S. 37:51-59)

Summary of Amendments Adopted by Senate

<u>Committee Amendments Proposed by Senate Committee on Commerce, Consumer</u> <u>Protection, and International Affairs to the original bill</u>

- 1. Makes technical changes.
- 2. Defines "person".
- 3. Removes the definition of government certification from <u>proposed law</u> and makes conforming changes throughout <u>proposed law</u>.
- 4. Provides that the board may require a signed affidavit from an out of state board or agency that confirms the applicant is in good standing in order to receive a license in Louisiana.
- 5. Excludes from <u>proposed law</u> the Louisiana State Board of Medical Examiners, the State Board of Certified Public Accountants of Louisiana, the State Board of Architectural Examiners, the Louisiana Real Estate Commission, the State Board of Veterinary Medicine Examiners, the Louisiana Professional Engineering and Land Surveying Board, the Louisiana State Board of Dentistry, and the State Board of Nursing.